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Albanians Bridging Chasms of Language and Tradition by New Common Loyalties

TIRANA, THE CAPITAL, RISES FROM SQUALOR

Mud Walls and Dark Houses Razed in Metamorphosis Transforming Nation

By R. H. MARKHAM

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

TIRANA, Albania — Tirana, the capital of Albania, strengthens one's faith in the country and in the nation. It is keeping its promises. It has undertaken a huge task and is accomplishing it. Yesterday it was a capital only on paper. Today it is a real capital, an augury of the Albania of the future.

The road from Scutari, to Tirana, 80 miles long, traverses a narrow plain between the Adriatic Sea and the lofty mountains of the interior of the country.

The road is very rough, necessitating extremely slow travel, but this is not an indication of neglect on the part of the Government. On the contrary, this very road, rough as it is, inspires faith in the new State, for it is excellently supplied with very substantial bridges and solid culverts, all of which are absolutely new and the first ever built here.

Road construction in Albania is very difficult, because the country abounds in streams which at times are tiny brooks, again raging torrents, and not rarely capacious lakes. This expansion and contraction of the rivers has made adequate bridge building very expensive.

Built on Solid Foundation

In consequence of this there has never been a continuous land route between Scutari and the rest of the country, but today long, solid cement bridges link north and central Albania both in wet weather and in dry, in seasons of drought and of flood. So the people consider the persistent bumpiness of the road a small defect in comparison with its triumphant conquest of rivers and brooks.

Every white cement culvert seems on omen of the firmness of the foundation of new Albania. They are tangible evidences that the chasms of differing languages, religions, traditions and prejudices which have long divided the Albanians have been surmounted by bridges of common loyalties and common ideals which no torrent will be able to destroy.

And this impression is strengthened as one bounces into Tirana at the end of six jouncing hours. Tirana is the most triumphant city in this part of the world. Sofia, Belgrade, Zagreb, Bucharest, Saloniki and Athens have also grown phenomenally since the war. And they have become very fine cities, immeasurably superior to little Tirana, the capital of little Albania. Yet none has started with such utterly

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Will Head Republics in Latin America

Above—DR. G. TERRA, President of Uruguay.
Below—DR. ARTURO ARAUJO, President of Salvador.

Peru Deposes President and Sets Up Junta

Navy Joins With Revolting Army Garrisons and Ousts Cerro

LIMA, Peru, March 2 (AP)—The Peruvian Navy, following the lead of revolting army garrisons in the north and south, yesterday forced the resignation of Luis M. Sanchez Cerro, Provisional President, and a new Government was set up in a few hours. The censorship was lifted as one of the first acts of the new Provisional Government.

The new Junta is headed by Ricardo Leoncio Elias, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, as Provisional President. Other members are Capt. Alejandro G. Vinces, Commander-in-Chief of the Navy, and Col. Manuel Ruiz Bravo, chief of the army general staff.

The three Junta officials immediately moved to open communications with southern rebel forces at Arequipa and northern insurgents in the vicinity of Pirua, seeking to end what has been verging on civil war for more than a week.

Yesterday's events followed the publication in the morning papers of an ultimatum by the Navy, which called upon the President to resign and declared ships loaded with Government troops to attack the northern and southern rebels had been held up. It was signed by Captain Vinces, a member of the new Junta.

In the afternoon Colonel Cerro announce the resignation of himself and all the Cabinet, then retired to his hotel. The conferees remained in session until the new Government had been established.

The events which forced Colonel Cerro out required only a little more than a week. The first revolt was at Callao Feb. 20 and was suppressed. On the same day the Arequipa garrison rose up and later trouble broke in the north. The Government planned to fight on both fronts but the defection of the Navy forced Colonel Cerro to take the only course open.

The revolutionary southern junta at Arequipa today refused to recognize the new Peruvian Provisional Government organized here yesterday. The refusal was based on the inclusion of Col. Ruiz Bravo as the army's representative in the new Government.

School of Printed Page Started for Adult Education

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK—A new experiment in adult education—School of the Printed Page—which will offer to 60,000 business women courses on a wide range of cultural subjects, is being inaugurated by the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs.

Although the study outlines which make up the curriculum will be presented monthly through the federation's official publication, Independent Woman, the school will have a dean and faculty, the faculty members being chosen from college and university professors who belong to the organization.

Miss Frances Louise Nardin, dean of women at the University of Wisconsin, will serve as dean of the School of the Printed Page, and will assist the Education Department of the federation in preparing the study outlines. Three other members of the faculty whose names are announced are Grace H. Beardsley, Ph. D., professor at Goucher College; Mary Sinclair Crawford, Ph. D., dean of women at the University of Southern California, and Edith Abbott, Ph. D., professor of Social Economy and dean of the graduate school of social service administration of the University of Chicago.

Dr. Beardsley has arranged the first of the series of study outlines, which will appear in the April issue of the Independent Woman. It deals with classical art as a background for European travel.

The experiment is under the direction of the education committee of the National Federation, of which Miss Charl O. Williams of Washington, D. C., is chairman.

"The courses are not in any sense vocational," Miss Frances Cummings, educational secretary, says. "They are planned on the theory that the modern business woman is keenly interested in securing a broad cultural background, in the belief that this will tend to increase both her ability and her efficiency in her specialized field. In this keenly competitive age we do not believe any woman can be highly successful whose horizon is circumscribed by her own business or professional interests."

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RUSSIANS ADMIT SABOTAGE; PLEAD GUILTY AT TRIAL

Indictment Covers Charge of Coöperating With Berlin Mensheviki

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

MOSCOW, March 2—The trial of 14 persons accused of constituting and coöperating with the Menshevik organization began last night in the auditorium of the Trade Union Hall, which was the scene of the trial of members of the Industrial Party.

Following the precedent of the earlier trial, the defendants, after listening to the reading of a voluminous indictment which required over three hours, pleaded guilty.

The charges against them include sabotage in state institutions where they were employed, surreptitious communication with Menshevik émigrés located in Berlin, receipt of almost 500,000 rubles, partly from this center, partly from the Industrial Party, and maintenance of connection both with the Industrial Party and with the so-called Toiling Peasant Party headed by Prof. N. D. Kondratieff.

Following the request of the prosecutor, Nikolai Krilenko, Professor Kondratieff will be summoned as a witness together with L. K. Ramzin and V. A. Laricheff, sentenced to imprisonment following the trial of the Industrial Party.

An ironical element of the present trial lies in the fact that all defendants belonged to the Social-Democratic movement before the revolution and some may have shared places of exile with the Communist judges, N. M. Shvernik, V. P. Antonoff and M. K. Muranoff, who preside at the trial.

They belonged to the moderate Menshevik wing of the Social Democratic Party which always disagreed with the Bolsheviki headed by Lenine regarding proper revolutionary tactics and which was politically outlawed after the Bolshevist revolution.

The charge against the defendants is that while accepting the Soviet régime and working in state institutions they maintained secret communication with émigré Mensheviki and endeavored to utilize their posts to disorganize Communist policies.

The background of the trial is more understandable if one considers that the policies of sweeping industrialisation, and rapid collectivization of agriculture on which the Communist Party embarked in 1928 excited much opposition, even in Communist ranks.

It is not unlikely that the present defendants reckoned on the success of the so-called Right opposition within the Communist Party. Had events taken such a turn activities which are now considered treason or sabotage might have been overlooked or received a different characterisation.

The widespread demonstrations which occurred at the trial of the Industrial Party are absent in the present case and it is possible the sensational sabotage charges raised during that trial leave public opinion less susceptible to similar but rather less spectacular charges raised in the present case.

However, there is an obvious and vigorous effort to utilize the trial as means of discrediting the Socialist Second International, and especially the German Social Democrats, who always maintained friendly relations with émigré Mensheviki.

Water to Cross Desert Country to Basin Cities

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LOS ANGELES—Out along a line of operations extending across mountainous and desert country, a distance of more than 250 miles, field engineers of the Metropolitan Water District are locating the aqueduct which will bring water from the Colorado River to 13 cities in what is known as the South Coastal Basin of California.

Under the direction of Frank E. Weymouth, chief engineer, the technical forces of the district are now concentrating their efforts in a study of the Parker Route—the line officially selected by the board of directors as the most practical and economical of all routes suggested.

The work now going forward, it was explained, is that of establishing the exact grades and lines to be followed by the aqueduct through the 252 miles of its length.

Small Bankers Lay Failures to Lack of Adequate Capital

That and Superfluity of Banks, Especially in Northwest, Declared to Be Situation Most in Need of Immediate Correction

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, March 2—A graphic picture of what low bank capitalization means in failed banks and loss of accumulated savings deposits in a typical agricultural community was given by witnesses to the Glass subcommittee of the Senate considering revision of national banking laws.

Banks started in farming communities in the Northwest with capital as low as $10,000; springing up like weeds, taking the savings of hard-working farmers and then going bankrupt through lack of experience, lack of diversification and absence of necessary capital to weather hard times, according to the story told to the committee. Some farm villages of less than 500 people still have two rival banks it was brought out.

Previous witnesses have come before the Glass subcommittee from the financial circles of Wall Street, from Boston and Chicago, speaking glibly in billions and discussing matters of international finance. But the four or five witnesses today from the farming regions of the Dakotas, Iowa and Minnesota, presented a picture as much more charged with human values and often of tragedy as it was less in the total amount of capital involved.

The story of the First National Bank of Fergus Falls, Minn., as told by its president, Elmer B. Adams, typifies the conditions which exist in many other rural communities. Fergus Falls, Mr. Adams explained, boasts a population of 7000 and is in Otter Tail County, in a representative agricultural community. The bank is 59 years old—the oldest bank between the Twin Cities and the Pacific Ocean. In its time it has seen 50 banks started within its territory, of which all but 30 have since disappeared, most of them in bankruptcy, sometimes with the loss of life-time savings.

"In some of the small adjacent villages," he said, "there have been as many as three rival banks attempting to operate simultaneously.

"It is unquestionably a serious error," he said "that the National Government reduced the necessary capital from $50,000 to $25,000 for a national bnak! Until recently state banks with a capital of $10,000 were permitted, but the law has been changed, so it is now necessary to have $20,000 capital unless the securities commission can be convinced that a smaller capital is adequate."

MILLS APPROVE DROPPING WOMEN FROM NIGHT WORK

Cotton Textile Industry in 83 Per Cent Agreement on Proposal

CHARLOTTE, N. C., March 2 (AP)—W. M. McLaurine, secretary of the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association, announced in his final report yesterday that 83 per cent of the cotton textile industry of the United States had agreed to discontinue night employment of women and minors.

A total of 26,000,000 spindles, including 79 per cent of the spindleage in night-running mills, are represented in the agreement, he said.

The campaign to discard night work in mills for women and minors was launched five months ago by the Cotton Textile Institute of New York, an organization made up of members of the American and the National Cotton Manufacturers' Association.

Mr. McLaurine made public a statement signed by Walker D. Hines, chairman of the board, and George A. Sloan, president of the institute, both of New York.

"We announce," the statement said, "the necessary conformity to the elimination of night work for women and minors in cotton mills, and, therefore, that the voluntary plan for such elimination becomes effective. The industry is to be heartily congratulated on the conclusive support it has given this great reform."

The history of the movement to eliminate night work was related in a statement issued by the institute.

Dropping of Women From Mills Opposed

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, March 2—The National Woman's Party yesterday registered a protest against the "wholesale dismissal" of women from the southern textile mills. The meeting here marked the date which the Cotton Textile Institute set to have all women discharged from night work in the mills. Women workers throughout the South have been flooding headquarters of the Woman's Party with letters calling attention to the serious economic plight into which they say they will be thrown when the measure goes into effect.

"It is very hard to understand why textile manufacturers are coming out with the jubilant statement that the dismissal of women from night work is a means of solving the present unemployment situation," declared Miss Laura Berrien of Georgia, member of the national council of the party. "No provision is being made for giving daytime work to these women. They are being left without any jobs at all."

INDUSTRY FACING WORK PROBLEM, WOODS DECLARES

Unemployment Committee Head Speaks to State Women's G. O. P. Gathering

Industry is ceasing to hide its head in the sand as regards unemployment, and today is looking the problem in the face with the expectation of finding a solution, according to Col. Arthur Woods, chairman of President Hoover's Emergency Committee for Employment, speaking today before the Women's Republican Club of Massachusetts.

Colonel Woods, who was the chief guest at the March luncheon of the club, declared that industry was accepting the challenge of unemployment instead of regarding it as an inevitable and irremediable blight on the industrial world. He stressed the part women were playing and still could play in disseminating information about ways that have been found helpful in lessening unemployment.

The speaker is well known in Boston, having been born here and graduated from Harvard University, where he later received an honorary degree. He served as police commissioner of New York City for four years, beginning in 1914. He has been honored with a Distinguished Service Medal (United States), C. M. G. (British), and Chevalier Legion of Honor (French).

Following the war he was assistant to the Secretary of War, in charge of efforts to help reëstablish service men in civil life. Early in the fall of 1930 he received his latest appointment from the President.

"Accurate information on the course of industry, the movements of trade, and all sorts of cognate facts," Colonel Woods said, "is important to the captain of industry. As improvement is made in the method and promptness of gathering facts, interpreting them, and making them promptly available to industry, the dangers of overshooting the mark and over-supplying the shelves will be materially reduced.

"It may well be that we are moving toward a country-wide system of industrial councils, integrating the forces not only in each region, but in the country as a whole."

1000 Cities Report Decrease in Crime

WASHINGTON, March 2 (AP)—A general decrease in crime in 1000 cities during January, as compared with December, was reported today by the bureau of investigation of the Department of Justice.

In a monthly bulletin, prepared under supervision of the director, J. Edgar Hoover, the average number of crimes committed daily in these cities was given as 1824 for December and 1711 in January.

The number of homicides reported daily decreased from an average of slightly more than eight to slightly less than eight, and the daily average of cases of manslaughter by negligence dropped from less than seven to less than five.

The number of cases of criminal assault reported, however, averaged more than one each day above December. All other categories, listed under "offenses known to the police," decreased materially.

FEDERAL FARM LOANS INCREASE 37 PER CENT

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 (AP)—Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, reported to the Senate yesterday that the number of applications for loans from the Federal Farm Loan Bank during the last three months of 1930 showed a 37 per cent increase over the corresponding period of 1929.

The report said during the last three months of 1930 there were 3220 loans closed for an aggregate of $12,741,700 which compares with 2966 loans for $10,630,700 during the last three months of 1929.

Prussia Demands Sobriety in Driving; Strict Rules Adopted to Protect Public

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BERLIN—Drastic measures to put a stop to drunken drivers have been taken by the Prussian Ministry of Interior Affairs, which, in a circular memorandum issued to all local authorities, virtually prohibits drivers from taking liquor.

"According to experience," this memorandum states, "a very small quantity of alcohol suffices to abolish that degree of steadiness, of speed of action and alacrity of observation and decision, needed by the driver of a car for the execution of his responsible activity. Under all circumstances, therefore, the driver of a car is obliged not to consume any alcohol at all before and during the drive, or only in such small quantities as to cause no possibility of harm. He is obliged to desist under all circumstances from driving if this decree has been ignored.

"The driver of a car who disregards this displays such a degree of recklessness and irresponsibility toward his fellow men as unfit him to drive a car." If he causes an accident, "he must be deprived of his license. No consideration should be paid, according to the practice of the courts, to the loss in income thereby incurred."

The memorandum admonishes driving instructors to draw their pupils' attention emphatically to the consequence of drinking while driving a car. Driving schools must be inspected from time to time and special attention must be paid to the observance of this rule by instructors. The examining board should also discuss the question of the use of alcohol with the applicants for a license before permitting its issue. Finally the police authorities are requested to hand in a full report on the automobile accidents caused by the use of alcohol last year and on the measures which were taken against the drivers.

The sale of liquor between 7 and 9 a. m. is forbidden here, so that taxi drivers who are on night duty are prevented from taking alcohol in the early morning hours.

Uruguay Inaugurates Dr. Terra as President

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MONTEVIDEO, Uru., March 2—Dr. Gabriel Terra was inaugurated President of Uruguay yesterday, succeeding Juan Campisteguy.

Dr. Terra is a recognized economist and financier. Despite the many exacting legislative duties that for years have claimed his attention, inclinations toward finance have prompted him to serve as lecttirer at the Superior School of Commerce and the University of Montevideo.

A firm and uncompromising advocate of a balanced budget, and of practical taxation and finance, he has caused

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PROGRESSIVES MOVE TO FORM OWN PROGRAM

Third Party Aim Denied but Meeting Called to Plan Opposition

By ROBERT S. ALLEN

Staff Correspondent

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, March 2 — A national conference of progressives to formulate a political and economic program has been called by Senate insurgent leaders, to be held in the capital within a few weeks after Congress adjourns, it is authoritatively learned.

Those taking the lead in this movement are declared to be Robert M. La Follette (R.), Senator from Wisconsin; Bronson M. Cutting (R.), Senator from New Mexico; George W. Norris (R.), Senator from Nebraska; Edward P. Costigan (D.), Senator from Colorado, and Burton K. Wheeler (D.), Senator from Montana.

State, federal and municipal officials are understood to have been invited to participate. State executives who have been asked to attend are William L. Cross (D.), Governor of Connecticut; Philip F. La Follette (R.), Governor of Wisconsin; Julius L. Meier (Ind.), Governor of Oregon, and Gifford Pinchot (R.), Governor of Pennsylvania.

According to information so far available it is not the purpose of the conference to organize or agitate a political movement. No third party plans are contemplated, it is declared positively.

The purpose of the conference, it is explained, is to formulate a specific program of measures and to press them in the next Congress and in the various state legislatures in preparation for the 1932 presidential campaign.

By this means, it is asserted, the insurgents and progressive leaders would be able to compel the two old parties to go on record on such issues as water power, unemployment insurance and old-age pension, "lame duck" session reform, anti-labor injunction legislation and tariff revision.

It is the contention of the insurgents that there is no essential difference in economic views of the two old parties, and that the country is in need of a militant opposition program. By getting together and organizing such a plan they believe they will be able to play a more effective rôle in the coming congressional and political developments.

The situation in the next Congress, with the lines between the Republicans and Democrats drawn very close in both chambers, they conceive as giving them the opportunity to press their projects. It is their view that by organizing along the lines they propose that they, as the balance of power, will be able to dominate the next session, forcing the Democrats to follow a more radical economic program and putting the Administration in the position of either opposing or accepting their projects.

The conference itself, it is understood, is to be in the nature of a round table discussion. Both old parties will be arraigned, with special emphasis upon the President and the Republicans.

House members will be particularly invited to attend. The insurgents hope that out of the conference will develop a movement which will crystallize disaffection in Republican ranks in the House sufficiently to unseat the Longworth-Snell-Tilson Republican leadership in the next session.

The situation in the House among the Republicans is very uncertain.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3)

90 Per Cent Cut for Immigration Passed by House

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, March 2 — The House today passed the Johnson Immigration restriction bill reducing immigration during the next two years to 10 per cent of present quotas, by the decisive vote of 205 to 85. The bill now goes to the Senate where its chances of passage are slight as Republican leaders there are opposed to bringing up any controversial legislation at this late hour in the session. A clause limiting entrance into the United States of Filipinos will be particularly challenged in the Senate.

The bill places a limitation on entrance from Canada, Mexico, and other American countries from which unlimited immigration is now permitted.

Strong opposition, led by Fiorello La Guardia (R.), Representative from New York, developed against the bill during the course of the House debate. Controversy became so heated on Feb. 28 that the session had to be adjourned.

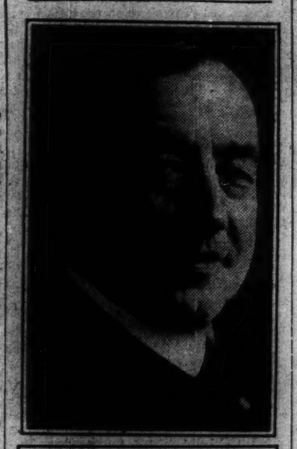
When the House reconvened after the week-end the fight was resumed and after two hours of more restrained debate the measure was finally approved.

Monitor News on Air Changes Time Tonight

THE Christian Science Monitor news broadcast over radio station WHDH will be from 6:30 to 6:45 p. m. daily, except Sundays, beginning today.

FIVE-POWER PACT ASSURED AS ITALY AND FRANCE AGREE

MEDIATORS



Above — ARTHUR HENDERSON, British Foreign Minister (©Lafayette).
Below—A. V. ALEXANDER, First Lord of the Admiralty (©Press Portrait Bureau).

British Conciliate French and Italian Claims on Naval Tonnage

ROME INFLUENCED BY BUDGET DEFICIT

Acceptance of Plan by Other London Treaty Signatories Only Remaining Step

By Radio from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, March 2—Bringing with them the complete naval agreement between France and Italy, Arthur Henderson, British Foreign Minister, and A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, returned to London today. With the formal approval by the other treaty signatories, the London Naval Treaty will limit the five greatest navies in the world, instead of three alone. The treaty can no longer be upset and sea rivalry on a large scale is ended definitely.

Exactly one week after starting upon the mission to Rome and Paris, the two British ministers have achieved one of the greatest diplomatic triumphs of recent days. Official announcement of the detailed limitations which Italy and France intend to inscribe into Part 3 of the London Naval Treaty, thus insuring permanent validity of that pact, is deferred until the United States, Japan and the British Dominions have been notified. But it is clear that the French and Italian Navies have been halted until 1936, practically at their present strengths, except for excess tonnage left over from the Washington treaty, which they have never constructed, and may never construct.

Whatever warship building the two Mediterranean powers engage in between 1931 and 1936 will be almost entirely for replacements. With navies stabilized at their present levels, French superiority over the Italians is defined in the neighborhood of 157,000 tons. The Italian claim for parity is thus set aside sine die, although the agreement definitely overrides parity for duration of the treaty.

That Benito Mussolini, Italian Premier, could calmly waive this much-heralded claim, and his control of Italian public opinion, which he aroused, is another evidence of his authority. Those familiar with the inside story of the past year's naval history know both Dino Grandi, Italian Foreign Minister, and Signor Mussolini were prepared to be reasonable on parity when the crisis came. Indeed, they have been embarrassed at the vehemence of the Fascist Grand Council in demanding parity. But today the word parity scarcely appears in the Italian press.

Result of Long Effort

The present agreement was the result of long and patient diplomatic spade work, supplemented at the correct moment by the irresistible demarché of the two British Cabinet ministers. When the naval conference adjourned last April it was understood that France and Italy would continue conversations under British auspices. These resulted in a naval-building holiday being declared in July, to run until the end of the year.

Through the summer, and especially at Geneva in September, René Massigli of the French Foreign Office and Augusto Rosso, Italian naval expert, conferred and seemed nearly on the point of reaching an agreement. But neither country appeared particularly anxious to agree, and the Italian claim for parity was frequently trumpeted from the Fascist press and platforms, to be matched by announcements of increased French warship building.

But Hugh S. Gibson, American Ambassador to Belgium, and Robert L. Craigie, one of the ablest negotiators of the British Foreign Office, took up the task of bringing the Mediterranean powers together. In November Mr. Gibson went to Paris and Rome, emphasizing to both Governments the great interest the United States had in seeing an agreement, since the future of the London Naval Treaty was at stake. The talks continued during the meetings of the Preparatory Disarmament Commission at Geneva in November.

In December, Mr. Craigie went to Rome and Paris and from then until the present he has been going between the two capitals and London, pushing the agreement rapidly ahead. In February, Mr. Alexander issued a timely warning that the British might have to invoke the "escape" clause of the naval treaty unless the Mediterranean powers reached an agreement.

British Ministers Intervene

Finally Mr. Henderson and Mr. Alexander added their official authority to the previous informal negotiations. The importance of their intervention cannot be overestimated. Without their pressure at Paris and Rome the negotiations might have dallied much longer. As it was, the talks of last week apparently were not all plain sailing. But neither the French Cabinet nor Signor Mussolini could resist the final demarché.

In recent weeks two facts have made the Franco-Italian agreement more likely. First the Italian financial position has been growing increasingly difficult. A deficit of 1,000,000,000 lire has been estimated. Facing the necessity of urgent economy, Signor Mussolini prepared to make extensive concessions to the cause of disarmament which his representatives have been pleading with increasing force to Geneva.

Second, with fixation of the date for the general disarmament conference, France felt the necessity of improving its strategic position for 1932, and hence was prepared to accept

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American Sale of Wheat Faces European Plan

Regret Voiced That Farm Board's Action Precedes Rome Conference

By Cable from Monitor Bureau

PARIS, March 2—News that the Federal Farm Board of the United States intends to ship low-priced wheat to Europe is regretted here, especially as European countries which met in two wheat conferences at Paris last week decided to take no steps toward granting preferential treatment to European grain until they had opportunity to discuss these measures with representatives of overseas states at the session of the International Institute of Agriculture in Rome, March 26.

The meetings just concluded in Paris were necessitated by existence of a world wheat surplus. The newly formed European Union chose to make its début in the realm of actual affairs by guaranteeing to wheat-growing states in eastern and central Europe markets for their surplus grain in the industrial countries of western Europe. Although these surpluses are considerable they are small as compared with imports from Canada, the United States, Argentina, Australia, and Russia.

It was hoped that overseas countries would be willing to assist Danubian growers by refraining from objecting if certain countries favored these states regardless of commitments guaranteeing most-favored-nation treatment to countries outside of Europe. The political and economic situation is so unsettled in some eastern European states that this action was considered necessary to prevent the spread of Communist propaganda.

Although the American Farm Board declares it does not intend to "dump" wheat in Europe and will not sell at prices lower than those of other principal exporters, Europe as a whole regrets that this action should be taken before the Rome Congress.

Mexican Trade Chambers Combat Wheat Dumping

MEXICO CITY, March 2 (AP)—Chambers of Commerce of Tampico and several other cities today petitioned the Government to take immediate protective measures to prevent dumping of cheap wheat on the Mexican market.

Unless a higher tariff is enacted Mexican wheat growers and dealers will face ruin, the petitioners stated, pointing out that under the prevailing tariff, Russia is able to place its wheat on the market at a price which Mexican growers cannot meet.

Three thousand tons of Russian wheat reached Tampico Feb. 27 aboard the Norwegian steamer Steinsted, arriving from Canada, according to information submitted to the Department of Industry, Commerce and Labor, and 10,000 tons more has been contracted for by foreign dealers operating in Mexico and purchasing from the Soviet Union under a credit arrangement.

BAIL AUTHORIZED FOR LAWRENCE STRIKE LEADERS

Bonds of $5000 Each Are Called For by Federal Immigration Officials

Authority to release on bail the three alleged Communist leaders arrested by immigration officials at Lawrence as "deportable aliens" was received today by Mrs. Anna C. M. Tillinghast, Immigration Commissioner, from Washington. Five thousand dollars for each must be posted payable to the Immigration Service.

This information was conveyed to Harry Hoffman, Boston attorney, who represents the group and the International Labor Defense Counsel, and it is thought he will arrange the bond and the release this afternoon.

Mrs. Tillinghast said that she was not yet ready to hold a hearing on these cases and that she did not know when it would be held. Meantime, Patrick J. Devine, one of the alleged agitators, started a hunger strike. There are now 28 men and 5 women aliens detained at the station, and under the leadership of Devine nearly half the men refused their breakfast today. As a result the two men, Devine and William T. Murdock, were segregated from the other detained aliens and were refused permission to eat their meals in the regular dining quarters. This broke the hunger strike and everyone ate the noon meal.

Rulings from Washington were requested by Mrs. Tillinghast, on several points having to do with the case of the three alleged Communists, detained as "deportable aliens" following the agitation at Lawrence in connection with the strike at the mills of the American Woolen Company. Necessity of this action is said to have prevented the hearing that was to be given these people on Saturday.

Devine claims to have been born in Chicago, but Mrs. Tillinghast was unable to verify the claim by telephone. Miss Edith Berkman also is said to profess American citizenship, and William T. Murdock admits he is a British subject born in Scotland. Immigration authorities, however, insist that all three are aliens, who never have become naturalized, and that they should be deported, Devine to Ireland, Miss Berkman to Poland and Murdock to Great Britain.

Aliens arrested by immigration officials are usually given hearings before a board of special inquiry and the decision of the board, if favoring deportation, is forwarded to the Department of Labor at Washington, for the issuance of deportation warrants. If granted, these warrants are forwarded to the immigration commissioner, and the aliens are sent out of the country on the first vessel possible.

As these three are already out on bail from the Lawrence Court, following their arrest at the scene of the agitation, special arrangements are expected to be necessary in handling disposition of the cases by the federal authorities.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

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Amusements

BOSTON

FINE ARTS THEATRE
State Theatre Bldg.
Continuous from 1:00 P. M.
Stupendous German Triumph
"Zwei Herzen im ¾ Takt"
(Two Hearts in Waltz Time)
MATS. 50c—EVES. 75c

Anita Davis-Chase Announces
JORDAN HALL
Tomorrow Eve. at 8:15 Helene
DIEDRICHS
ENGLISH PIANIST (Mason & Hamlin)

NEW YORK CITY

ETHEL BARRYMORE Theatre
47th, West of Broadway Evenings 8:50
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday 2:30
Billy BURKE and Ivor NOVELLO
in THE TRUTH GAME with
Phoebe FOSTER and Viola TREE

SHUBERT THEA. 44TH STREET W. OF B'WAY
Evs. 8:30 Matinees Wed. and Sat. 2:30
A New Charming Musical Play
MEET MY SISTER

KATHARINE CORNELL
in
The Barretts of Wimpole Street
by RUDOLF BESIER
Presented by KATHARINE CORNELL
Staged by GUTHRIE McCLINTIC
EMPIRE Theatre, B'way-40 St. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

"Joe Cook perfectly marvelous and the show perfectly beautiful."—Heywood Broun.
JOE COOK In His Newest Musical Hit!
"FINE AND DANDY"
ERLANGER'S Thea., W. 44 St. PEN. 7900
Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30
326 GOOD SEATS AT $1.50

THE THEATRE GUILD PRESENTS
Elizabeth, the Queen
MARTIN BECK THEATRE
45th Street, West of 8th Avenue
Evs. 8:40 Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2:40
LAST WEEK

ETHEL BARRYMORE Theatre
47th, West of Broadway Evenings 8:50
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday 2:30
Billie BURKE and Ivor NOVELLO
in THE TRUTH GAME with
Phoebe FOSTER and Viola TREE

Laurence Rivers presents
"PHILIP GOES FORTH"
by GEORGE KELLY
BILTMORE, W. 47 St. Mts. Wed., Sat. Evs. 8:40

THE Green Pastures
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, 2:30
No One Seated During Scenes EVENINGS 8:30
MANSFIELD THEA., W. 47 St. Mts. Wed. & Sat.

PERU DEPOSES PRESIDENT AND FORMS NEW JUNTA

(Continued from Page 1)

the country to consider him one of the leading exponents of these policies. There is little financial legislation of any consequence that Dr. Terra has not been connected with during the last 15 to 20 years, and with which he has not played an important part.

Born in Montevideo in 1873 his education was furnished by private schools of that city and completed at the University of Montevideo where in 1895 he graduated as a lawyer. Dr. Terra belongs to the Colorado party and was elected president by popular vote for a term of four years.

Dr Terra has served as Representative in Congress, Minister of Industries, Minister of the Interior, member of the International High Commission of Finance, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Italy, special Ambassador to Argentina and a member of the National Council of Administration of Uruguay.

Salvadoreans Elect Araujo for President

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

SAN SALVADOR, Salvador, March 2 (AP)—Arturo Araujo, leading agriculturist and engineer, was inaugurated President of Salvador for a term of four years succeeding Romero Bosque, yesterday.

President Araujo was elected by a wide margin over four opponents in the recent election. Although he studied engineering at a London university, for a number of years he has devoted most of his time while in Salvador developing agricultural holdings.

Señor Araujo has pledged himself to a platform which includes the restriction of the sale of intoxicating liquors, conversion of primary schools into institutions directing and educating the laboring class, and a plentiful supply of water for every city and town.

SHERMAN-CLAYTON ACTS CRITICIZED

Business recovery is retarded and the elimination of waste and the formation of constructive trade agreements are prevented by the Sherman-Clayton Acts, according to charges made by J. M. Paul, executive secretary of the Boston Credit Men's Association in the association March business review issued today.

He writes that while the Sherman-Clayton Acts were meant to protect the buyer from unfair prices and business from unfair practices, "it is one thing to state a general policy and another thing to interpret and administer it." He said "reasonable competition stimulates initiative and progress, but cut-throat competition is a business scourge."

Business Indicators Point to Upward Turn

ONE of the most encouraging features of the current business situation is the increase in the number of favorable indicators appearing in current trade and industrial news.

Cotton and woolen textiles are among those lines showing most headway in recent weeks. Another outstanding bright spot is the automobile industry, of which it is reported that production gains are based entirely on actual sales of cars.

A survey of newspaper advertising shows that, after a long decline, linage has made a definite upward turn.

Metal markets also are improving, steel operations showing a steady week-to-week rise while copper buying has resulted in further strength in price.

Highway Safety Advance Recorded

Fatalities on Massachusetts' highways last week numbered seven, four less than the corresponding week of 1930 and a similar reduction from the previous week's toll, according to the Registrar's report made today.

Again Capt. George A. Parker sounded an urgent warning against heedless driving. Driving too fast on slippery pavements and cutting corners too short were factors in last week's fatalities, he said.

A reduction from 88 of the previous week to 18 for last week showed in the record of arrests for driving after drinking. Five of these went to jail. There were 474 licenses and registrations suspended or revoked, 31 for driving under the influence of liquor.

In connection with the checkup of safety equipment which every car was required to undergo before March 1, Registrar Parker declared that 100 inspectors had been sprinkled over the highways to list those failing to show the authorized "sticker." What action will follow, the registrar said, would depend upon circumstances.

Motorists registering after Feb. 15 must have their cars inspected within 15 days of registration.

PROGRESSIVES MOVE TO FORM OWN PROGRAM

(Continued from Page 1)

Over 20 refused to attend the party caucus held Feb. 26, and several have already announced that they were prepared to vote for a Democratic speaker of the chamber. Should a score absent themselves or bolt to the Democrats when the House organizes next December, the Republican leadership would be defeated.

Such an eventuality would greatly strengthen the position of the Senate insurgents. It would open the way for them to play an important part in pressing their measures through the House. In the past two years they have been unable to do this because of the safe control of the House by the Administration. But with that restraint gone, or drastically impaired, they would be predominant and as a result certain to prove trying to the Administration.

The convening of a progressive conference is particularly interesting in the light of the special meeting of the Democratic National Committee that has been called for March 5, the day following the closing of Congress. The Democrats have also been assembled to formulate legislative and political plans.

Whether these two national gatherings will have any influence upon one another remains to be seen. They are not without some common ground, in their opposition to the Hoover Administration.

China Said to Need Railways and Roads

More railways and highways are China's chief need, according to Lady Dorothea Hosie, speaking on "China's Place in the World" in the Old South Forum, Boston, yesterday. Present poverty in the country might be due, she declared, partly to lack of initiative, but the American tariff also was a factor. It had been disastrous, she said, to China's growing trade in peanut oil and manufactured cotton.

Probably three-quarters of Chinese officialdom had been educated in American universities, she said. Nevertheless, many of the officials still were suspicious of Christianity. But now that Communism was collapsing, a more friendly feeling was being manifested.

Lady Hosie is the daughter of Prof. William E. Soothill, professor of Chinese in Oxford University, England. She was born in South China. After being educated in England, she returned to China and started a girls' school.

BOARDS OF Y. W. C. A. TO HOLD CONFERENCE

The Young Women's Christian Association midwinter conference of board and committee members and secretaries is to be held March 3 at 140 Clarendon Street, Boston, with Miss Amanda Nelson from New York headquarters presiding.

Miss Nelson represents the education and research division of the national organization. Her specialty is planning programs for conventions and conferences. These are attended annually during the summer by 10,000 women and girls from coast to coast where are recorded the reaction of groups to current thought on national and international politics and other questions of current interest. The viewpoint of mothers and citizens as well is registered. The present conference is to discuss "The Principles of Modern Education as Applied to the Y. W. C. A."

PLACE GIVEN POETRY AS POLITICAL BROOM

Poetry is a great power for good and can do more to clean up politics than all the congresses and reform bills in the world, according to Joseph Auslander. He spoke Friday in Perkins Hall at the Women's Educational and Industrial Union as one of the poets in the Amy Lowell Memorial series given by the Bookshop for Boys and Girls. The talk was attended by about 100 boys and girls.

Mr. Auslander said he disliked definitions, but he expressed the opinion that poetry is "the most beautiful way of remembering what it would greatly impoverish us to forget."

EVENTS TONIGHT

Lowell Institute: Fifth in lecture series on "Some Social and Political Ideas of the Middle Ages," by Dr. Charles H McIlwain; "Church and State"; Huntington Hall, 491 Boylston St., 8.

Testimonial dinner to Mrs. Everett O. Fisk of Brookline; speaking program; music; Hotel Somerset.

Boston School Committee: Meeting, Administration Building, 15 Beacon Street, 6:30.

South End Woman's Club: Address by Arthur Lord; musical program; 20 Union Park Street, 7.

Harvard University: Modern Language Conference; address, "Who Were the Indo-Europeans?" by Prof. Joshua Whatmough, Common Room, Conant Hall, 8

Field and Forest Club: Round table dinner; travel-talk, "Pleasures and Treasures of Europe—Field and Foresters Abroad in 1930," by Miss Grace E. Stone; music; dancing and whist; 3 Joy Street, 6:15.

Y. M. C. A. (Huntington Avenue Division): Fellowship dinner, Room 100, 6:30. "Art of Living," Course in Citizenship, by Prof. George Miller, Vialle Room, 7. Meetings: Phalanx Fraternity, Room 100, 6; Easy Speakers' Club, Room F, 8; Dolphins Club, Room 8, 6; Highlanders Club, Room 1, 6; Owl Club, Room 100, 8; Pals Club, Room 2, 8; Village A. C. Club, Room 2, 8; Williams Club, Room C, 8.

West Roxbury Community: Meeting, Harbinger Club, home of Miss Ida Pottinger, 80 Stratford Street, 7:45.

Talk on "Self-Expression" by Rabbi Beryl D. Cohon, West End House Forum, 8:15.

Public Service, American Guild of Organists, Second Church in Boston, 8.

Talk by Arthur Lord, South End Women's Club, 20 Union Park, 8.

Dramatic reading, "The Great Adventure," by Phidelah Rice, Leland Powers Theatre, 31 Evans Way, 8:15.

Theaters

Shubert—"Nina Rosa," 8:30.
Majestic—"Trader Horn" (film), 2:30 p. m. and 8:30 p. m.
Tremont—Charlie Chaplin in "City Lights" (film). Continuous from 9 a. m.
Fine Arts Theater—The film, "Zwei Herzen im ¾ Takt." Continuous from 1 p. m.

EVENTS TOMORROW

West Roxbury Community: Meeting, Executive Board, Woman's Club, Library Hall, 10. Shakespeare Class, home of Mrs. Louisa A. Gilbert, 136 Beech Street, Roslindale, 2:30.

Harvard University: Meeting, Faculty of Arts and Sciences, University 5, 4. Second in lecture series on "The Philosophy of Art and Æsthetics"; "Art and the Nature of Experience," by Prof. John Dewey, Columbia University, and William James, philosophy lecturer; Emerson D, 4. Illustrated lecture, "Court Life Under the T'ang Dynasty," by Mrs. Florence Ayscough; Fogg Art Museum, 4:30.

Copley-Plaza Hotel: Concert, auspices Chromatic Club, foyer, 10:30.

Boston Museum of Fine Arts: Saints and Symbols, Mrs. Sayward, 11.

Women's Republican Club of Massachusetts: Lecture, "Modern Drama," by Leslie Banks, actor; clubhouse 46 Beacon Street, 2:30.

Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals: Hostess at legislative conference; speaking and musical programs; morning session, 10:30; luncheon, 12:30; afternoon session, 1:45; Hotel Statler.

Boston Kiwanis Club: Meeting; address, "Fourteen Points on Personal Power," by Rev. A. Z. Conrad; Boston City Club, 14 Somerset Street, 12:15.

Jamaica Plain Tuesday Club: entertainment; Miss Ruth Moss, reader; William Richardson, baritone; Mrs. Maude D. Hare, accompanist; Loring-Greenough House.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Week days from 9 to 4:30; Sundays, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries every day, except Monday, at 11 o'clock. Special Exhibitions. Eighteenth century French designs; blot prints by Alexander Cozens. Paintings by Joseph Lindon Smith. Portrait engravings by Nanteuil; modern woodcuts; loan collection of silver by Hester Bateman; exhibition of Wedgwood, Millet drawings.

Fogg Art Museum, corner Quincy Street and Broadway, Cambridge—Week days, 9 to 5; Sundays, 1 to 5; admission free. Special exhibitions. Paintings of the Nuremberg Bequest. Nineteenth century water colors. Old Master Drawings. Eighteenth century French painting and sculpture lent by Felix Wildenstein, Sir Joseph Duveen and the California Palace of the Legion of Honor; through March 9. Drawings and etchings by Goya. Loan Exhibition of Drawings and Water Colors by Gabriel Charles Gleyre. Through April 6.

Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum, Fenway Court—Open on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 10 to 4; admission fee 25 cents; Sundays from 1 to 4; admission free.

Boston Public Library, Copley Square—In the Treasure Room, first editions of Daniel Defoe's works. In the Fine Arts Room, sketches by Virginia Lee Burton. Through March 7.

Children's Museum of Boston, Olmsted Park, Jamaica Plain—Open week days 9 to 5; Sundays and holidays, 1:30 to 5.

Children's Art Center, 36 Rutland Street—Block prints in color by Gustave Baumann and wood-carved duck bookends by Dr. Lewis Hill.

Robert C. Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Forty-second annual exhibition of water colors by the Boston Society of Water Color Painters.

Grace Horne's Gallery, 446 Stuart Street—Paintings and water colors by Marr S. Powers. Through March 7.

Guild of Boston Artists, 162 Newbury Street—Landscapes by Guild members. Through March 7.

New England Society of Contemporary Art, 227 Newbury Street—Decorations and water colors by Mabel Sturgis. Through March 14.

Doll & Richards Galleries, 158 Newbury Street—Paintings, etchings and drawings by Hoyland B. Bettinger. Through March 10.

Myles Standish Galleries, Bay State Road and Beacon Street—Oil paintings and chalk drawings by Robert Strong Woodward. Through March 9.

N. M. Rivers Studio, 560 Boylston Street—Sepia brule prints by John W. Robbins.

Scharree Studios, 605 Boylston Street—Etchings by the younger school of American and English etchers.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU REPORT

Boston and Vicinity: Fair tonight; Tuesday increasing cloudiness, possibly followed by snow in afternoon or night; not much change in temperature; moderate northwest or north winds; minimum temperature tonight near 30.

Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Increasing cloudiness tonight, probably followed by snow Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

New Hampshire and Vermont: Cloudy with probably local snow tonight and Tuesday; not so cold in north portion tonight.

Maine: Increasing cloudiness, followed by light snow late tonight or Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

Atlantic Coast, north of Sandy Hook: Increasing north or northeast winds, possibly becoming strong, Tuesday, and overcast weather tonight, followed by rain or snow Tuesday.

Weather Outlook for th. Week: For the North and Middle Atlantic States: Rains south, snows or rains over north portion early part of week and again about Thursday; colder early part of week, warmer about middle of week with not much change thereafter.

Official Temperatures

(Standard time, 75th meridian)

	8 a.m. Mar.2	Max. Mar.1		8 a.m. Mar.2	Max. Mar.1
Albany	28	40	Memphis	34	46
Atlantic City	30	43	Miami	70	78
Boston	31	40	Montreal	16	34
Buffalo	28	36	Nantucket	36	44
Calgary	24	..	New Orleans	54	68
Charleston	48	72	New York	30	46
Chicago	24	32	Philadelphia	34	46
Denver	36	38	Pittsburgh	26	38
Des Moines	20	40	Portland, Me.	30	48
Eastport	28	46	Portland, Ore.	44	..
Galveston	62	82	San Francisco	52	70
Hatteras	56	60	St. Louis	30	36
Helena	44	48	St. Paul	18	32
Jacksonville	54	76	Seattle	50	60
Kansas City	28	34	Tampa	62	68
Los Angeles	52	60	Washington	34	48

High Tides at Boston

Monday 9:42 p. m., Tuesday 10:06 a. m.
Height of tides 9.1 feet, 10.8 feet.

Light all vehicles at 6:04 p. m.

AMHERST DEFEATS VASSAR

AMHERST, Mass., Feb. 28 (AP)—An Amherst College debating team last night defeated a team from Vassar College by a 2 to 1 decision, in an Eastern Intercollegiate Debating League contest here. Amherst upheld the affirmative of the question: "Resolved, That Education in Patriotism Should Be Encouraged" and received the votes of the two judges. The audience voted by a majority of one in favor of the negative supported by Vassar.

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POWER TIE-UPS IN NEW ENGLAND TOLD AT HEARING

Affiliations With International Described by Examiner

WASHINGTON, March 2 (AP)—Testimony that the public utilities group composing the New England Power Association were affiliated, through holding companies, with the International Paper & Power Company was given today at a Federal Trade Commission hearing by Judson T. Dickerman, commission examiner.

Testifying in the investigation ordered by the Senate into activities by utilities, he said the association was composed of a number of subsidiary companies operating in all the New England states save Maine.

He added that the control by the association over its subsidiaries and affiliated companies was comprehensive and that the association directed all important policies. Auditors from the Boston office kept in touch with financial records at subsidiary offices, he said.

Mr. Dickerman said the laws in New England prevented amalgamation of public utility groups such as had been witnessed in Alabama and Georgia, but added that nevertheless there had been built up a closely connected and influential system. He said that the association served approximately 9000 square miles and generated and purchased in 1928 1,581,212,639 kilowatt hours, as compared to 1,639,400,853 kilowatt hours in 1930.

Much of Mr. Dickerman's testimony was technical and related to the number of kilowatt hours generated and sold to various groups. The average revenue per kilowatt hour, he said, was much larger per kilowatt hour than in other utility groups in the South and West.

Mr. Dickerman said in 1928, 1,242,872,217 kilowatt hours were sold for $27,263,728, an average revenue of 2.19 cents per kilowatt hour. In comparison, he said, the average price per kilowatt hour in 1929 was 2.16 cents.

The commission examiner testified that the New England Power Association was formed at a time when outside groups were trying to enter the utilities field there.

Theaters

"Trader Horn"

Majestic Theater—Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer presents "Trader Horn," all-talking film adapted by Dale Van Every and John Thomas Neville from the book by Ethelreda Lewis. Directed by W. S. Van Dyke, with screen play by Richard Schayer and dialogue by Cyril Hume. Beginning March 1, 1931. The cast:

Trader Horn	Harry Carey
Nina	Edwina Booth
Peru	Duncan Renaldo
Renchere	Mutia Omoolu
Edith Trend	Olive Golden

The film in this instance is better than the book. Trader Horn's yarns, as recounted by Mrs. Lewis, were too episodic, and the "plot" was a mere anecdote, strung out interminably. On the screen, the story, though no more plausible than between covers, had to be tightened up, and thus it automatically gains dramatic value.

But the chief interest of the film is not the story, but the representation of the wild life of Africa. There is a real thrill in watching at close range the crocodiles, buffalo, rhinoceri, lions, leopards, giraffes, gazelles and so on, and particularly the lions' pursuit of their prey, a battle between several lions over their kill, the dispatching of a lion by Mutia Omoolu with a wooden spear. It is interesting too for the uninitiated to discover that the lion is apparently misnamed the "king of beasts." He does not always get his prey, and he can be driven off like a dog, if we are to believe in the verisimilitude of this screen record, by shouts and the waving of sticks. With all allowances for screen "technique," there must have been considerable danger to the actors in this film. The scenes of natives in war dances are interesting too, and the photography, especially at Uganda Falls, is remarkable.

Mutia Omoolu is the most impressive member of the cast. Mr. Carey, more suited apparently to American "westerns" than to impersonating a British trader in Africa, sentimentalizes his part. Miss Booth is not so much a white priestess of a dusky tribe as a Hollywood luminary in a pet. One wondered how this priestess, after living from childhood in a tropical land, and in a costume suitable to the climate, retained her so blonde complexion.

L. A. S.

TAX ON WORKERS FOR PENSIONS OPPOSED

Opposition to any tax on working men to meet the Massachusetts old-age pensions which go into effect July 1 was expressed at a legislative regional conference of the Massachusetts Federation of Labor held in joint session with the Boston Central Labor Union meeting yesterday at Wells Memorial Hall.

A progressive tax on incomes of $4000 and over was suggested by Sylvester J. McBride, former president of the Boston Typographical Union No. 13, to meet the pension. Robert Watts of Lawrence, legislative agent, declaring his belief that the reserve accumulated from the inheritance tax would more than take care of the pension demands, said he would call this to the attention of Gov. Joseph B. Ely. The Governor will be asked to give a special message on the formation of an old-age pension fund at a conference arranged by the State Federation, according to James T. Moriarty, president.

Birds' Home Life Topic of Lecture

The first of a series of four Audubon Society lectures was given Saturday in the Hotel Statler by Dr. Arthur A. Allen of Cornell University.

Dr. Allen's address was based on the home life of common birds, and his treatment of the subject evidenced the sympathetic interest he employs in securing his series of bird slides and the films which reveal unusual situations.

In introducing the speaker Winthrop Packard said that Dr. Allen must have some magic word which he uses to induce birds to pose for him—even hummingbirds perch on his fingers and shy vireos alight familiarly on the head and shoulders of children he photographs.

For some years Dr. Allen has spent much time in advancing the idea of using golf courses for sanctuaries, as well as trying to solve the problem of raising the ruffed grouse successfully in captivity.

GOV. ELY TO PRESIDE AT COLLEGE DEBATE

Joseph B. Ely, Governor of Massachusetts, will preside at the Harvard-Boston College debate to be held Wednesday evening in Jordan Hall. The debate was originally scheduled for this evening, but in order to secure the presence of Governor Ely the date was changed.

Harvard will take the affirmative side of the debate on the subject, "Resolved, That the United States should adhere to the World Court under the Root protocol." The Harvard representatives are P. H. Cohen '32, D. M. Sullivan '33 and P. S. Reardon '32, while J. F. Rogers, J. J. Wright and E. F. Connelly will represent Boston College. This debate will be the fourth and probably the last of a series in which Boston College has won thrice.

ALL-GRANITE FEDERAL BUILDING IS DEMANDED

WASHINGTON, March 2 (AP)—A delegation of Boston citizens, headed by Senator Walsh and Senator-elect Coolidge of Massachusetts, conferred with Assistant Secretary Heath at the Treasury today and insisted the new $5,000,000 post office building at Boston be constructed entirely of granite.

Mr. Heath told the delegation the Treasury would be glad to construct the building in whatever manner the majority of citizens wished, and said the delegation's proposal that it be entirely of granite would be taken up with the contractors.

MILL ANNOUNCES CLOSING

EASTHAMPTON, Mass., March 2 (AP)—Notices were posted in all departments of the West Boylston Manufacturing Company, Saturday, saying there would be an indefinite shutdown effective about March 28. The notices explained that the shutdown was "due to the very unfavorable business situation in our branch of the cotton textile industry." The company employed approximately 2000 workers in normal times.

SCHOOL ANNOUNCES CHANGE

WALLINGFORD, Conn., March 2 (AP)—Administration of the Choate School, it was announced today, has been transferred to the Choate School Chapel and Library Foundation, a nonprofit corporation. The school henceforth will operate on an endowment fund, directed by a self-perpetuating board of trustees. The amount of the endowment fund to be raised has been tentatively set at $1,850,000.

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Smith College Traced to Village Store Where Sophie's Father Founded Fortune

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

DEERFIELD, Mass.—An intimate account of the family and fortunes of Sophia Smith, founder of Smith College, was revealed at the annual meeting of the Pocumtuck Valley Memorial Association. The paper was compiled by Miss Margaret Miller.

The Smith fortune grew from the village store, Miss Miller explained. Sophia Smith went to Hartford for a 12-weeks term of school and also spent a few weeks at Hopkins Academy. Her further education was acquired sitting on the steps of the old brick schoolhouse and listening to the boys recite.

"As time went on," Miss Miller said, "their prosperity grew but there was no increase in their opportunities or their pleasures. Fine clothes seemed to be their only extravagance.

"'There go my darters with 30 bushels of rye apiece on their heads!' exclaimed their father as he saw Sophia and her three sisters tiptoeing across the dusty road to the meetinghouse on a Sunday morning. And their leghorn bonnets must indeed have been a sight. These were the days when spinning and weaving were part of the home life. So Sophia twirled her little flax wheel industriously, spinning such a fine and even thread that all the other housewives were anxious to obtain it by exchange for other commodities.

"It is said that the father left to each of his children, Sophia, Harriet, Austin and Joseph, $10,000, a great sum for those days. But Austin loved money. It was the only thing he did care for.

"After the passing of the parents the strictest business relations were maintained between brother and sisters. They charged him for board and when they attained the luxury of a horse and carriage, he charged them for hitching up the horse and it was five cents on each occasion. But finally all his money, so zealously accumulated, was dropped into Sophia Smith's lap.

"At first she was staggered by it. She could not spend it if she tried. She built herself a grand house in the mid-Victorian style and furnished it with damask-covered furniture and other things to match. For diversion she went to Saratoga every summer and sat on the hotel piazza in her elegant silk dress with lace collar and cap, a regal looking person.

"She had seen the growth of Mary Lyon's school (Mount Holyoke College) and the idea took root in her mind that she, too, would like to do something for the education of women. As a result of the privations and the meagerness of her own life came the great desire.

"And so Smith College was born. Many think it should have been called Sophia Smith College. Perhaps Austin and Sophia Smith College would be nearer the truth."

Naval Districts Are Rearranged

WASHINGTON, March 2 (AP)—Charles Francis Adams, Secretary of the Navy, announced changes last Saturday in the boundaries of four naval districts to conform with the recommendations of the joint Army and Navy Board.

The First, or Boston, Naval District, after March 1, will comprise Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island, including Block Island. The Nantucket Shoals lightship will be transferred to the Third Naval District, which also will include Connecticut, New York, and the northern part of New Jersey.

The Fifth, or Norfolk Naval District, will consist of Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia, several counties in North Carolina, and the Diamond Shoals lightship. Some of the North Carolina counties will be transferred to the Sixth District.

The Sixth or Charleston Naval District, will consist of South Carolina and Georgia, in addition to the several North Carolina counties.

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Baseball supplies—Fishing tackle
Camp Supplies and
ELTO OUTBOARD MOTORS
Howell Bros.
Richmond's Leading Hardware
SIXTH AND BROAD
RICHMOND, VA.

Palestine Fund Campaign Opened

Several hundred men and women were present last night at the launching of the American Palestine campaign for the Jewish Agency by the Greater Boston committee in the Copley-Plaza Hotel. The campaign for $2,500,000 to be subscribed throughout this country is being carired on by Zionists and non-Zionists and has the indorsement of the Jewish leaders in all sections. The quota for Greater Boston campaign is $150,000.

Speaking of the effort of the Jewish people to rebuild Palestine, Judge Julian W. Mack, honorary president of the Zionist Organization of America, said that "the city is not being constructed by a few, but rather by a united determined Jewry." The Jews, he explained, are rebuilding Palestine and meeting the approval of the entire world. For 2000 years they have been scattered to the four ends of the earth and, though they have contributed in many ways to the advancement of every country, they rarely have had the opportunity "to participate in that progress."

Communists Expel 'White Chauvinist'

NEW YORK, March 2 (AP)—Expelled from the Communist Party for "white chauvinism" in the treatment of Negroes, August Yokinen, Finnish janitor, trod the weary road to redemption today.

In the first mass trial held by Communists in America, Yokinen was convicted yesterday by a jury in spite of an impassioned plea by his Negro counsel. Yokinen's trial was based on charges that he discriminated against three Negroes at the Finnish Workers' Club ball some weeks ago. "white chauvinism," it was explained, is the violation of complete political, economic and social equality of Negroes and whites.

The jury offered to readmit him to the party in a year if he waged a crusade against "white chauvinism" and cherished the Negro on every occasion offered him.

YALE DEBATERS LOSE

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 28 (AP)—Yale debaters lost a match to a team from Williams last night by a unanimous decision of the judges and audience. The match was on the question: "Resolved: That education in patriotism should be encouraged." Yale speakers took the negative side of the question.

SHOPPING IS entertaining enough. But haven't the home streets gone a little sloppy? Here is a new shopping-list for you—The Raymond-Whitcomb Spring Mediterranean Cruise!

Try "Gib" for rare perfume. Granada and Malaga for luscious shawls, mantillas and towering fancy-dress-party combs. North Africa for leather—bags and slippers and elephantine cushions. Naples for coral, cameos and Capo-di-Monte fancy boxes. (They will tell you they ante-date Napleon; but be careful.)

Your most intimate candy-shop can evoke no such Turkish paste as you can get in Constantinople (between forays on their brilliant half-metallic embroidery), and nowhere are there more provocative candied fruits than on the Riviera—if you are not too engaged in perfume or lingerie.

This is a Spring Cruise. You can shop in comfort. You can sail in comfort, too. From New York, April 14. The 20,000-ton Cunarder "Carinthia" Rates $725 and up.

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24,500 VETERANS SEEK LOANS AT BOSTON BUREAU

Instructions Are Given for Obtaining Benefits of War Bonus

Up to 1 o'clock today 7500 applications for loans had been received at the United States War Veterans' Bureau in Boston, making a total thus far of 24,500. By tonight, it is expected that 1000 checks, averaging $240 each, will will have been placed in the mail.

It is stated that the bureau will remain open until further notice until 12 midnight. Veterans may enter the building at the Essex Street side.

For the information of veterans unfamiliar with the procedure for obtaining loans, Lt.-Col. William J. Blake, regional director, has issued the following information:

If the loan is the first one:

1. Mail or bring adjusted service certificate with veterans' note 1185.
2. Fill in note form with own signature and the address to which check is to be mailed.
3. Certificate of identification must be executed by a notary public; any official of the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars or Disabled American Veterans of the World War; justice of the peace; a postmaster where the veteran lives; member of Congress or officer of the United States Army or Navy.

If the desired loan is the second one:

(1) Submit form 1185 only.

(2) If address has been changed write in former address with the new one.

If veteran desires to borrow the full amount:

(1) Leave amount space line blank. This will be filled by the bureau and check for full amount mailed.

(2) Do not fill in blank opposite line at upper left of form 1185.

Mail all applications to the United States Veterans Bureau, 600 Washington Street, Boston. Applications may be obtained at bureau offices in Boston, Worcester and Springfield, or from veterans' organizations by mail or personal call. Loans will be made just as quickly at the Boston bureau if applications are received by mail.

Educator Quits Legion Because of Bonus Action

HANOVER, N. H., March 2 (AP)—Prof. Adelbert Ames Jr. of Dartmouth College made public last night his resignation from the American Legion because that organization's recent "official action and inaction in regard to so-called bonus legislation, shows conclusively that the legion no longer represents the veterans of the World War."

Professor Ames was an aeronautical observer at Fort Sills, Okla., during the war. Until his action today he was a member of the George Rider Post, American Legion, here. In an open letter to the Hanover Press he charged that the underlying reason for the action of Congress in passing the bonus legislation was vote-getting.

"To the men who risked their lives for their country during the World War," he said, "it is highly unfitting that their organization should ask for aid, when so many of their countrymen are in such great need."

Philadelphia Veterans Rush Bonus Loan Office

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28 (AP)—A line of 2500 veterans had formed outside the United States Veterans' Bureau office here at the opening hour today, ready to file applications for loans on their adjusted compensation certificates.

Applications were being received from veterans of the eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware districts. The line of veterans began forming during the night, several of the men starting bonfires in the street to keep warm.

FIVE-POWER PACT ASSURED AS ITALY AND FRANCE AGREE

(Continued from Page 1)

Italian concessions and make adjustments in return.

It is obvious now that the French case at the Geneva conference will stress the cuts they have already made in the projected naval, land and air programs, and will probably insist that no further cuts are possible.

Recognizing that the French are anxious for British support at the Geneva conference, observers in Berlin and Moscow have feared that a naval agreement would be bought at the price of British backing. But Mr. Henderson gives a guarantee that nothing of the sort has taken place and his sincerity in respect to the 1932 conference is well known.

It is now suggested in many quarters that Mr. Henderson would be an ideal chairman for the disarmament conference. Probably every nation participating in the conference would welcome his election. The latest triumph is the best preparation the disarmament conference could have. If 1931 continues to record diplomatic successes at its present rate it will become one of the most notable in recent history. The first success was at the League Council in January when the bitter German-Polish dispute was appeased. Now February sees a naval agreement. Ten other months should continue the good work in preparation for the 1932 disarmament conference, and the crisis.

French Give Complete Approval to New Plan for End of Naval Race

BY CABLE FROM MONITOR BUREAU

PARIS, March 2—A naval agreement between France and Italy has been reached through British mediation. Virtual adhesion of these two countries to the London Naval Treaty, making it a five-power instead of a three-power pact, marks not only a tremendous step toward success of the disarmament conference in February, 1932, but also gives promise that the Franco-Italian disagreements, which have vexed European diplomacy for many months, can be resolved into harmony.

As Arthur Henderson, British Foreign Minister; A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, and British experts leave Paris for London, they can congratulate themselves on having, by their week's journey to Rome and back, contributed to the happiest diplomatic reconciliation to be effected in Europe for several years. In the conversation lasting less than three hours at the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs Saturday afternoon, they obtained complete French approval for the settlement consented to by Benito Mussolini, Premier of Italy, to which France already had provisionally subscribed.

At the conclusion of this important consultation between Mr. Henderson, Mr. Alexander, Aristide Briand, and Charles Dumont, French Minister of Marine, with whom both diplomatic and naval experts collaborated in drawing up the final settlement, Mr. Henderson and M. Briand sent a joint telegram to Dino Grandi, Italian Foreign Minister, which was notable for its warmth of tone and freedom from diplomatic banalities. In this message the British and French Foreign Ministers expressed their keen appreciation of the friendly attitude and spirit of conciliation shown by the Italian Government throughout the discussions at Rome, where they said "it made such a loyal effort to facilitate the reduction of all divergencies of view between us."

M. Briand, in conclusion, paid tribute to the ingeniousness and tenacity of the experts.

It is understood that France will construct a 23,000-ton cruiser, planned as a counterweight to the German pocket battleship, Admiral Scheer, but that a definite effort will be taken to prevent this becoming the first step toward a new race for naval armaments. Some slight modification in the London treaty, and even in the Washington treaty of 1921, may be necessary as a result of the Franco-Italian understanding.

With the exception of extreme nationalist organs, which reserve comment until figures are published, the French press is enthusiastic in praise of the new agreement.

Fascist Press Welcomes New Naval Agreement as Disarmament Step

BY RADIO TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

ROME, March 2—The naval agreement reached Saturday in Rome, between the British and Italian Governments, has been welcomed by the whole Fascist press without exception with genuine satisfaction.

All journals agree that a decisive step forward has been made on the road to disarmament and that one of the gravest causes of friction between France and Italy has been removed. While no particular reference was made to other questions still dividing the two Latin powers, there is a general belief that both Governments will take advantage of the present favorable moment to promote a closer understanding between them, which would have beneficial consequences extending far beyond the Mediterranean.

The tone of conciliation manifested by responsible statesmen of the two countries in settling the naval dispute is a happy omen for the future. "We have both made sacrifices for the sake of peace, Dino Grandi, Italian Foreign Minister, is reported to have said to some journalists after announcement that a naval understanding had been reached. These words show that peace was constantly in the minds of the Italian ministers during the difficult period of the negotiations.

The agreement is in the nature of a compromise and its importance lies in the fact that France and Italy virtually agreed not only to limit their naval armaments until 1936, but actually have undertaken to reduce them. It appears that beginning with this year's program of naval construction, there shall be only replacements, while a truce is to be observed in certain categories of war vessels.

The naval budgets of both France and Italy will thus be reduced and this reduction in expenditure on armaments in the present period of economic depression will have a salutary effect upon the economic situation in both countries.

All Fascist newspapers express the hope that the naval agreement will serve to convince foreign governments and people alike that Italy is sincerely pursuing a peaceful policy.

Stimson Still Silent on Naval Agreement

WASHINGTON, March 2 (AP)—Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of State continued today the silence which has been maintained by the State Department on the British, French and Italian negotiations toward making the London Naval Treaty a five-power agreement.

The question was being negotiated in Europe, he said, and while the United States had been informed of the steps as the negotiations went along, it had not yet been informed of a final definite agreement. Pending receipt of the text of the agreement and more information of it, Mr. Stimson said he would neither comment nor speculate.

Conservative Paper Lauds Labor Régime

LONDON, March 2 (AP)—The London press, although recognizing that the details of the British-Italian-French naval rapprochement have not been revealed, were unanimous today in regarding the achievement as a British diplomatic victory.

Regardless of political affinities, the papers congratulated the Government. "Well Done, the Socialist," the Daily Express headed its editorial.

The Conservative Morning Telegraph also congratulated the Government and expressed belief that the news will cause as lively interest in Washington and Tokyo as in London.

HAWAII'S RESIDENTS LARGELY JAPANESE

HONOLULU (By U. P.)—More than one-third of the total population of the Territory of Hawaii is composed of citizens of Japan, a census recently completed by the local Japanese consulate reveas.

Japanese residents in the territory total 139,903, and of that number 121,131 are citizens of Japan according to Japanese law. The census was undertaken at the request of the Japanese Foreign Office and was conducted through the coöperation of Japanese school teachers, storekeepers and others.

INQUIRY IS ASKED TO GET FACTS IN OIL IMPORT CASE

Independents Want to Know Why Matter So Suddenly Dropped by House

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, March 2—Investigation of the American oil trade might reveal secret forces powerful enough to ruin one of the greatest industries of the nation, Russell Brown, secretary of the Governors' Oil Relief Conference, declared today.

Failure of representatives from the oil producing states to secure a vote in Congress on an emergency measure for limiting oil imports was due, Mr. Brown said, to no fault of their own.

"No plainer case," he said, "was ever made by the advocates of any legislation for the protection of American industry and American labor against foreign products and foreign workers."

"The failure was due," he declared, "to the veto imposed by three men constituting a subcommittee of the Ways and Means Committee. "Normally one might expect these men to support such a measure as members of a party positively committed by its national platform to the cause of protection. Such support was lacking, however, for some reason not disclosed."

Mr. Brown came to Washington early during the session of Congress to supervise the campaign which was carried on especially since Christmas to secure protective legislation for the independent oil industry.

Unexpected strength was gathered in House circles for the move and its leaders were optimistic about their prospects up until last week when the House Ways and Means Committee suddenly dropped the matter.

Even the Speaker of the House joined in a last-minute effort to induce the committee to reconsider its action. But all attempts to move the Ways and Means Committee proved futile. A move was promptly instituted to bring about a congressional investigation.

GERMAN LABOR HEAD AGAINST COMPULSION

BERLIN, Feb. 28 (AP)—Adam Stegerwald, Labor Minister, told the Reichstag Ways and Means Committee today that there is no panacea for unemployment.

He said compulsory labor was inadvisable and that a five-day week would not help much because most branches of industry were already working only 5½ hours daily.

Tin Quotas Fixed by Four Countries

LONDON, March 2 (AP)—Complete agreement regarding the international regulation of production and export of tin for a period of two years has been reached between representatives of Bolivia, the Dutch East Indies, Nigeria and Malaya.

The object of the plan is to obtain a fair and reasonable equilibrium between production and consumption with a view to preventing repeated and severe oscillations in the prices of basic world tonnage.

The initial world quota was placed at 145,000 tons of 2240 pounds each annually and was divided as follows: Malaya, 53,850 tons; Bolivia, 34,260 tons; Dutch East Indies, 29,910 tons; Nigeria, 7750 tons.

Ringling Art Museum Opened to Public Visits

SARASOTA, Fla., March 2—The John and Mabel Ringling Art Museum was opened to the public here today.

The museum is filled with collections gathered over a period of 30 years by John Ringling, circus magnate, and others. Mr. Ringling built the museum several years ago, but had never opened it to the public. It cost $20,000,000 to build and fill. Julius Boehler, curator, had been working three years, cataloguing the exhibits.

PRESIDENT SAYS MUSCLE SHOALS A TURNING POINT

Asks, Is It Best Federal Policy to Own or Control Public Utilities?

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, March 2—Congress today awaited a veto from President Hoover on the Norris Muscle Shoals bill providing for government operation.

His rejection of the measure was anticipated on the basis of a press statement by him on Feb. 28 in which, while refraining from any declaration as to his decision, the President indicated his disapproval of the bill. He characterized it as having been "transformed into a political symbol" and being used by the opposition as a "political issue."

The President's statement was in reply to numerous telegrams he has received from Governors and other officials from southern states urging him to approve the legislation. The President explained that his delay on the matter was due to a thorough inquiry he is having made of the proposition.

Regardless of the political implications involved in the controversy, the President declared his intention of passing on the measure strictly on "its business merits and demerits, subject to the cold examination of engineering facts."

In acting on the bill, the President said he would have to consider "whether it is desirable to adopt a change in federal policies from regulation of utilities to their ownership and operation; whether the lease provision in respect to the fertilizer plant . . . will produce cheaper fertilizer for the farmers."

What President Says

President Hoover's statement reads:

"I have received a multitude of telegrams from governors and citizens in the southern states urging approval of Senator Norris's Muscle Shoals project and requesting that I express my views upon it. Some of them express dissatisfaction with its principles, but consider it expedient to approve it. I have also many telegrams from citizens of the southern states and other parts of the country protesting against the principles of the bill.

"It is obvious from the debate, the press and these many communications that Muscle Shoals legislation is no longer a question of disposing of a war activity to the advantage of the people primarily concerned. It has by this legislation been transformed into a political symbol and is expected to be a political issue.

"To be against Senator Norris's bill appears to be cause for denunciation as being in league with the power companies. It appears also to be emerging as the test of views upon government operation and distribution of power and government manufacture of commodities. In other words, its adaptation to the use of the people of the Tennessee Valley and to farmers generally is now enmeshed in an endeavor to create a national political issue.

Sidetracked Power Issue

"One side issue of this political phase is the use which has been made of Muscle Shoals to sidetrack effective action on the federal regulation of interstate power in coöperating with the states. Before and since taking office I have proposed this as a measure of essential protection to the 75,000,000 consumers and several million investors in power securities in all walks of life, who use and own the 35,000,000 horsepower of the country.

"This public necessity has been held aside for 18 months and time of Congress given to 1 per cent of the power and the interests of 1 per cent of the people of the United States which is the proportion of the Muscle Shoals problem to the whole.

"The bill calls for expenditure of $90,000,000 or $100,000,000 from the Federal Treasury to expand a power plant which has been a by-product of other major purposes of navigation and national defense, into a large undertaking by the Government, the major purpose of which is to be the generation and distribution of power and the manufacture of fertilizer.

Questions to Consider

"In acting on the bill I have to consider whether it is desirable to adopt a change in federal policies from regulation of utilities to their ownership and operation; whether the lease provision in respect to the fertilizer plant is genuinely workable; whether the method proposed in this bill will produce cheaper fertilizers for the farmers; whether the project is required for national defense; whether the proposals in this bill are in reality in the interest of the people of the Tennessee Valley, and in general to consider the commonplace unromantic facts which test the merits and demerits of this proposition as a business.

"This happens to be an engineering project and so far as its business merits and demerits are concerned is subject to the cold examination of engineering facts. I am having these facts exhaustively determined by the different departments of the Government and will then be able to state my views upon the problem."

Ford Away, Nothing Is Said as to Muscle Shoals Bid

DETROIT, March 2 (AP)—In the absence of Henry Ford formal comment was withheld at his offices Feb. 28 on the proposal of Gov. B. M. Miller of Alabama, that he renew his bid for the Muscle Shoals property.

Mr. Ford's first offer for the property was made in 1921, and for nearly three years was the subject of much discussion in Congress and elsewhere. He withdrew the bid in 1924 and, although several subsequent attempts were made to have him again enter a bid, he declined to do so.

"We do not need Muscle Shoals," he said, "for any work we wish to do. We have plenty of coal and other resources. Our proposal to the Government was a business proposal, and Congress was given abundant time to act. So far as renewing discussion on the basis of our proposal, the time has passed for that."

CANADIAN CANNERS TO WORK FOR TARIFF

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 28 (AP)—Organization of the Canned Foods Association of Canada, under the presidency of Sam Nesbitt, Brighton, Ont., resulted from a meeting of canners here yesterday.

All the provinces were represented. A resolution was passed urging the Government to establish a protective tariff against canned foodstuffs.

COMMITTEE FOR SANATORIUM ON COAST SELECTED

Christian Science Board of Directors Completes Staff's Selection

The Christian Science Board of Directors of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts, announces the completion of the personnel of the Advisory Committee for the Christian Science Benevolent Association Sanatorium on the Pacific Coast, located in the Arden Wood section of San Francisco.

As already announced, Edgar McLeod of San Francisco will act as chairman; the other two members representing the northern and southern sections of the Pacific Coast will be Harmon L. McIntyre of Seattle, Wash., and Mrs. Zilpha A. Stack of Los Angeles. They will take office as of March 1.

Sincere thanks and appreciation are expressed to the retiring trustees, Marvin R. Higgins of San Francisco, chairman, Mrs. Gertrude M. Glass of Chicago and George D. Greenwood of San Francisco, who have diligently served during the first year of the Sanatorium's existence and have performed efficiently and commendably their arduous duties.

The responsibilities of the new Advisory Committee will be somewhat lightened owing to the appointment as Executive Supervisor of the three charitable institutions of The Mother Church of William W. Davis, whose headquarters will be in Boston. Mr. Davis is now in San Francisco.

WORK ON PLANNING SYSTEM PROGRESSES

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

ATLANTA, Ga.—Preliminary drafts of a building line ordinance and a regional planning law will be the first step toward a comprehensive planning system for the Borough of Atlanta, according to instructions given to Raymond R. Torras, secretary of the Borough Planning Commission, at its last meeting here.

These plans will be submitted to a nationally known planning expert for perfection, and then will be taken before the Georgia Legislature for sanction.

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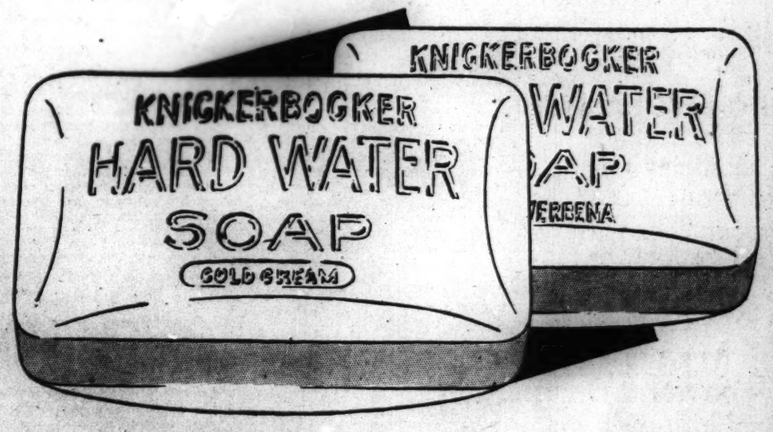

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G. O. P. CHARGED WITH FRAUD IN NEBRASKA VOTE

Nye Committee Finds Evidence of 'Political Decay' in State

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28—Evasion, fraud and a deliberate attempt to frustrate the will of the voters of Nebraska were charged against opponents of George W. Norris (R.), Senator from that State in the 1930 senatorial elections, in the report of the Committee on Senatorial Campaign Expenditures, filed today.

In presenting the report, Gerald P. Nye (R.), Senator from North Dakota, and chairman of the committee, pointed out that although actual campaign expenditures had not been exorbitant the committee encountered in its investigation "a widespread condition of concealment, evasion and deception," which would indicate a "great decay of political morality."

The report coördinated the mass of testimony gathered by the committee in a narrative of the attempts made by the regular Republican organization in Nebraska, stimulated by the National Republican organization, to defeat a member of their own party for reëlection by underhand and illegal methods.

Besides involving Robert H. Lucas, executive director of the Republican National Committee in the secret campaign it also charges that Samuel R. McKelvie, member of the Federal Farm Board and former Governor of Nebraska, contributed $10,000 to the defeat of Mr. Norris in violation of state laws limiting individual contributions to $1000 and requiring that all contributions in excess of $250 be reported to the clerk of the county.

The report says that not only were those two provisions of the law not fulfilled, but that extreme caution and most devious evasions were resorted to in an attempt to conceal Mr. McKelvie's connection with the affair.

The plot against Mr. Norris began with the taking of a secret "straw vote" in an attempt to discover the opponent most likely to defeat him, the report relates. When the "straw vote" indicated the overwhelming preference of the Republican voters for Mr. Norris, his opponents then sought for a candidate whose name would confuse the voters, "making it impossible to determine for which George W. Norris they were voting."

A grocer from Broken Bow, bearing exactly the same name, was found and induced to file his candidacy in consideration of sums totaling $550 and promises that "there would be big money in it."

When this scheme also failed due to tardiness in filing of the candidacy, the opponents of Mr. Norris' reelection resorted to the "circulation of scurrilous literature," supplied by Mr. Lucas from the publishers of the Fellowship Forum in Washington.

"How far the various methods outlined above are interrelated and constituted successive stages of a single conspiracy are yet to be determined. Recommendations for legislation designed to curb or prevent the recurrence of the evils exposed by this investigation will be presented by the committee in due course."

ALBANIA BRIDGES OLD CHASMS BY COMMON LOYALTIES

(Continued from Page 1)

meager beginnings nor undergone such a complete change of character.

At the end of the World War Tirana was a wretched, squalid, drab, Oriental village of mud houses, jumbled streets, crumbling walls, lethargy and dejection.

Steps in Metamorphosis

It seemed to be the most unsuitable place that the Albanians could have chosen for their capital. It was one of the worst of Albania's poor, backward towns. Scutari in the north, Elbasan in the center, Kortcha in the southeast and Valona in the southwest were certainly superior in all except central location and many were the people who predicted that wretched Tirana could never make herself queen of Albanian cities.

And up until five years ago it had made but little progress, because up until five years ago Albania as a stabilized definitely established state did not exist. It was ever in turmoil, the constant victim of revolutions and the prey of conspiracies.

It effectually came into being when the present King became its master. And it was then that Tirana really began its metamorphosis. And its advance is symbolic. It has overcome physical, technical and financial difficulties and has become the center of a united state. What Tirana has done all Albania will eventually do.

Light and Air Enter In

And never in its history has the city made such progress as during the last half year. Wide, straight streets have been pushed through the old quarters in every direction. The place has been opened up. The seclusive mud walls of centuries have been demolished. Hundreds of dark little houses have disappeared. A new and awakened Albania is striding, with seven-league boots, through this cluster of huddled huts, and bringing in air and light from the West.

Tirana has become somewhat like a great wheel. There is a hub in the center from which seven streets radiate. And they are all being lined with substantial houses and stores. Both the state and private enterprises are vying with one another in building. Little parks have appeared. The fine new American Legation, the first in the world, has just been dedicated.

The whole center of the squalid old market center has been cleaned out—old mosque, old hotel and all—and a large section of imposing new state buildings is nearing completion. There is no quarter in the town in which there are not new dwellings. The large airdrome has been completed and painted in fantastic modernistic patterns. The hotels, restaurants, office buildings and printing offices are new.

Squalor Brushed Away

And the buildings are solid and moderately high. Tirana has simply lifted itself up. It mounts into the air. You see it from afar. It has put on new clothes. It has brushed away the squalor. It has ceased squatting cross-legged on the floor over a coffee cup and has set vigorously to work. It is making itself worthy to be Albania's capital.

It has a long way still to go. So has Albania. Little Albania is certainly faced by more difficulties than any other state in Europe. It is centuries behind. It is poor. It had until yesterday a medieval economic, social and political order. It was compelled to begin everything from the very bottom. Worse than that, it even had to tear down before it could build up.

Many doubted if it could be done. They called Albania a diplomatic establishment, a musical comedy state. They said Tirana was a capital on paper. But now Tirana exists in cement and brick and Albania, too, is becoming a real state. It is a grand and heroic venture.

Roads Offer to Cut Rate on Motorcars

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 (AP)—Permission was sought from the Interstate Commerce Commission today by southwestern railroads to make an experimental reduction in freight rates on automobiles, with the object of meeting motortruck competition, which is said to have diverted much traffic from their lines.

The carriers propose to install the new rates from automobile assembling plants in a specific list of cities. The plan projected would offer the shippers a scale of $30 a car for 25 miles; $62 for 200 miles; $152 for 400 miles, and $185 for 500 miles, with proportionate charges for intermediate distances. The petition said these rates are lower than those fixed by the commission.

'Problem' Children Declared Issue Schools Must Boldly Face

Californian Commission Reports That Because So Many Mothers Are Employed in Industry Moral Training of Pupils Devolves on Teachers

CALIFORNIAN SCHOOL SURVEY SERIES—No. 13

Criticism of its public schools caused the California Legislature two years ago to authorize a commission of laymen to study all phases of the elementary and high-school systems of that State, and to report every opportunity for their betterment. The searching report of that commission, now in the hands of a state printer, has been written for popular consumption, largely "in words of two syllables." Because the problems involved are common to many sections and the recommendations offered are widely applicable, the report is here reviewed in 20 articles.

By COURTLAND HOLDOM
STAFF CORRESPONDENT

SPECIAL FROM THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR BUREAU

SAN FRANCISCO—How the public schools may turn potential criminals into useful channels of society through the intelligent handling of "problem children" will be touched upon in the forthcoming report of the California Commission for the Study of Educational Problems.

"Everyone knows," it will assert, "that many problem children attend our schools, that the cost to the State of juvenile courts and of probation work is enormous, that children not adjusted in early life are seriously handicapped, and that one person's repeated crimes cause great social and financial losses.

"It is not so well known that a large percentage of delinquent children begin to 'go wrong' in their first school years, and therefore can early be recognized as potentially dangerous individuals and be immediately given that special attention which will greatly better their chances of becoming useful citizens instead of criminals."

It has been definitely established, the commission found, that a number of young people convicted of revolting crimes in California during recent years had given ample warning, when children, of their criminal tendencies, "but the public schools of their early school days possessed no facilities for discovering these tendencies. While the actual percentage of school children who are 'problems' is relatively small," the report will continue, "the losses to such individual children and to the State are immeasurably great.

Task Is Difficult

"School authorities everywhere recognize the strategic place held by the school in determining the success or failure of children who do not respond normally to ordinary environments. To understand these children's problems as to home conditions, mental limitations, interests and dislikes, is a delicate and complicated task. Such children should be dealt with only by those who possess special personal fitness and training for the work. That personal interest which a fine teacher takes in a problem child is indispensable. Because of our large city systems and our small country schools, varying home conditions and other influences, and the costs involved, individual solutions should be worked out as early as possible. No one method can be adapted to all school systems.

"However, it is important that citizens and educators alike recognize that increasing number of children, beause of so many mothers being employed in industry and because of broken homes, are becoming more and more directly public school responsibilities. Oftentimes the school is the only agency that can help them and if special assistance is not rendered during the elementary school course, it may have to be given in the reform school. Viewing the matter from the standpoint of economics alone, therefore, expenditures upon mental hygiene work are justified because they thus, in the end, save public money.

"The alternative to the undertaking of such work by the schools is the turning loose upon society of people who will be a heavier burden on the State when later placed in reform schools and jails."

Measures Recommended

The commission recommends two measures: the continuation of the successful methods already being used in dealing with problem children, such as the provisions for visiting teachers; parental training classes; the removal from bad environments, adaptation of school work to needs and abilities of problem children, vocational guidance, and a decision on the part of the school authorities of each locality to face squarely the problem of the many or the few problem children in their own schools, and to provide the best individual care and guidance which the school can afford.

The report will touch briefly upon the subject of health supervision in the public schools. Under the present California law the school authorities are made responsible for the health of students. A clause makes it possible, however, for all parents who do not wish their children to be subjected to physical examinations to secure exemption from such examinations through the annual filing of a statement making their wishes in this matter known to the school superintendent.

The succeeding article of this series will deal with the problem of junior colleges in the public system.

Hyde Limits Food From Relief Fund

WASHINGTON, March 2 (AP)—Arthur M. Hyde, Secretary of Agriculture, said Saturday that whether a farmer could purchase food with money borrowed directly from the supplemetal $20,000,000 drought relief appropriation would depend on the individual case, its necessity and the security offered.

Regarding loans from agricultural credit corporations, which the measure proposed to increase and extend, Mr. Hyde said farmers could use that money as though they obtained it from any bank.

To advise and assist the department in administration of the fund in so far as formation and extension of credit corporations is concerned, committees will be formed in each of the 21 drought states.

HISTORIANS BLAMED FOR SECTIONALISM

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

ATLANTA, Ga.—That sectional prejudice by New England historians has been the greatest factor in perpetuating the various false historical credos which have resulted in injustice to the South and the other sections as well, was the opinion expressed by Claude G. Bowers, journalist and historian, in an address at Emory University.

"In America we have far too long permitted history to be interpreted by one section of the country," declared Mr. Bowers. New England no longer has a monopoly upon the writing of history, however, he said. All over the country there is a growing appreciation of the work of the men of other sections.

HENRY A. COOPER HAS PASSED ON

WASHINGTON, March 2 (AP)—Henry Allen Cooper, Wisconsin, dean of the House of Representatives, who passed on yesterday, came to the House in 1898 from the first district of his State. He served until the Sixty-sixth Congress when his constituents turned upon him, he believed, for voting against entering the World War, but he won back his seat the next year, and remained.

Mr. Cooper was a militant leader of the Progressive element from the Northwest, a supporter throughout his career of the elder La Follette. His passing reduces to one, the Republican majority in the House.

Reptiles Entertain in Their New Home

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, March 2—Snakes, frogs, alligators and other members of the reptile colony at the National Zoological Park here entertained Saturday at a housewarming in their new home, said to be one of the finest of its kind in the world.

Formally attired men and women, many of them high in Washington society, were their guests. Army musicians presented a program of music. The event drew zoologists from many sections of the country.

The giant turtles were beaming under newly washed shells. Tiny lizards can joyfully around cages furnished with gravel and cacti. A 14-foot king cobra arrived from New York to take possession of a specially built cage. Many of the snakes shed their old skins and emerged in bright new garb for the occasion.

The new house is nearly 200 feet long, containing 136 cages ranging from eight inches to 80 feet. All cages have been designed by artists and zoologists to give as natural surroundings as possible indoors. Skylights of special glass let in the rays of the sun. The cages are heated automatically at temperatures from 75 to 90 degrees, while the parts of the rooms used by them are held at normal temperatures.

TAX REVISION URGED IN SOUTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

COLUMBIA, S. C.—More than 100 members of the South Carolina Farmers' and Taxpayers' League pleaded for more rigid economy in government and revision of the State's tax system, in a joint hearing before the House Ways and Means Committee and the Senate Finance Committee.

The organization particularly requested revision of South Carolina's "antiquated tax system," and taxes on hydroelectric power and retail sales were proposed.

BRAILLE READERS' LEAGUE ORGANIZED

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

MOBILE, Ala.—For the purpose of promoting an interest in the reading of better Braille literature a local chapter of the National Braille Readers' League has been formally organized here.

The meeting was held in the home of Alvan Thompson, temporary chairman. Plans include science, religion, psychology, philosophy, drama, fiction and history as subjects for reading and study, it was announced.

WOFFORD SUMMER SESSIONS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

SPARTANBURG, S. C.—Officials of Wofford College announce that the summer school period will be extended to include two sessions lasting for 12 weeks, instead of seven, as was the case last year. The first session will be held from June 10 to July 22, and the second from July 23 to Aug. 26.

NATIONAL CASH REGISTER

National Cash Register plants have gone on a four-day week, compared with three days previously.

RELAY CHANNELS FOR ADVERTISING ABROAD OPPOSED

Radio Examiner Urges Denial of Westinghouse Applications

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28—Proposals of American radiocasting interests to stage special advertising programs for transmission via the short waves to foreign countries, there to be picked up either on short-wave receiving sets or retransmitted by local stations, received a setback today when Chief Examiner Ellis A. Yost recommended to the Federal Radio Commission that it deny the application of the Westinghouse Company for relay channels for that purpose.

Westinghouse officials proposed utilizing Station W8XK, an auxiliary of its powerful KDKA Station at East Pittsburgh, to relay sponsored programs to other countries, especially in South America, with the object in view of advertising American products and stimulating their sale in those countries. Plans included devising programs ships and music to appeal to the natives of the particular countries intended to be reached.

Similar application has been made by the General Electric Company, which recently proposed the same plan for the same purpose, using a short-wave auxiliary of WGY, Schenectady. The chief American product both Westinghouse and General Electric hoped to exploit abroad was radio equipment, for which a large foreign market exists. They saw the potentialities of a market development similar to that which took place in the United States in the early days of radio, when improved program appeal stimulated sales of radio receivers, tubes and accessories to the extent that 10 years have seen the retailing of nearly $4,000,000,000 worth of those products in this country.

Westinghouse asked that four of the experimental short waves now reserved for relay radiocasting be opened up for commercial purposes. Mr. Yost, while recognizing the excellent service already rendered in receiving and transmitting American programs by short waves, citing particularly the European short wave radiocasts to this country and the American radiocasts to the Byrd and other expeditions, declared he saw no necessity at this time for commercializing the few channels now available for that purpose.

The number of relay channels, he pointed out, is limited by nature. The potential audience abroad is small because relatively few persons have short wave equipment. The waves should be preserved for more necessary and economic purposes. Moreover, he added, the proposed service would violate the established regulations of the commission against such commercial uses.

"The necessity of assigning frequencies in such manner as to obtain the maximum use and advantage thereof in the public interest," he stated, "is emphasized in this case by the international and world range reception possibilities of the frequencies involved.

"The assignment of any of the frequencies in the group involved to a particular licensee for commercial use would limit the field that may be devoted to experimental development, particularly so in view of the fact that the characteristics of the frequencies are such that several frequencies must be used by one station in order to work different distances at different hours and in different seasons."

WARSHIP TRAVERSES CANAL

BALBOA, Canal Zone, March 1 (By U. P.)—The British battleship Nelson passed through the Panama Canal yesterday from Balboa to Cristobal, completing a five-day visit to the Canal Zone.

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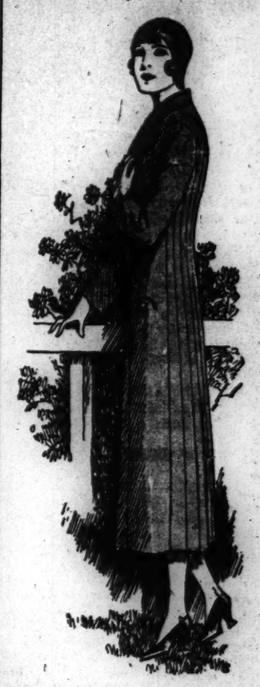

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IRAK OIL FIELDS TO BE DEVELOPED BY NEW PIPE LINE

Important Convention Is Signed, Granting 70 Years' Concessions and Facilities

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

JERUSALEM — The prospect of there being a terminus at Haifa for the pipe line from Mosul and other oil fields in Irak is brought definitely nearer with the publication of the convention granting the Irak Petroleum Company, Ltd., the right to have its pipe line from Irak pass through Palestine territory and terminate at the Mediterranean, in the Bay of Acre.

On Jan. 5, Sir John Chancellor, on behalf of the Palestine Government, and J. Skliros, on behalf of the Irak Petroleum Company, signed this important convention, giving the company a 70-year concession, which it may abandon or renew at the end of that time.

The company may import everything necessary for its undertaking, free of import duty. It is to be granted special facilities for loading and unloading ships by day or night and on public holidays. Railway rates will be reduced for the company's benefit in consideration of their large tonnage and passenger traffic. They may even construct their own railroads and roads, if found necessary.

The company undertakes to employ local labor but will be allowed to import workers if these are found insufficient.

No property tax, income tax or any levy or fiscal charge can be imposed on the company in respect to its property, employees, income or turnover.

The High Commissioner will grant leases on nominal rental of such state lands as are necessary for the undertaking and will expropriate private lands when required. Suitable measures will be provided by the Government to secure the normal protection of the undertaking and of the workers.

The right to set up, maintain and operate a telegraph and telephone system is granted the company, provided it is used exclusively for their own purposes.

At the expiration of the concession all the immovable property of the company reverts to the Palestine Government free of charge.

The Irak Petroleum Company had its beginning in January, 1911, when it was incorporated under the Companies Act of 1908, as the African and Eastern Concessions Limited. On Oct. 23, 1912, it became known as the Turkish Petroleum Company Ltd., and on June 8, 1929, it assumed the name of the Irak Petroleum Co., Ltd.

An idea of the magnitude of the undertaking may be had from the agreement which in connection with laying the pipe line in Palestine territory allows the company to erect and maintain pumping stations, workshops, stores, storage tanks for oil and water, bridges, residences for employees, rail and tram lines, roads, rolling stock, overhead and underground cable lines, ferries, road, water and aerial transport, airdromes, telegraph and telephone lines, wireless installations, refineries, tank farms, hospitals, power schemes, oil, gas and water lines and other works auxiliary to their purpose.

A somewhat similar convention was signed with the Government of Transjordan, but has not been published in Palestine, although entered into by the High Commissioner for Palestine, who is also High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief for the territory east of the Jordan.

FRYING PAN HELPS SOLVE GOLD PROCESS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

WORCESTER, S. Af.—Still another process for the recovery of gold and other metals from ore has been invented, and this time by a woman, Mrs. S. Males of Lydenburg, Transvaal. Commencing with the crude and modest apparatus provided in the domestic frying pan, she gradually evolved a circular furnace and plant by which she claims to extract every particle of gold and every valuable product with very little power and at an extraordinarily low cost.

There is no cyanide in Mrs. Males's process, and no objectionable fumes escape. The arsenic and antimony adhere to the pipes by which they are extracted, and these deposits can be collected from the pipes. Even the discarded sodium can be utilized as a sheep dip, and the dumps should be of commercial utility by reason of their freedom from cyanide.

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Ontario Regulates Real Estate Deals

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

TORONTO—The general provisions of a new act respecting real estate brokers and salesmen, and their transactions, become effective this month in Ontario. The act is much like the Security Frauds Prevention Act, a bill passed by the Ontario Legislature in 1930. The regulations require registration in the case of every real estate broker carrying on business in a city. All salesmen and employees authorized to do business for the broker also comes within the scope of compulsory registration.

Separate books and accounts must be kept by brokers with respect to real estate deals. In every transaction the broker will be compelled to record the nature of the trade, along with a description of the parcel of real estate involved sufficient to identify it; all true consideration for the trade; the names of all parties to the trade; the amount of commissions and the party paying it.

Financial statements must be filed with the registrar at regular periods. No real estate salesman once he has left a registered broker can engage in real estate deals until written notification of his employment by another registered broker reaches the registrar. His own registration with the Province automatically terminates when he leaves such employment until he reengages with another registered firm.

British Columbians to Observe Wage Act

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

VICTORIA, B. C.—Regardless of industrial conditions, British Columbia intends to enforce more rigidly than ever its male minimum wage act. An announcement by the board administering this statute said frequent violations of an order providing minimum wages of 50 cents an hour for steam engineers had been discovered and would not be tolerated.

These violations were found for the most part in the sawmill industry, which has felt the present depression more keenly than most other industries. Many sawmill operators assert that they cannot meet the board's wage regulations. This is no concern of the board, the announcement said. In addition to enforcing the existing wage orders, the board will investigate the desirability of extending the protection of the wage act to the baking industry.

CANADIANS TO FOSTER BURNING LOCAL COAL

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

TORONTO—The inauguration of a national fuel policy for the purpose of increasing consumption of coal mined in Canada, was suggested by the Board of Control of the Maritime Trade Commission to Ontario, at its annual meeting here. This policy was urged on the Federal Government and the governments of the provinces, interested in coal production, the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, and other interested organizations.

The board also placed responsibility for support of the use of Canadian coal with the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, "the members of which," it said, "enjoy many advantages through the tariff policy in this country."

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House Saturday and Sunday were the following:

Miss Ida E. Hawes, Pasadena, Calif.
Mrs. Teresa R. Dangler, Middletown, N. J.
Sunday, March 1
Mrs. Gertrude H. Guttridge, Youngstown, O.
John T. Guttridge, Youngstown, O.
Whitney R. Whipley, St. Louis, Mo.
Adolph R. Greenstein, Brooklyn, N. Y.

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Majestic..Wed., Apr. 8 Homeric.Wed., Apr. 22
NEW YORK & BOSTON to LIVERPOOL
*Britannic....Apr. 4 *†Adriatic.....Apr. 18
*†Laurentic....Apr. 11 Baltic.....Apr. 25
*Not calling Boston. †Via Halifax, N. S.
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Homeric.....Apr. 10 Olympic.....Apr. 24
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Imported Flour Must Be Mixed With Proportion of Home Product

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AMSTERDAM — Several measures of economic relief contemplated by the Dutch Government are now well on their way to realization, the Second Chamber having recently accepted them by a majority of votes.

These relief measures are being taken mainly for the benefit of agriculture, which is experiencing hard times as a result of the general slump in prices for agricultural products. Toward the close of last year the Second Chamber adopted the Wheat Bill, under which the Government has the power to issue an Order-in-Council prohibiting the stocking or transporting of bread flour, which does not contain a minimum percentage of home-grown wheat, the amount to be defined later, but not exceeding 25 per cent. In consequence of the adoption of this bill importers of American flour must agree to have their imported flour mixed with Dutch-grown flour at a center which is economically suitable. In order to protect Dutch wheat growers, who only produce 10 per cent of the required wheat, and also Dutch flour millers, it will be prohibited to use unmixed foreign flour.

Another bill for the support of the potato-flour industry has also been adopted by the Second Chamber, whereby 4,500,000 florins ($1,800,000) is to be placed at the disposal of a Government commissioner. This amount will in the first place serve to redeem a bank credit and be further used for the granting of advances to a maximum of 20 cents per hectoliter of potatoes delivered.

The Town Council of Amsterdam, in order to provide productive work for the unemployed, has voted a considerable amount out of which a bonus is paid to those employers who have redecoration and repairs done to houses in the winter instead of in the summer. The bonus the employers receive amounts to about half of the wages they pay to their skilled laborers. By this measure at least 1200 skilled laborers have been supplied with productive work at normal wages.

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Hurcombs of Piccadilly, having purchased the lease of the above, will hold—when not otherwise engaged—periodical auction Sales of Antique Furniture, Paintings, Engravings, Books, Manuscripts, China, Glass, etc. Weekly sales of Jewels and Silver at Calder House.
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Tattoo of Riveter's Hammer Quiets Along Line of New York's Skyscrapers

SPECIAL FROM THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK—New York is today enjoying a temporary respite from one of its most annoying noises—the cacophonous tattoo of the riveter's hammer filling the air in most of the rapidly developing districts of the city with a deafening vibration that has come to be accepted as a necessary accompaniment of "progress."

Between the cold weather, which makes working in the alpine altitudes of 80 and 100-story steel frameworks doubly difficult, and the recession in business activity, the sky line of this metropolis now has only a few black, skeletonic frameworks grilling its edge—and several thousand acrobats of the girders are waiting new engagements.

Their labor at last has been finished on the highest and greatest of their works, the Empire State Building, which lifts a steel framework of 58,000 tons to a height of 1248 feet, the equivalent of 102 stories. Until recently the Chrysler Building, with a mere 21,000 tons of steel, was characterized as the world's tallest building, and the Merchandise Mart in Chicago, in which 38,000 tons of steel were used, was spoken of as the world's "biggest" building.

On the Empire State Building the steelwork required the services of about 300 men, including 35 to 40 gangs of riveters. The latter are the prima donnas of the building trades. Their work is more spectacular than that of any other craft and the pay is commensurately higher. A riveter works eight hours for $15.40, but in stormy or slippery weather, he is seldom sent aloft.

In one sense, a riveter is not an individual—he is a part of a gang of four. He is neither hired nor fired individually, but as a gang. No "boss" would any more attempt to pick another member for a group of riveters than select an extra acrobat for a crack circus team of trapeze performers. When one man does not show up for work, the whole gang is laid off for the day. Riveters, however, train each other for the job and select their own mates for the teamwork that is necessary in the arduous duty they perform hundreds of feet in the air on insecure footing.

An expert gang can drive more than 500 1¼-inch rivets in a day. The difference between that gang and the one which drives only 250 a day is a matter of coördination. Each man has his very definite division of labor, for there are four varieties of riveters each with a highly specialized task. They are known as the heater or passer, the catcher, the bucker-up and the gun-man.

A riveter does not like conversation. His task requires such constant concentration on the difficulties that surround it, a slip is likely to prove so destructive to his own welfare or that of others that he realizes without exhortation that he must keep his thoughts on what he is doing.

Some men seem to like this work. The heater for one of the most famous riveting gangs in the city is known as E. Eagle. Reports are that in his home town of Baltimore, he is a man of means and that he engages in the high sport of riveting as a hobby.

NIGERIANS CALMER OVER INCOME TAX

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LAGOS—Although the introduction of income tax in 1928 into a part of Nigeria—Lagos and the area around it—resulted in a rebellion of the women, last year (1929-30) no trouble arose and the natives have now accepted the novel idea as part of their daily life.

But the report on the area in question goes on to add that only in the rural area is punctuality in payment established. Natives of the city of Lagos have taken advantage of the fact that judicial methods involve endless delays. Consequently the Government is taking measures to introduce summary measures, immediate committments to gaol being sometimes imposed on defaulters without even a trial in court.

So far the remaining 350,000 square miles of Nigeria do not yet know the blessings of income tax and are protesting vigorously against any further extension of its area.

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Canals Amalgamate Under State Advice

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

LONDON—Following quickly on the report of the Royal Commission on Transport, which recommended the voluntary amalgamation of the various canal systems where possible, comes the news of the purchase of three canals by the Grand Union Canal Company. The Grand Union was formed two years ago and brought under one control the five canals operating between London and Birmingham, with a total of 240 miles of waterway.

The three canals now added to the system, which have a combined length of 37 miles, are the Leicester Navigation, the Loughborough Navigation and the Erewash. These link up the London-Birmingham Leicester-Birmingham systems with the Trent Navigation, and represent the most important canal redevelopment since the Grand Union amalgamation.

A £1,000,000 scheme for widening and deepening the London-Birmingham Canal has been approved, and when this has been carried out, the entire length of waterway between London and the place where the Loughborough Navigation joins the River Trent will be under one control, and available for boats 14 feet wide. The Notts and Derby coalfields and the Leicestershire quarries will then have a direct waterway to London. The system will also tap important industrial areas, which include the Erewash Valley ironworks and the electrical works in the Loughborough district.

FIRST MOVIE CAMERA ABOUNDED IN LENSES

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LONDON—A curious looking apparatus with no less than 16 lenses now on view in the Science Museum, South Kensington, was the forerunner of the modern cinematograph camera. It was constructed by Louis Le Prince in Paris in the year 1887.

There is also the movie camera with one lens made by him at Leeds in the year 1888, together with two spools of celluloid with silver-notched margins used by him for developing films.

The cameras have been loaned to the museum by the inventor's daughter, Miss Marie Le Prince. Both the 16-lens and the single lens camera were electrically controlled.

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LINCOLN: 274 High St.
LIVERPOOL: 13 Lord St., 45 London Rd., 53-59 Renshaw St.
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MANSFIELD: 7 Leeming St., 8 Westgate.
NEWCASTLE: 30 Bigg Market.
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East Africa Seeks Race Isolation; South Africans' Industry Lauded

Segregation Declared Hope of Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

LONDON—An enlightened policy of segregation provides the best hope for the future of the native races in East Africa, Sir Edward Hilton Young told a committee composed of members of both Houses of Parliament here recently.

Sir Edward was chairman of a Royal Commission which in 1928-29 investigated the question of the establishment of a United States of East Africa. The territories concerned include those now known as Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika. The point he stressed was the need of a right measure of segregation between the European and native African communities.

To allow these races to become intimately mixed, he said, would produce the condition of affairs existing in South Africa; the other extreme, equally mischievous, would be to shut off the natives under separate governments and try to preserve them in a kind of zoo.

The happy mean, Sir Edward declared, was represented by the policy of reserves containing ample land, and the ideal was to keep a home for the native in his reserves to which he could always return, and to prevent a landless population in the towns.

Replying to further questions, Sir Edward said that, to counter any future tendency on the part of natives to demand direct representation in the Legislature, he would give the local native councils control of tribal affairs. Such native councils would also be consulted by the Central Government in native matters.

The new central authority for the United States of East Africa must be given some executive power at once and some legislative power later, Sir Edward asserted. The three local governors, he said, saw only the sectional interests of their respective territories, whereas for the future development of East Africa, the broad East African standpoint must be taken.

Gold Mining in Union Said to Depend on Colored Labor

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

CAPE TOWN—The excellent work done by the native population of South Africa was highly praised by J. W. Mushet, president of the South African Associated Chambers of Commerce, on his return from a tour of the Union. "It is the natives who are doing the mining, agriculture and traveling today," said Mr. Mushet. "We depend for our prosperity on gold . . . but we couldn't work the gold mines for 12 months without native labor."

In the Free State, he continued, he saw natives in charge of plows, when there was no white man in sight. Right through his trip he only once saw white men in a Cape cart, while hundreds of natives were to be seen driving their carts about.

He referred to white boys who wanted to enter business, but would not start at the bottom. They wanted to start at the top.

"We think we can keep our position by legislation. But it cannot be done. The only way we can keep the position we have held is to do some hard work ourselves. Our ascendancy must be moral."

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POPULAR VOTE ON DRINK ISSUE ASKED IN ONTARIO

Both Political Parties Are Criticized by Temperance Organization

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

TORONTO—The unwillingness of the Conservative and Liberal Parties to trust the people to speak in nonpartisan manner on the liquor problem was criticized at the annual meeting of the Grand Division of Ontario of the Sons of Temperance. That the people of Ontario should be given an opportunity of expressing an opinion through the medium of popular vote, was the unanimous opinion of the delegates. A request will be made to the Ontario Government to make local option legislation countrywide.

G. S. Henry, the Premier, was commended for refusing to consider amending the Liquor Control Act to allow the sale of beer by the glass. Sir Henry Drayton, chairman of the Liquor Control Board, was commended for his action in refusing to sanction legislation which would enable anyone to secure Canadian wines without a liquor permit. It was recommended that the Liquor Control Act be amended so that it shall be a misdemeanor for any person to drive a motorcar within 12 hours of taking the last alcoholic drink. The effectiveness of the amendment to the Liquor Export Act made by the Dominion Government last May was stressed. Reports from Lake Erie border indicate that it is 90 per cent effective.

Both the Federal and Provincial Governments will be asked to consider the power of the provinces in the proper interpretation of the British North America Act, in regard to the issuing or refusing of licenses for breweries and distilleries to manufacture intoxicating liquors.

That there is a general awakening of interest in the question of total abstinence in Ontario, was the opinion of the Rev. Dr. A. Philip Brace, field secretary.

The fact that both Liberal and Conservative Parties in Ontario had dropped the prohibition plank was discussed. The Sons of Temperance went on record as supporting only candidates for Parliament who were favorable to the ultimate abolition of the liquor traffic.

The Dialer's Guide

Features followed by sponsor and network in parentheses. "CBS," "CBS Chicago" and "CBS Pacific" are general networks of Columbia Broadcasting System, "WEAF Chain," "WJZ Chain," "NBC Chicago" and "NBC Pacific" are networks of National Broadcasting Company. These are followed by "—2" when coast-to-coast hookup is employed. When only single station is used its call letters will be given. All time is eastern standard except "Chicago" and "Pacific," which are given in respective times. All time p. m. unless otherwise stated.

FOR TUESDAY, MARCH 3

Orchestral

Black and Gold Room Orchestra (WEAF—T).—Light classics of Rubinstein, Crist, Strauss, Hadley, Grieg and Fletcher. 6:05, 6:45.

Dana S. Merriman's Orchestra (NBC—WJZ, WBZ). Popular program. 6:30.

Bernhard Levitow's Ensemble Symphonique (WOR). Tchaikovsky, Luders, Debussy and Thomas. 6:45.

"Works of Great Composers" (WJZ Chain). Brahms. Rhapsodie No. 4; First movement of D Major Concerto, Arcadie Birkenholz, violinist; Hungarian Dance, N. 10. 8:30.

Symphony Orchestra, Howard Barlow, conductor (CBS). Lustspiel Overture (Keler-Bela); Hungarian Dance, No. 3 (Brahms); Rhapsody in Blue (Gershwin); Finale, Symphony No 4 (Tchaikovsky). 9:30.

Ludwig Laurier's Slumber Music Ensemble (WJZ Chain). Opera of Mendelssohn, Wolf-Ferrari and Donizetti; Herbert and Tchaikovsky best known in remainder of program. 11.

Rhythmic Music

Paul Whiteman and his orchestra (WJZ—T). 8.

Frank Crumit and Julia Sanderson; orchestra (WEAF Chain). Popular ballad review. 8.

Coon-Sanders Orchestra; Ashley Sisters (WEAF Chain). Two specialties, "Steamboat Bill" and "Choo Choo." 8:30. Anson Weeks and his orchestra, NBC Pacific, feature "Syncopated Love Song." 9.

"Footlight Echoes" (WOR). Friml, Herbert and Tierney and old timer "Down Went McGinty," soloists and orchestra. 8.

Browne and Llewelyn, vocal duo; Freddie Rich's Orchestra (CBS—T) 8:45.

"Musical Magazine" (WEAF—T). Soloist and orchestra. 9.

Sigmund Spaeth; male trio; violin quartet; Frank Black's Orchestra (WEAF—T). "A Musical Guessing Game," Mr. Spaeth; "Hot Time in the Old Town," by trio, introducing Theodore Metz, the composer; "Rag Time" medley. 9:30.

Ruth Etting, guest soloist; male quartet; Nathaniel Shilkret's Orchestra (Westinghouse—WJZ—T). "Ten Cents a Dance" and "Love Is Like That," by Miss Etting in "Salute" period. 10.

Morton Downey, tenor; Jesse Crawford, organist; Jerry Madison, screen gossip; soloists; orchestra (CBS—T). "Playhouse." 10:30.

Dramatic Sketches and Music

Amos 'n' Andy (WJZ Chain). 7. NBC Chicago and Pacific. 10, 8.

"Antiques" (Standard—WEAF Chain). Soconyland Sketch. 7:30.

"Evangeline" (WOR). Longfellow poem. 9:15.

"Death Valley Days" (WJZ Chain). "Giving the canteen," western justice. 9:30.

"Mr. and Mrs." (CBS—T). "The Limit." 10.

"Untold Transit" (WEAF Chain). Revival of the popular series of short metropolitan sketches. 11.

Vocal and Instrumental

Cordon String Quartet; Lillian Knowles, contralto (Household—WJZ Chain). Chamber music concert featuring three favorites, "Drink to Me Only with Thine Eyes," "Molly on the Shore" and "Andante Cantabile." 8.

Talks

"Who's Behind the Name?" (WEAF—T). Edwin Alger interviews. 6:30.

Lowell Thomas (WJZ Chain, CBS). News interpretations. 6:45, 8.

Frederic William Wile (CBS—T). Weekly political review. 7.

"How Can the Government Safeguard the Market Basket?" (WEAF—T). Interview discussion in "Voters' Service" period. 7.

Kaltenborn Edits the News (CBS). 8:30.

Recitals

Phil Cook (WJZ—T). A one man show. 7:30.

Johnny Marvin, popular soloist (WJZ Chain). 10:45.

Daytime Programs

Parnassus String Trio (WEAF Chain). 9 a. m.

United States Marine Band (WEAF Chain). 10 a. m.

Organ Melodies (WJZ Chain). 11:45.

"On Wings of Song" (WEAF Chain). String trio. 12 noon.

National Farm and Home Hour (WJZ Chain). Soil liming discussion by Dr. E. C. Shorey of the Department of Agriculture. 12:30.

United States Navy Band (WJZ Chain). 1:30.

The Four Clubmen, male quartet (CBS—T). 2.

"String Instruments" (CBS—T). Discussion and demonstration in the American School of the Air. 2:30.

"Landscape Design" (WJZ Chain) Bernard M. Rifkin. 3:30.

"Melody Three" (WEAF Chain). String trio. 3:45.

World News About Women (WEAF Chain). Sarah Schuyler Butler, daughter of Nicholas Murray Butler. 3.

Sisters of the Skillet (WJZ Chain). Humor and popular songs. 2:45.

Columbia Salon Orchestra (CBS—T). 3.

Charles Naegele, pianist; Porter Steele, composer-pianist; Mary McCoy, soprano; Alois Havrilla, baritone announcer (WJZ Chain). "Music in the Air" period. 3.

"Golden Gems" (WEAF Chain). Elsie Baker, contralto; Theodore Webb, baritone. 3:30.

"Chicago Serenade" (WJZ Chain). Orchestra from Chicago. 3:30.

Pacific Vagabonds (WJZ—T). Popular soloists and orchestra from San Francisco. 4.

"Italian Idyll" (CBS—T). Characteristic program by Vincent Sorey and concert orchestra. 4.

"American Women Face Employment Problem" (WEAF Chain). 4.

Lee Reisman and his orchestra; guest speaker (WEAF Chain). 5.

Radio Tonight

WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

5:00 p. m.—WEEI String Ensemble.
5:30 NBC, Mystery Girl.
5:45 Limerick program.
5:50 WEEI String Ensemble.
5:55 "The Old Painter."
6:00 Lighthouse and Coast Guard News.
6:30 Time; barometer; thermometer; news.
6:45 Popular program.
7:00 New England Orchestra.
7:30 Political talk.
7:40 Masterpiece Pianist.
7:45 Jesters Male Trio.
8:00 Vocal program.
8:15 NBC, Andy Sannella; novelty orchestra.
8:30 NBC, A. & P. Gypsies Orchestra; male quartet.
9:30 NBC, Frank Black's Orchestra; Brigadiers Quartet.
10:00 NBC, "Adventures of Sherlock Holmes," "The Blanched Soldier."
10:30 NBC, Pan American Concert; United Service Orchestra; soloists.
11:00 E. B. Rideout; news; time.

WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (990kc-303m)

5:00 p. .—NBC, "Rip Van Winkle."
5:30 Stocks; agricultural markets.
5:55 "National Affairs"; time; weather.
6:03 World Bookman; Sport Review.
6:15 Louis Weir, organist.
6:30 Tom Clines's Statler Orchestra.
6:45 NBC, Lowell Thomas, Topics in Brief.
7:00 Time, NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:15 NBC, Jesters Male Trio.
7:30 NBC, Phil Cook.
7:45 Domestic drama.
8:00 Sketchbook program.
8:15 Recorded vocal duo.
8:30 NBC, Balalaika Orchestra.
9:00 NBC, Victor Young's Orchestra; Earle Spicer, baritone.
9:30 NBC, "Real Folks" sketch.
10:00 NBC, Rochester Civic Orchestra; Lucille J. Bigelow, harpist.
10:30 NBC, "Empire Builders" sketch.
11:00 Time; weather; temperature.
11:04 Sport Review.
11:14 Edward McEnelly's Orchestra; time.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—Brer Rabbit Playlets.
5:05 Ted and his Greater Gang.
5:30 "Show Boat"; orchestra.
5:45 Dance orchestra; time.
6:00 Yankee Network Salute to Advertising.
6:30 Shepard Stores Modernists.
6:45 CBS, Mystery story.
7:00 Three political talks.
7:30 CBS program.
7:45 "Bringing Up Father."
8:00 Wonder Man, monologue.
8:15 CBS, Barber Shop Quartet.
8:30 CBS, Beniamino Gigli, tenor; Symphony Orchestra.
9:00 CBS, Leo Reisman and his orchestra; male trio.
9:30 CBS, Vocal soloists; quartet; style radiogram; dance orchestra.
10:00 CBS, Guy Lombardo's Royal Canadians; contralto soloist; piano duo.
10:30 Dance program.
10:45 "Mickie" Alpert's Orchestra.
11:00 Time; news; weather.
11:15 CBS, Leon Belasco's orchestra.
11:30 Jimmie Gallagher and his orchestra.
12:00 Jacques Renard's Orchestra.
12:30 a. m.—Frank Mahler, organist.

WHDH, Boston (880kc-361m)

5:15 p. m.—Dick Lee, pianist.
5:30 Fishermen's Program.
5:45 Organ recital.
6:25 Weather report.
6:30 "The Monitor Views the News."
6:45 Time announcement.

Tomorrow's Features

WEEI

8:00 a. m.—NBC, The Early Birds.
8:30 a. m.—NBC, "Cheerio."
9:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:15 a. m.—NBC, Radio Household Institute.
1:45 p. m.—WEEI Reading Circle.
2:30 p. m.—NBC, Edna Wallace Hopper.
3:30 p. m.—NBC, "Golden Gems"; soloists; orchestra.

WBZA

7:30 a. m.—NBC programs.
9:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:15 a. m.—NBC programs.
12:35 a. m.—NBC, Farm and Home Hour.
1:45 p. m.—Studio and musical.
3:00 p. m.—NBC, "Music in the Air"; Charles Naegele, pianist; Porter Steele, pianist; Mary McCoy, soprano.
3:30 p. m.—Studio and musical.

WNAC

6:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:30 a. m.—CBS programs.
12:00 noon—Studio period.
12:15 p. m.—CBS programs.
1:00 p. m.—Studio and musical.
2:00 p. m.—CBS programs.
3:30 p. m.—WNAC Women's Federation.
4:00 p. m.—CBS programs.

TOWNS TO SPEND $37,770,829

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 28 (AP)—The Connecticut State Committee on Employment last night announced that the total of $37,770,829 represents the value of projects to be carried through in 1931 in 35 towns of Connecticut, as a part of the program in solving the problem of putting unemployed persons to work. This figure was reached through a survey, as yet incomplete.

Music in Boston

Jewish Choral Society

Last night in Jordan Hall the Boston Jewish Choral Society gave its first public concert, assisted by members of the People's Symphony Orchestra. S. Braslavsky conducted, and the soloist was J. O. Glickstein. Stanley Bentley was at the organ. The program comprised Goldmark's "Rustic Wedding" Symphony in E flat major, and three choral numbers by Mr. Braslavsky, Psalm 118, for solo, voice, chorus, orchestra and organ, a paraphrase on a "Chassidic Song" with oboe solo and orchestra, and Psalm 30 for solo voice, chorus, orchestra and organ.

A new mark has been set in the way of choral singing in this city. Numbering in the vicinity of 150 members, this Jewish choral society has accomplished that of which it may be proud. Under the able direction of Mr. Braslavsky, these singers have become so firmly grounded in the fundamentals of ensemble work that they present a well-knit fabric of tone which, as time goes no, should improve in quality and flexibility For Mr. Braslavsky is blessed, apparently, with a group of singers whose voices are clear and melodious, who do not, even at this early stage in their career, shout a fortissimo. They also are obviously endowed with a will to work.

Or. Mr. Braslavsky's ability as a conductor there can be no question. He is sure of himself, he knows what he wants and exactly how to secure it. At present, his climaxes are more forceful than the tone quality of his chorus warrants. The musical median is considerably below the point to which he brings his singers in full voice, yet withal, he makes telling effects, and his work was received with great enthusiasm by an audience of good size.

There was also applause in plenty for Mr. Glickstein, together with the orchestra, which by the way, did some good work in the Goldmark symphony. Under the vital baton of Mr. Braslavsky, this group played in a manner to set one conjecturing upon the probable effect of his baton upon the entire orchestra. There probably would be few dull moments. One can but feel that the Jewish Choral Society has set a high standard for itself, and its progress will be watched with interest.

George Abercrombie

Yesterday afternoon in Jordan Hall George Abercrombie played the following program of piano music: Chorale No. 1 (on an old Hebrew Melody) arranged by Castelnuovo-Tedesco; Prelude and Fugue in C sharp major, by Bach; the Brahms "Ballade in G minor; Beethoven Sonata in C major, Op. 53 ("Waldstein"); Prelude in G sharp minor by Rachmaninoff; "Romp," from the Second Pianoforte Suite by York Bowen; "Nightfall" by Charles T. Griffes; Hungarian Rhapsody No. 8 by Liszt.

A newcomer to Boston audiences, Mr. Abercrombie disclosed a facile technic, adequate in most instances to any task which he now sets it. His touch, however, is not of equal value. He seems not yet to have acquired sufficient warmth to bring out the various hues in the music he plays. Nor does he always appear to feel the curve of melody running through the music. His Bach, for instance, was academically correct—aside from a momentary lapse of memory which is not to be held too seriously against him—but the gracious bow to the subject at its entrance, the slight retard at the close of a cadence—these were the things one missed.

The Chorale with which he opened his program was hardly worth his time or ours, nor did he quite catch the spirit of the Beethoven sonata. The "Romp," by York Bowen, however, revealed the pianist on familiar ground. This sort of thing he does quite acceptably, although a reluctance to give full rein to the humor found in the piece proved a handicap to Mr. Abercombie. Not until he reached "Nightfall," by Griffes, did we hear anything approaching real loveliness in tone. It is encouraging to note that Mr. Abercrombie can summon such tone on occasion, and were he to indulge himself in that direction with more frequency, his recitals would be much more enjoyable.

Gertrude Ehrhart

Saturday afternoon in Jordan Hall, Gertrude Ehrhart, soprano, sang this program to distinctive accompaniments furnished by Isidore Luckstone: "Giunse alfin il momento—Deh Vieni," from "Le Nozze di Figaro" by Mozart; "Chi vuole innamorarsi" by Scarlatti; "Quel ruscelletto" by Paradies; "War ich nicht ein Halm auf frischem Wiesengrund?" by Tchaikovsky; a pair of songs by Richard Strauss, "Die Nacht" and "Morgen;" Schubert's "Gretchen am Spinnrade;" Schumann's "Der Nussbaum;" "Botschaft" by Brahms; Hue's "Vocalise-Etude;" "Que je t'oublie?" by Mr. Luckstone; Moret's "La Lettre;" "Vive amour!" from "Cherubin" by Massenet; a pair of songs by Goossens, "All day I hear the noise of waters," and "O cool is the valley now;" "The Winds" by Walton; Colin Taylor's "The Windmill," and "A Christmas Carol" by Bax.

A large audience was in attendance last Saturday, as usual, when Miss Ehrhart gives a recital. For several seasons past she has decorated her programs with names both piquant and in many instances, scarcely familiar. Saturday's program at once aroused our interest, for on it she placed no out-and-out novelty, nor was there an unfamiliar composer represented. Yet the choice was unusually felicitous. With but two or three exceptions, no song taxed the singer beyond her powers, none was commonplace and most were intrinsically valuable. Miss Ehrhart wisely ignores the lure of operatic arias, except those which demand naught but a pretty voice and a charming manner. Although her voice is fragile in quality, it successfully met the demands of the graceful Mozart aria and somewhat unexpectedly it proved equal to the demands of the song by Tchaikovsky, for there it developed a rather surprising depth of feeling.

Although two numbers followed "The Winds" by Walton, for us the program here reached its climax. It is doubtful if Miss Ehrhart has ever sung with greater power or finer interpretation. One may say in passing that the song demands a "great" voice, yet with the resources at her command, Miss Ehrhart succeeded in giving the illusion of strength far in excess of that which is actually hers. In all, an afternoon of pleasure to which, in no inconsiderable degree, were the contributions of Mr. Luckstone.

Simmons College Glee Club

Saturday night, in Jordan Hall, the Simmons College Glee Club, David Blair McClosky, conductor, sang this program: "Sixteenth Century Air" (The Staines Morris) arranged by Fletcher, "When First We Met" (a round) by Holst, "What Saith My Dainty Darling" by Morley, "Song of the Pedlar" by Williams, "La Bele Yolans" (French twelfth century) arranged by Taylor, "L'Heure Exquise" by Poldowski, "Après un Rêve" by Fauré, two choruses by Converse, "Land of Romance" and "In a Tropic Garden," two also by Mr. McClosky, "Tell Me, Narcissus" and "Gladioli" with text by Carol Rush, Simmons '31. The last group comprised Chadwick's "At the Bride's Gates," "The Snow" by Elgar, "Soul Star" by Bantock and the Brahms-Ambrose arrangement of "Around the Gypsy Fire." The glee club was assisted by Maurine Palmer (McClosky) who sang Shubert's "Erlkönig," "Les Tempes de Lilas" by Chausson, "Chanson du Tigre" by Massé "The Bird" by Fiske, "Iris" by Daniel Wolf and Bantock's "A Feast of Lanterns." She was also heard in the solo passages of the choral number by Poldowski. Faith Allen at the piano gave adequate support to the chorus, and Howard Slayman played the accompaniments for Mrs. McClosky.

It would appear that the Simmons Glee Club intends to make its concerts an annual event. On Saturday night the club disclosed voices that were fresh and naturally sweet, yet the quality could be appreciably improved with very little effort on the part of the singers or the conductor. The first chorus was sung in the traditional manner associated with the early English dance-songs, and was brisk in tempo and crisp of phrase. Perhaps a lack of confidence in their own ability caused the singers to offer a much too vigorous version of the round by Holst, but in the "Song of the Pedlar" they returned to the simple, clean-cut work earlier in evidence.

In their second group of songs the singers appeared more sure of their ground. So for that matter, did their conductor. The Poldowski and Fauré numbers received notable performances. The Converse numbers revealed that composer's usual scholarly craftsmanship, but they were not, on the whole, as successfully sung as Mr. McClosky's own tuneful though much less pretentious pair of choruses, which seem to lie uncommonly well for the voices. Of the last group offered we remember best "The Snow," by Elgar, in which the voices were blended into a remarkably fine quality of tone. Of the songs presented by Mrs. McClosky we found "Chanson du Tigre" and "The Bird" by far the most interesting.

G. M. S.

Dorothy Gordon

Dorothy Gordon gave a "Young People's Concert Hour" at the Repertory Theater on Saturday morning. Most of her audience was very, very young, which was fitting as we shall see. For it was Christopher Robin, with his friend Pooh Bear beside him, who sang the closing numbers of the program, Milne's verses set to music by H. Fraser Simpson.

Miss Gordon presented a charming picture in the bright green frock with white frilling she wore for the "British Isles" group, which could be either English or Irish, according to what you had on your head. That is, the white-frilled cap was English; the black hat tied on top of that was Irish; and a plaid shawl gave the Scotch touch. Wales was left out perhaps because of the consonants. Miss Gordon sang: "When I Was a Young Girl," "Can Ye Sew Cushions?" "Dumb, Dumb, Dumb," "The Old Woman and the Pedlar," folk songs familiar in their nursery rhyme counterparts, if not in themselves.

The second group, the "Continental Folk Songs," was most delightful. In her speech and in her singing, Miss Gordon made every word intelligible. The foreign songs she translated first, and with the aid of pantomime the meaning was clear to even the littlest ones. Here Miss Gordon set up the desirability of the "international squint" before her listeners. "People are much the same the world over," she said, "in their hearts. They sing gay songs when they are happy, and sad ones when they are sorrowful. The little differences are in surroundings and dress." This she proved by the versatile play of headdress, scarves, and aprons, over a foundation peasant costume of black velvet bodice with white muslin sleeves and wide petticoats of solid color or flowery pattern, as the song required. The songs were from Russia, Bavaria, Alsace, Provence, Lombardy, and Portugal.

Dorothy Gordon has a way with her; and a way with children. She knows they always like to take part, too. So she invited them to sing as a round, "Frère Jacques," which she was sure they all knew. This went off acceptably, to the children. And later, she took them even more to her heart by asking the boys to whistle for her when she got stuck, and the girls to sing a little phrase of chorus

The third group of American Folk Songs was sung in an enchanting old southern costume. "Grandma Grunts"; (the occasion for the whistle); "The Little Pig"; "Great Big Dog"; "Shortnin' Bread"; "Frog Went a-Courtin," a version of "The Frog Who Would a-Wooing Go."

It was a little surprise to see Miss Gordon drop the becoming picturesque garments and come right down to being Christopher Robin, blue smock and everything. "It's just what Christopher Robin wears," sighed Apple-faced Anne from the fullness of contentment, "and doesn't Pooh Bear look natural? I wish she'd go on singing forever."

Boston Art Notes

Goodman-Walker Print Shop

Though the name of Käthe Kollwitz is seldom seen in Boston art shows, she is one of the outstanding print makers in Germany. Frequently in the streets of Berlin, one passes a shop which has devoted a whole window to the display of her prints. A book has been published about her. Her name never fails to appear in publications on contemporary German art. Some of her work is on view at the Goodman-Walker Print Shop.

Käthe Kollwitz can rest upon her merit as a craftswoman alone. In lithograph, etching, aquatint, she works with an assurance of the qualities that are her aim. She knows the limitations; she also knows the potentialities of the lines and surfaces. Often she resorts to two methods on one plate, one to enhance the other. At times her line is frail, though it can be bold, almost brutal. Atmospheric effect is her forte. She is capable, whether she is making a composition around a dramatic idea or a simple portrait, of evoking a sense of the surrounding quiet or tumult which deepens the import. Even moments of pathos are rendered with control and balance. The graphic significance and the drama blend, one enlarges the other. The type of drama she depicts could very well make a sharp turn in other hands toward the frankly illustrational.

Käthe Kollwitz interests us also as a woman. Though many women paint in this day, comparatively few have attained the front rank. Those who have seem to add a quality which draws in some imperceptible way upon feminine instinct and insight. The French have their Laurencin, the Americans have Georgia O'Keeffe. What a treatise could be written on these three women as symbols. Of the three, Kollwitz is the most human, the most terrestrial, the strongest. She combines the tenderness and strength that are supposed to be qualities of the superior woman. Her self-portraits reveal that type of woman which has not been sequestrated in the confining and protecting walls of a comfortable studio. There are several self-portraits in this exhibition.

Grace Horne's Gallery

Mary S. Powers shows paintings and water colors at Grace Horne's Gallery on Stuart Street. Subjects of Jamaica abound, dark-skinned natives, trees and plants and countryside.

Miss Powers has a special leaning toward the botanical. She depicts leaves and blossoms with a detail that indicates watchfulness. A still-life entitled "Jamaican Flowers" is made with good taste and delicacy and genuine appreciation for the flower forms. Among other subjects are "Calabash Tree," "Duppy Cups," "Jamaican Seed Pods," "Poinsettias."

Vleeb

V. Lee Burton, or Vleeb, young cartoonist, known locally for her drawings which appear on the drama page of the Boston Evening Transcript, is exhibiting several drawings at the Boston Public Library. She has an undoubted talent. Her eye is quick to catch salient gestures, eccentric twists, the jerks and tilts and gesticulations which individualize well-known artists of the dance and stage. Miss Burton finds Angna Enters a constant source of inspiration, also Mary Wigman, and the Georgi-Kreutzberg duo. She seems to enjoy the subjects which resort to very elastic curvature, to violence of motion. Her drawing resembles that of Stella Block, shown in Boston last year.

She has the failing of the young artist—lack of respect for line and surface. Occasionally her work is shoddy, the lines are uncertain, the detail blurred.

Art Notes

The Boston Athenæum has received a bust of Elizabeth Barrett Browning by William Waldo Story, gift of the heirs of the late Thornton K. Lothrop. It may be seen in the reading room.

A loan exhibition of drawings and etchings by Goya is on view at the Fogg Museum of Art, Harvard University.

D. A.

Amusements

Branson de Cou

Branson de Cou brought a group of new "Dream Pictures" to Symphony Hall on Saturday afternoon, illustrating the strange scenic wonders of "Our Colorful Southwest."

Mr. de Cou's travels always take him off the beaten track. He goes to places difficult to reach, that the ordinary tourist seldom sees, and makes the photographs himself. (These are later colored by Augusta A. Heyder of Newark, N. J.) He uses only still pictures, but they are pictures of distinction. Those who think they might miss the thronged streets, the people and general bustle of motion picture views, should try spending one afternoon at least in nature's vast impressive solitudes, with Mr. de Cou, and see if they don't find it restful.

The musical interludes also add to the restful quality of these travelogues—although Mr. de Cou is one of the easiest talkers to listen to. He can make you hear what he is saying without seeming to make an effort to do so, and he is never a bore. He chats on in the most natural style, and there is rare humor, sometimes in the mere inflection of his voice. Nevertheless, the periods of music though mechanical, provide a pleasant quiet way to watch the marvelous views melt into one another as in a dream.

Mr. de Cou first showed us Death Valley, which gave one the feeling, he said, of having left the earth for the moon. Indeed, the queer, bare ribbed walls, the hills of sulphur and the dunes, looking so minute from a distance, so sizable at close range, did seem to have some relation to our conception of moon topography. Prokofieff's "Suggestion Diabolique" was an amusingly fitting commentary on the most outstanding of these pictures.

Mr. de Cou also showed new studies of the Grand Canyon, from the south rim, and we agree with him that pictures cannot do justice to this subject. Nor can Rachmaninoff's popular Prelude, recorded by Hofmann, give real enrichment. He showed the fascinating Carlsbad Caverns, the petrified forests of Arizona, a fairy world of semi-precious jewels; cliff-dwellings, pueblos, mesas and other indications of Indian life.

And here we must decide what perhaps people are important after all. For on reflection, we discover that the most interesting parts of the lecture were those dealing with the three Indian tribes who occupy this territory. The portrait studies of the Navajos showed faces of great strength and character. One hero, of massive shoulders and fine, commanding face, drew, for his very appearance of power, a spontaneous outburst of applause. The Pueblos' way of living was perhaps of more interest than the Pueblo type itself.

The climax of the afternoon was intended to be the Snake Dance of the Hopi Indians. Mr. de Cou did the best he could. He brought what pictures he had, taken 18 years ago, before photographing the dance was prohibited. Mr. de Cou's remarks gave a much clearer idea of the 20-day ceremony ending in the dance ritual. After his verbal description, the pictures seemed inadequate. An actual record of the Chant of the Snake Dance, made by the Hopi Indians, was used here.

The "Dream Pictures" will continue at Symphony Hall for the next two consecutive Saturdays: March 7, "The Holy Land"; March 14, "Unusual Europe."

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Robert Herrick's Lyrics

LET us forget everything else about Herrick for an hour, and have a happy discussion of his most beautiful lyrical qualities.

First let us consider his choice of subjects. He wields his pen from the infinitesimal to infinity. This variety could not be better expressed than in his own words:

"I sing of brooks, of blossoms, birds, and bowers,
Of April, May, of June and July flowers;
I sing of May-poles, hock-carts, wassails, wakes;
Of bridegrooms, brides, and of their bridal-cakes. . . .
I sing of times trans-shifting; and I write.
How roses first came red, and lillies white.
I write of groves, of twilights, and I sing
The court of Mab, and of the Fairie-king.
I write of hell; I sing, and ever shall
Of heaven, and hope to have it after all."

Herrick, far beyond all the poets of his age, was an artist, and the air of consciousness that mingles with his simplicity shows that he handled sentiments and words in a meter mainly with a view to the beauty of expression. One charm of his poetry is its refreshing daintiness. In one bright season are daffodils and violets, "millions of Lillies Mixt With Roses," tulips, pansies, marigolds, daisies, the cherry and the oak, laurels and cypresses, grapes and strawberries, spring standing side by side with purple harvest and cozy winter. Here in his poems are all exquisite scents, new rain on turf and tree, the smoke of quaint poetical sacrifices,

"The smell of morning's milk and cream,
Butter of cowslips mixt with them,
Of rosted wardin, or bak'd peare,"

"the flowre of blooming close," "essense of Jassimine honey just brought in by bees," the perfume of youth and love and joy. Then, too, there are delicate forms of precious colors, and smooth narratives of a thousand rural customs, which only he can tell so vividly.

Herrick was one of those bards who sang because it was impossible for him to help it. Never does this singer tire of persuading us to join in the rendering of pure delight to which nature invites us on every side, even though a strain of regret may ever and anon steal into the happy music as the transiency of this earthly paradise flies across the poetic vision. He keeps hold of happiness with a firm but joyous grip. Why not enjoy the beauties of the present even though they be but fleeting fantasies?

We know of no English poet who so wholly gives himself up to his present feelings, who is so much heart and soul in what he writes, in spite of what the critics say to the contrary. The spirit of song dances in his veins, it flutters around his lips; now bursting into the joyful and hearty voice of the epicurean, now uttering feeling of the most delicate pensiveness. He has passages where the thought seems to dance into numbers from his very heart, and where he frolics like a being made up of melody and pleasure, as where he sings,

"Gather ye rose buds while ye may."

Sometimes he tricks out his raptures of devotion with the blithest figures of speech:

"Lord, I am like to mistletoe,
Which has no root, and cannot grow
Or prosper, but by that same tree
It clings about; so I by thee."

It has been asserted with tiresome reiteration that Herrick derives most of his inspiration from the old Latin poets. He has been called the English Anacreon; he might have been styled every whit as wisely the English Catullus or the British Horace. The truth is, Herrick shared, in common with those ancient bards, that intense love of earth and earthly pleasures which informs all her chosen singers. We find him ready enough to claim an intellectual comradeship, as witness his lines, "To live merrily and to trust good verses." Homer, Virgil, Ovid, Catullus, Propertius, and Tibullus are all pledged in successive verses. A knowledge and love of the classics was universal in his day. Every poet assimilated somewhat of this style and form, and if Herrick showed a partiality for those Latin bards who sang joy and merriment they were the natural preferences of a man of his temperament. And we can justly say that no man has a stronger or more distinct individuality than his.

Much also has been said of his religious beliefs. Critic after critic has pronounced him an atheist and hypocrite. But this is mere nonsense to those who have read his "Noble Numbers." I believe he gives us a clear sense of his worship in his "Thanksgiving to God for His House."

"Lord, thou hast given me a cell
Wherein to dwell:
A little house, whose humble roof
Is weather proof;
Under the sparres of which I lie
Both soft and drie; . . .
Some brittle sticks of Thorn or Briar
Make me a fire,
Close by whose living coale I sit,
And glow like it.
Lord, I confesse, too, when I dine
The pulse is Thine,
And all those other bits, that bee
There plac'd by Thee,
The worts, the purslain, and the messe
Of water-cresse,
Which of Thy kindness Thou hast sent;
And my content
Makes those, and my beloved beet,
To be more sweet.

When writing of the homely, common things, this poet is at his best. He belongs by birth and breeding to the strong home-loving, prudent bourgeoise of Elizabeth's England. Something of this has gone into his verse. Indeed, I think we nowhere else come so close to his unborrowed feelings as we do in those humble poems which tell of the physical peace and comfort of a quiet home. As soon as he turns from his Perthas and Antheas to his servant and housekeeper, Prudence Baldwin, we see the poet as he is and live the poems along with him.

"These summer birds did with their master stay
The times of warmth, but then they flew away.
Leaving their poet being now grown old,
Expos'd to all the winter's coming cold,
But thou, kind Prew, dids't with my fates abide.
As well the winter's as the summer's tide:
For which thy love, loves with the master here,
Not two, but all the seasons of the year."

Herrick never wrote with a sweeter pathos than in his songs to children. His tiny, unassuming "Grace for a Child" has the remarkable quality of being able to be read and reread without reservation of praise or diminution of pleasure on the part of the reader:

"Here a little child I stand,
Heaving up my either hand;
Cold as paddocks though they be,
Here I lift them up to Thee,
For a benison to fall
On our meat, and on us all."

A fine thing incomparably said, instantly becomes familiar, and has henceforth an excellence. Though it may have been said three hundred years ago, it is as modern as yesterday; though it may have been said yesterday, it has the trick of seeming to have been always in our keeping. This quality of remoteness and nearness belongs in no small degree to Herrick's poems. They are as novel today as they were on the lips of a choice few of his contemporaries, who, in trading them, in their freshness, must surely have been aware here and there, of the ageless grace of old idyllic poets far away.

Herrick was the bearer of no weighty message to the world, and such message as he had he was apparently in no hurry to deliver. He was nearly sixty years old when he published the "Hesperides." The brevity of his poems would place him among the minor singers; his workmanship places him among the masters. Much of his work is as exquisite and precise as Cellini's chasing, and none of his work is hastily done.

M. A.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

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Maria Mitchell With Children

But the most agreeable of our meetings was with Miss Maria Mitchell, the astronomer, who, like ourselves, was stopping a few days in Paris on her way to Rome. She desired the protection of our company on the journey, though, as my father remarked, she looked well able to take care of herself. She was at this time about forty years old; born in Nantucket; the plainest, simplest, heartiest of women, with a face browned by the sun, of which she evidently was accustomed to see as much as of the other stars in the heavens. Her mouth was resolute and full of expression; but her remarkable feature was her eyes, which were dark and powerful, and had the kindest and most magnetic look of comradeship in them. Her dark hair was a little grizzled. She was dressed in plain gray, and was active and energetic in her movements. She was, as the world knows, a woman of unusual intellect and character; but she had lived alone with her constellations, having little contact with the world or practical knowledge of it, so that in many respects she was still as much a child as I was, and I immediately knew her for my friend and playmate and I loved her with all my heart.

There was a charming quaintness and innocence about her, and an immense, healthy curiosity about this new old world and its contents. She had a great flow of native, spontaneous humor, and could say nothing that was not juicy and poignant. She was old-fashioned, yet full of modern impulses and tendencies; warm-hearted impulsive, but rich in homely common sense. Though bold as a lion, she was, nevertheless, beset with the funniest feminine timidities and misgivings, due mainly, I suppose, to her unfamiliarity with the ways of the world. There was already a friendship of long standing between her and Miss Shepard, and they did much of their sightseeing during the coming year together, and debated between themselves over the statues and pictures.

Her talk with us children was of the fine, countrified, racy quality which we could not resist; and in the evenings, as we journeyed along, she told us tales of the stars and gave us their names. On the steamer going to Genoa, one night she pointed out to me the constellation Orion, then riding high aloft in glittering beauty, and I kindly communicated to my parents the information that the three mighty stars were known to men as O'Brien's Belt. This was added to the ball of jollity as a household word.—JULIAN HAWTHORNE, in "Hawthorne and His Circle."

Warrandyte Road in the Australian Bush. From a Lino-cut by Nutter Buzacott

Fiction of Washington Square

Henry James, in his novel Washington Square, speaks of the locality having "a kind of established repose which is not of frequent occurrence in other quarters of the long, shrill city; it has a richer, riper look than any of the upper ramifications of the great longitudinal thoroughfare—the look of having had something of a social history." Probably in the last words we have the key to the hold which the Square has had on almost every novelist who has written of New York life. An imaginary circle, with its centre in the white Memorial Arch and a radius of five or six hundred yards, would hold fully one-half of what is best in the local colour of New York fiction. In the two short blocks from Macdougal Street to Washington Square East, along the north side of the quadrangle, are many of the structures that have served in the fiction of Brander Matthews, Henry James, F. Hopkinson Smith, Edward W. Townsend, and Julian Ralph. On the south side lived Captain Peters and Philip Morrow. Only a few blocks away are the Casa Napoleon of Janvier, the structure in which Colonel Carter lived; the Garibaldi of James L. Ford; the office of Every Other Week exploited in A Hazard of New Fortunes; the house where Van Bibber found his burglar; the home of the Lauderdales—the list is a very long one. And it is curious to note that novelists, who elsewhere are at best superficial, here become sincere and convincing. Dr. Sloper's house, described in Henry James's Washington Square, is on the north side of the Square, between Fifth Avenue and Macdougal Street. In 1835, when Dr. Sloper first took possession, moving uptown from the neighbourhood of the City Hall, which had seen its best days socially, the Square, then the ideal of quiet and genteel retirement, was enclosed by a wooden paling. The structure in which the Slopers lived, and its neighbours, were then supposed to embody the last results of architectural science. . . .

In one of the brick houses with white trimmings on Waverley Place, to the east of the Arch, lived Miss Grandish (in Julian Ralph's People We Pass). Petey Burke, from the sidewalk opposite, watched the comings and goings of Jenson, the Husband of Agnes Whitfield, the angel of the Big Barracks tenement on Forsythe Street. The striking social contrast presented by the north and south sides of the Square was admirably caught by Mr. Townsend in "Just across the Square." F. Hopkinson Smith brings in the Square in Caleb West, Sanford living in a five-room apartment at the top of a house with dormer windows on the north side. His guests looking out could see the "night life of the Park, miniature figures strolling about under the trees, flashing in brilliant light or swallowed up in dense shadow as they passed in the glare of the many lamps scattered among the budding foliage." Another of these houses was tenanted by Mrs. Delaney, of Edgar Fawcett's Rutherford; and the Square was the scene of Mrs. Burton Harrison's Sweet Bells out of Tune.—ARTHUR BARTLETT MAURICE, in "New York in Fiction."

Our Podere in Italy

Our podere is charming to ramble over in the springtime. Wild flowers abound, transfiguring it into a garden of the gods and a playground of the fairies. Daffodils grow everywhere in it. Narcissi of every kindred and tribe—primrose colour and orange, single and double, biflorus and polyanthus—lie in friendly clumps and patches like cloth-of-gold on the sward, some courting the sun on bold, rocky banks, others sequestered under the deep lee of crumbling stone walls. Purple wild flowers, fragile and chaste, but unsociable in disposition, rise shyly and singly, yet plentifully, amongst the young green corn. Blue irises, the true Florentine lily, in myriads lie under the vines and olives, and along the margins of the grassy paths wandering everywhere and going nowhere. Tulips, crimson and tall, lift their flaming heads aloft, striking the eye with opulence of colour and haughtiness of mien. Middle-class borage smiles in its simple azure sweetness wherever the feet wander, and highly-bred gladioli, the wild aristocrats of the podere, cluster under the blossoming vines, dominating the growing corn, their crimson plumes waving gaily in the amorous sunlight.

When the fruit-trees blossom in the podere never was orchard-land in Kent more magnificently apparelled. Almond-trees and peaches, pear-trees and apricots and cherries flush it with their pink-and-white blossoms—fairy-land could not be so wonderful, paradise could not excel in beauty. It is a poet's vision and a painter's picture of celestial landscape, a happy dreamland of wonderment, a gorgeous cloudland of silvery mist, toned with soft rose-hues and diapered with tender olive-grey—colours and combinations, rare and subtle, no artist's brush can transfer to canvas. With due respect to J. M. W. Turner's "Crossing the Brook," nature holds the record as the great landscape artist.

The scene is just a marvellous riot of colour, blending into sweet, ethereal loveliness, set gemlike in a fold of the land on the green hillside. Here you can lie in the sun, deep-cradled in flowers and embowered in the fresh, glad tumult of leaf and blossom and bough quivering overhead.—J. LUCAS, in "Our Villa in Italy."

Two Migrating

Down the long slope among huge boulders, the river splashed and gurgled noisily over its stony bed, turning sharply at the bottom into a long straight flat, lined by alders and pollard willows, with here and there a sturdy oak tree perched precariously on the edge of the crumbling bank.

Beneath the race there is a deep pool of slack water, on the inner side of the bend, overhung by thorn bush and brier, and bridged by a fallen poplar. In and out among the submerged branches of the tree, a dim shadow is gliding restlessly, barely discernible against the weed-grown bottom, as of one who, while recognising delay as inevitable, cannot yet accept it with philosophy. Suddenly from out of the welter of waters at the foot of the rapids, another creature almost identical, though perhaps a little smaller, is projected into the pool as though shot from a catapult.

Then for a time the quiet backwater is alive with fish—or so it seems. Up and down, backward and forward, in and out, they flash, now splashing on the surface—a glimpse of golden yellow bodies—now streaking downward into the dimness far beneath, only to reappear an instant later, struggling in the shallows under the farther bank. There is no ferocity in the chase, however, and no harm intended, as the newcomer well knows, and presently the two trout are swimming about together, evidently enjoying one another's company.

For some days the river, owing to an unusually long spell of dry weather, continued to shrink, thus making the ascent of the rapids more and more difficult, if not absolutely impossible. During this time many other fish arrived in the quiet stretch below, some of the more venturesome even essaying the difficult task, only to find the barrier of huge half-submerged boulders impassable, and to be flung back again by the racing current, as had happened to the two in the pool.

Halfway through the morning of the fourth day, the distant hills, which at sunrise had stood out so clearly defined against the glowing colors of the eastern horizon, became shrouded by great masses of black clouds, from which a gray curtain, growing rapidly more opaque, hung aslant across the sky. Within a few hours the river was rising appreciably; by nightfall it was running bank high, and the migrating fish, recognising their opportunity, had already begun to swim steadily forward close under the bank, thus escaping the full force of the torrent in midstream.

How far they journeyed during the night, or whether their progress was continued uninterruptedly none could say, but that not much time was wasted is certain, for a few days later the two fish, easily recognisable by the peculiar light golden color of the male, were several miles upstream, not only having made their way successfully through the rapids, but also surmounted two intervening weirs.

Here the stream, though narrower, is still full to the brim, and rushing toward the valley as fast as a trotting horse. There is a gale blowing from the southwest, driving the heavy rainstorms horizontally across the countryside, so that the steady roar clearly to be heard during the infrequent lulls of the tempest might well be mistaken for the deeper note of the wind among the trees.

It is on the farther side of the wood, however, around a sharp bend where a solitary silver birch stands upright amid a mass of broken rock and stones, that the swollen waters of the river are pouring in a sheet of palest amber over a rocky ledge, to fall with the sound of distant thunder into the heaving, bubbling cauldron below. Surely, one would think, with reason, no trout that ever sought the quiet gravel beds under the moorland hills can hope to swim in pounding waters such as these, or spring upward against the falling flood, through the white veil of its spray.

But see! There is a flicker in the boiling froth; a flash halfway up the fall; a splash as the baffled fish drops back.

A quarter of an hour passes without another attempt, as though perhaps the two travelers consult together as to the best spot at which to try again; but be that as it may, suddenly they leap, well-nigh together, swimming vertically and thrusting upward against the current. Now they reach the glistening lip with writhing bodies and many a flap of powerful tails, to bore a way, inch by inch, into the racing glissade above.

And so in due time the fish are safely swimming over the sand and pebbles of the higher reaches, where the narrowing stream bubbles merrily between banks so low that one might cross with a single stride.

Innis-Loe

You wake slowly at Innis-Loe,
If the year is at early March;
For Innis-Loe is near the rice lands and the sea.
Slowly, not breaking the cardinal's song
That began in your sleep.
If you do not interrupt him,
Or tilt his twig when you throw back the blind,
He will not call "wet weather!"
And you want to go to the pool in the woods
When the sun can go with you,
Kneeling its way through the dark pines.
The shadows there are thick as walls,
And as you go you will want to cling
To a little finger of the sun.

You step through the big window,
Shaking the dreams from you,
But they fall about your knees and feet,
And you push along slowly
Through the land of Aladdin. . . .

But deep in the vine-haired forest,
Behind the black wall of the pines,
The pool lies like a guarded maiden,
And you hear her whisper:
"Do not fear, little heart!
Men took a world from my wilderness,
And broke it as a plaything,
But it is coming back to us. . . ."

And the green ropes of the running bamboo
Echo along their tangled miles,
"Do not fear, little heart;
Our cables will hold."

—OLIVE TILFORD DARGAN, in "Lute and Furrow."

The Small Moon Lightens

The clouds have left the sky,
The wind hath left the sea,
The half-moon up on high
Shrinketh her face of dree.

She lightens on the comb
Of leaden waves, that roar
And thrust their hurried foam
Up on the dusky shore.

Behind the western bars
The shrouded day retreats,
And unperceived the stars
Steal to their sovran seats.

And whiter grows the foam,
The small moon lightens more;
And as I turn me home,
My shadow walks before.

—From "The Poetical Works of Robert Bridges."

Freedom

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

EVERYBODY wishes to be free. From the earliest times civil liberties have been highly prized possessions, often gained at a great cost. The fundamental rights which the most progressive governments guarantee to their citizens or subjects, freedom of worship, trial by jury, orderly speech, and the like, are zealously guarded. No modern state can deprive its citizens of them and long survive. In the United States they are generally associated with that great charter of American rights, the Declaration of Independence. Herein may be found the statement that all men are equally entitled to "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

In the light of Christian Science, however, freedom is seen to include much more than a certain number of civil liberties. These, indeed, only foreshadow a higher freedom, which is God-bestowed. Taking as its basis the Bible statement that God gave man dominion over all the earth, Christian Science insists that man, who is made in God's image, is absolutely free of any necessity to sin, to suffer, or in any wise to come under the bondage of material conditions. It teaches, and increasingly enables one to prove, that mortal man's seeming enslavement to these errors comes from ignorance of his God-given dominion over them. In the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" by Mary Baker Eddy, may be found the statement (p. 227): "Discerning the rights of man, we cannot fail to foresee the doom of all oppression. Slavery is not the legitimate state of man. God made man free."

It will be noted that Mrs. Eddy not only asserts that man is free, but gives the reason why. God made him so. Once this fact is fully realized and persistently maintained, the false fetters which seem to hold humanity in bondage will be dissolved. In due course sin, sickness, lack, unemployment—indeed, all untoward conditions—must inevitably yield to that which Jesus termed "the truth," and which he said would make men "free." But he also said they must "know" it.

By "knowing the truth," as the thought is often expressed in Christian Science, one persists in acknowledging harmony, even though the material senses assert that discord is present. And this is not a blind denial, as many unacquainted with Christian Science are apt to believe, but is the intelligent substitution of spiritual perfection for a belief in its impairment. By this substitution one is enabled to overthrow the seeming evidence before the material senses with the higher evidence which spiritual sense leads him to discern.

As Jesus' statement insists, however, one must "know," instead of merely believe, if this truth is to become humanly available. It is a spiritual fact that man has been created, as the Bible tells us, in "his [God's] own image," and that man consequently possesses "dominion." But the material senses do not support this conclusion. According to their false testimony, man is a creature of flesh and blood, by no means independent, but rather subject to sin, disease, and finally death. It must be evident to any thinker that this disagreement between Holy Writ and human sense demands the rejection of one or the other. Which shall it be? Obviously, there cannot be two creations. Now Christian Science accepts as true the full account of spiritual creation set forth in the Bible. It points to Jesus' healing and saving work as proof positive that man, rightly seen, is spiritual and perfect. This healing work, which accompanies a recognition of man's true being, distinguishes the Christian Science movement today.

It may be said that any demonstration of spiritual power leading to freedom rests on a twofold basis. First, one must become convinced of the truth of the Biblical account which states that man was created perfect—in God's image and likeness. Then, with consciousness imbued with this truth, one must refuse to acknowledge as either true or real any testimony on the part of material sense attempting to deny this fact. This, indeed, is the truth that frees. The rapidity of one's release will depend upon clarity of understanding. Most of Jesus' healings were instantaneous. He was so conscious of the perfect creation of God that almost always any false evidence as to imperfection was immediately rebuked and cast out.

When aware of their exclusion from just civil rights, citizens make every effort to obtain them. In many cases, oppressed peoples have even resorted to the violence of revolution with the hope of gaining justice. How very earnestly, then, should mankind seek its higher rights! Freedom from every form of bondage belongs to all God's children; nothing can deprive anyone of this divine freedom except servile acceptance of that which by its very nature could never have been created by God, the Giver of all good and of good alone.

The recognition of God-created perfection is the truth which is destined to end all thralldom to false beliefs. Today, Christian Scientists everywhere are reaching out for this understanding and measurably obtaining it; for the steady growth of Christian Science eloquently proves that it is successfully teaching men a knowledge of their freedom from discord as children of God.

A Prayer-Meeting in India

It was half-past eight in the evening when Miss Forsythe, a Methodist missionary, and I reached the courtyard where she was to hold a service. The ryots were coming in from the fields. They had gone to work at five in the morning, as is their custom. About noon, the women took them their first meal, probably a cereal and vegetable curry. After eating, they slept for an hour or two, through the intense heat. Then they worked until dark. While the moonlight lasted they worked on into the night.

A charpoy was lifted into the courtyard for us to sit on. Men and children stood watching. Three women peered round the corner of a hut. We beckoned to them, and they squatted beside us, their backs to the men, their saris drawn over their faces.

A ryot with a gourd drum squatted near by. Another man had a crude violin with a thick round body, which he played like a cello. A third had silver cymbals. While the ryots straggled in from the fields the musicians played and sang. Beyond the score of women at our feet sat a circle of children, most of them very still, holding small brothers and sisters. The outer fringe was of men, supperless, just as they had come from the fields.

The padre, or Indian preacher, a kindly looking old man, wore a long yellow tunic. He showed late arrivals where to sit, whispered to the children, suggested the next song. They sang homely Christian sentiments to their own Hindu melodies. The music was fascinating. The drummer beat with one hand a low muffled accompaniment, like distant thunder. On the other side of the drum, he rolled a rapid staccato, with his fingers, breaking it suddenly with an explosive bang. The cymbals were not the strident brass of our jazz bands, but a tinkling, silvery accompaniment with sudden sharp clashes that made me tingle.

The moon rose higher, and its light glorified the mud walls and sagging thatched roofs that framed the courtyard, the litter of straw in a corner where cows lay munching. A peasant's dingy, sweat-stained scarf gleamed white as silver against the dark body of his neighbor clad only in a loin cloth.

The meeting lasted until half-past ten. The missionary broke it up. . . . The Indians who had been working since dawn in the blazing sun, with only one frugal meal, would have sat there indefinitely. Not one of them that I could see went to sleep. . . .

I tried to imagine getting a group of our farmers to attend prayer meeting under such circumstances. I wondered what was keeping those ryots awake and alert. Was the promise of Christianity so stimulating that they forgot the weariness of the flesh? Did the two strange memsahibs make it a festive event? Or was it the music—any excuse for sitting together and singing their own familiar tunes? I can imagine that for the "Untouchables," Christianity is actually thrilling in its promise of emancipation, not only for them, but for their children's children.—"Understanding India," by GERTRUDE MARVIN WILLIAMS.

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WOMEN

Elsie Mueller, New York	90
Helen Bina, Chicago	50
Elizabeth du Bois, Chicago	40
Dorothy Frainey, St. Paul	30
Liela Brooks Porter, Toronto	20
Flossie Hurd, Toronto	10

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO, March 2—In the North American indoor speed skating championship on the Chicago Stadium ice, Frank Stack of the Amphion A. C. here won the men's senior title and Miss Elsie Mueller of New York won the women's senior crown. They compiled 90 points each, Stack winning three of five firsts and Miss Mueller three of four firsts in the two-day tourney which brought contenders from many parts of the United States and Canada.

Stack defeated Ross L. Robinson of Toronto, the Canadian champion, in the one-mile race. The Chicago boy let Robinson and others set the pace for several laps. Finally Stack jumped into second place and dashed around the curves inches behind Robinson. On the final lap Stack seized the lead and pulled away rapidly to finish in 8m. 16.8s.

Miss Mueller added the 440-yard contest to her list in the new championship record time of 44.2s., which was an improvement of 8s. The summary:

NORTH AMERICAN INDOOR SPEED SKATING SENIOR CHAMPIONSHIPS—Men

880-Yards—Won by J. R. Webster, St. Paul; M. E. Johnson, Detroit, second; Charles Delphier, Detroit, third. Time 1m. 22s.

One Mile—Won by Frank Stack, Chicago; Ross L. Robinson, Toronto, second; E. J. Schroeder, Chicago, third. Time—3m. 16.8s.

Women's Events

440-Yards—Won by Elsie Mueller, New York; Helen Bina, Chicago, second; Elizabeth du Bois, Chicago, third. Time—44.2s. (New championship record).

One Mile—Won by Elsie Mueller, New York; Liela Brooks Porter, Toronto, second; Flossie Hurd, Toronto, third. Time—3m. 16.2s.

Seeded Stars Win in Squash Tennis

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK, March 2—Nineteen players from nine clubs, are the survivors of the week-end in the United States amateur squash tennis championship, at the New York Athletic Club, including all eight of the seeded players. This list will be reduced to eight today, and would have been at 16 yesterday, but for the belated arrival of C. L. Harrison, from Cincinnati, who is two rounds behind the balance of the field, but hopes to make it up.

Several of the seeded stars, however, had hard battles before they could eliminate their opponents, Rowland B. Haines, Columbia University Club, was especially hard put to defeat Frederick J. Walters Jr., former United States Class C champion, who took the former champion to five hard-fought games with his soft side-wall shots. Haines managed to come through victor at 15—5, 15—5, 14—17, 16—17, 15—3.

Philip T. Moore, seeded third, also of the Columbia University Club, dropped a game to R. C. Hynson of Princeton Club, and was close to winning the fourth game. He will encounter Milton Baron, of the Fraternity Club, and though the latter has not been playing much this season, he is likely to give the new star a thorough trying out, if he does not win. The summary:

UNITED STATES AMATEUR SQUASH TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP—First Round

C. H. Donner, Princeton Club, won from R. H. Reutter, Columbia U. C., by default.

R. M. Kirkland, N. Y. A. C., defeated L. S. Green, City S. C., 15—6, 15—3, 15—9.

J. B. Quincy, N. Y. A. C., defeated L. H. Sonneborn, Yale Club, 18—15, 5—15, 15—11, 11—15, 15—7.

H. S. Thorne, Yale Club, won from F. R. Hanson Jr., Columbia U. C., by default.

R. B. Haines, Columbia U. C., defeated F. J. Walters Jr., Princeton Club, 15—8, 15—5, 14—17, 16—17, 15—3.

J. C. Tredwell, Crescent A. C., won from J. Benedict, Cincinnati, by default.

Barnwell Elliott, N. Y. A. C., defeated P. J. Cohalan, N. Y. A. C., 15—7, 12—15, 9—15, 15—6, 15—12.

Second Round

H. F. Wolf, N. Y. A. C., won from J. S. Davidson, Yale Club, by default.

F. M. Loughman, N. Y. A. C., defeated C. E. Cameron, Essex Club, 15—2, 10—15, 15—2, 15—13.

E. R. Larigan, Crescent A. C., defeated H. K. Sayen, Fraternity Club, 15—5, 15—7, 15—7.

Harvey A. Mayer, City A. C., defeated Fergus Reid Jr., Yale Club, 15—8, 15—12, 17—15.

Edward G. McLoughlin, Columbia U. C., defeated Donner, 15—8, 17—16, 15—13.

Kirkland defeated Quincy, 18—13, 15—3, 15—13.

B. H. O'Connor, Crescent A. C., defeated Thorne, 17—15, 15—9, 15—4.

Haines defeated Tredwell, 15—6, 15—8, 15—11.

C. J. Mason Jr., Harvard Club, won from C. W. Fyfe, Crescent A. C., by default.

Elliott defeated R. W. Georgi, N. Y. A. C., 17—14, 15—6, 15—10.

F. B. Ryan, Short Hills Club, won from B. W. Richert, N. Y. A. C., by default.

P. T. Moore, Columbia U. C., defeated R. C. Hynson, Princeton Club, 15—11, 17—14, 4—15, 17—16.

Milton Baron, Fraternity S. T. C., defeated J. C. Lyons, N. Y. A. C., 15—7, 15—4, 9—15, 15—8.

Gayin Brackenridge, Princeton Club, defeated Harold Ablowich, City A. C., 16—17, 15—8, 15—13, 15—3.

F. C. Hart, Crescent A. C., defeated John C. Neely, Princeton Club, 15—12, 15—8, 15—7.

HORNETS DIVIDE WITH KANSAS CITY

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 2—The Duluth Hornets, always a thorn in the path of the Kansas City Pla-Mors, invaded the Ice Palace of the league champions, Saturday and scored a 2-to-1 triumph, but the Missourians, displaying a high grade brand of hockey, evened the series of two games by completely outplaying their northern foemen, Sunday, by a 5-to-0 score.

The victory in the second game placed the Pla-Mors back into undisputed possession of second place in the American Hockey League race. The Pla-Mors have 42 points, eight behind the total held by the league leading Oilers of Tulsa, Okla. The summary:

MARCH 1 GAME

KANSAS CITY		DULUTH
Dunfield, Goodman, lw	rw	Merrill, Forslund
Mitchell, Campbell	c	Leswick, Scott
Ranger, McCormick	rw	lw, Wilson, Green
Jamieson, Jagunich	rd	Langlois, Davis
Halderson, McLeod	ld	Bergl, Gibson
Byrne	g	Turner

Score—Kansas City 5, Duluth 0. Goals—Ranger 2, Mitchell, McCormick, Dunfield for Kansas City. Assists—Dunfield 2, Mitchell 2. Referee—William O'Hara. Time—Three 20m. periods.

FEB. 28 GAME

DULUTH		KANSAS CITY
Green, Wilson	lw	rw, McCormick, Ranger
Leswick, Scott	c	c, Campbell, Mitchell
Merrill, Forslund	rw	lw, Goodman, Dunfield
Davis, Langlois	R.	rd, McLeod, Halderson
Bergl, Gibson	rd	ld, Jamieson, Jagunich
Turner	g	g, Byrne

Score—Duluth 2, Kansas City 1. Goals—Scott, Forslund for Duluth; Mitchell for Kansas City. Assist—Ranger for Kansas City. Referee—William O'Hara. Time—Three 20m. periods.

Sonja Henie Wins at Figure Skating

BERLIN, March 2 (AP)—Once more the world's women's figure-skating championships belongs to Sonja Henie of Norway. The graceful girl outscored a strong international field to win the title for the fifth successive year here yesterday, although a 13-year-old Viennese miss, Hilde Holovsky, pressed her closely. Fritzi Burger of Vienna was third, and Maribel Y. Vinson, of Winchester, Mass., fourth.

Roger F. Turner of Boston finished second to the defending champion, Carl Schaefer of Vienna, in the men's competition.

Miss Baby Rotter and Laszlo Szollas, the Hungarian team, were declared winners of the world championship pair-skating contests. The American couple, Maribel Y. Vinson and George Ebhill finished fifth.

After the official contest, Miss Vinson won loud applause from the 6000 spectators by a solo exhibition of her skill.

MICHIGAN WINS FINAL 'BIG TEN' ICE CONTEST

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

ANN ARBOR, Mich., March 2—Displaying a better defense than the Gophers, the University of Michigan hockey team closed its season here, Saturday night, by administering a 2-to-0 defeat to the skaters from the University of Minnesota.

After two scoreless periods which were featured by erratic passing on both sides, E. A. Reid '33 took the puck back of the Michigan goal, skated the entire length of the rink near the side and scored the first goal of the contest on a difficult side shot. The summary:

MICHIGAN		MINNESOTA
Reid, lw	rw	Rayman, Gould
Crossman, c	c	Todd, Carlson, Constantine
Schlanderer, Frumkes, rw	lw	Gibbs, Johnson
Williams, ld	rd	Hollingsworth, Rundell
Prouse, rd	ld	Connelly
Tompkins, g	g	Jones

Score—University of Michigan 2, University of Minnesota 0. Goals—Reid, Crossman for Michigan. Assist—Schlanderer for Michigan. Referee—J. W. Rashorne.

College Basketball Results

Baylor 36, Texas C. U. 34.
Bucknell 44, Baltimore 38.
C. C. N. Y. 29, N. Y. U. 24.
Colgate 41, Rochester 21.
Cornell 30, Princeton 23.
Creighton 29, Drake 21.
Dartmouth 27, Pennsylvania 20.
Detroit 23, St. John's 10.
Drexel 31, Washington 29.
Duquesne 47, John Carroll 23.
Florida 33, Tennessee 29.
Fordham 29, Columbia 24.
Hamilton 31, Hobart 28.
Holy Cross 43, Seton Hall 25.
Illinois 31, Iowa 13.
Indiana 33, Chicago 22.
Kentucky 35, Duke 30.
Knox 58, Coe 34.
Lafayette 30, Lehigh 12.
Lebanon Valley 43, Gettysburg 25.
Mass. Aggies 39, Amherst 17.
Maryland 19, North Carolina 17.
Michigan 26, Wisconsin 15.
Michigan State 24, Marquette 21.
Nebraska 41, Oklahoma 30.
Northeastern 33, Pratt 32.
Northwestern 32, Ohio State 18.
Norwich 45, Middlebury 19.
Notre Dame 26, West Point 25.
Okla. A. & M. 30, Washington 23.
Oregon State 36, Oregon 27.
Panzer 41, Drew 33.
Parsons 30, Simpson 27.
Penn. M. C. 29, Susquehanna 28.
Purdue 33, Minnesota 28.
R. I. State 31, Conn. Aggies 21.
Rutgers 45, New York A. C. 20.
So. Methodist 40, Arkansas 27.
Stevens Tech 29, Union 21.
St. Ambrose 27, Luther 17.
St. Mary's 22, St. Thomas 20.
St. John's 27, Temple 20.
St. Olaf 23, MacAlester 19.
Swarthmore 32, Haverford 29.
Syracuse 47, Penn State 29.
Texas 29, Texas A. and M. 28.
Villanova 40, Brown 32.
Washington 41, Idaho 36.
Washington C. 34, Loyola 28.
Wesleyan 41, Williams 38.
Westminster 38, Geneva 22.
W. Virginia 30, W. and J. 23.
Wooster 40, Case 31.
Yale 29, Harvard 14.

INTERNATIONAL HOCKEY LEAGUE

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Buffalo	25	5	11	93	83	55
Windsor	21	6	15	121	100	48
Cleveland	20	6	15	105	91	46
London	19	5	17	81	73	43
Pittsburgh	17	9	15	87	92	43
Detroit	15	1	24	78	103	31
Syracuse	9	4	29	95	140	22

RESULT FEB. 28

Cleveland 3, Buffalo 1.
Pittsburgh 2, London 0.

RESULT MARCH 1

Cleveland 3, Syracuse 1.

CLEVELAND CLIMBS IN RACE

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 2—Cleveland Indians continued their International Hockey League march here last night by defeating Syracuse Stars, 2 to 1, and climbing into third place. They are now only two points behind Windsor, and have played one game less than the Bulldogs.

PITTSBURGH KEEPS UP

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 2—Visions of a playoff position in the International Hockey League took a more definite form here Saturday night as Pittsburgh Yellow Jackets defeated Tecumsehs 2 to 0. The win allows Pittsburgh to go into a tie with London for fourth place, the last playoff position. Pittsburgh scored in the first and second periods, Halliday getting the first goal and Proudlock the second.

DORATY STARS FOR CLEVELAND

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

PORT ERIE, Ont., March 2—The marksmanship of Kenneth Doraty, tricky right-wing player, gave Cleveland Indians a 3-to-1 victory over Buffalo Bisons here Saturday night and established the 1929-30 International League champions in third place. Doraty scored all three goals for Cleveland. Voss scored for Buffalo in the third period to save the league leaders from a shutout. It was only the second defeat of the season for Buffalo at home.

COLLEGE WATERPOLO RESULTS

Annapolis 31, C. C. N. Y. 26.
Dartmouth 43, Syracuse 27.
Rutgers 41, Yale 30.

AMERICANS KEEP THIRD POSITION

Detroit Practically Out of N. H. L. Race Now—Great Game at Toronto

NATIONAL HOCKEY LEAGUE STANDING
UNITED STATES DIVISION

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Boston	24	5	6	118	73	53
Chicago	20	3	13	83	61	43
Rangers	16	8	14	95	74	40
Detroit	15	7	16	87	85	37
Philadelphia	3	3	31	57	151	9
CANADIAN DIVISION						
Canadiens	23	6	8	116	76	52
Toronto	17	8	12	81	78	42
Americans	15	9	15	70	71	39
Montreal	16	6	16	85	92	38
Ottawa	9	3	25	74	119	21

RESULTS FEB. 28

Canadiens 5, Toronto 5, overtime.
Montreal 4, Philadelphia 1.

RESULTS MARCH 1

Americans 3, Detroit 1, overtime.
Chicago 5, Ottawa 0.

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

DETROIT, March 2—Detroit Falcons just about dropped out of the race for a National Hockey League playoff position when they were defeated by the New York Americans in overtime here last night, 2 to 1. The game was almost 35 minutes' old before Lewis scored for Detroit. That goal looked good enough to win but Dutkowski finally got the tying goal, after a double pass from Himes and Sheppard.

Himes broke the tie midway through the overtime. Brydge, former Detroit defense man, carried the puck and gave Himes a pass inside the defense. Dolson was beaten on the shot from 10 feet out. The summary:

AMERICANS		DETROIT
Emms, Sheppard, Massecar	lw	Cooper, Aurie, Filmore
Burch, Hughes, Himes	c	Goodfellow, Hay, Goldsworthy
Patterson, Carson, McVeigh	lw	Sorrell, Lewis, McCabe
Brydge, Simpson	ld	Noble, Evans
Dutton, Dutkowski	rd	Rockburn, McInenly
Worters	g	Dolson

Score—American 2, Detroit 1. Goals— Dutkowski, Himes for Americans; Lewis for Detroit. Assists—Sheppard, Himes, Brydge for Americans; Cooper, Goodfellow for Detroit. Referees—B. R. Borbeau and Jerry Goodman. Time—Three 20m. periods and 10m. overtime.

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

TORONTO, March 2—After one of the most thrilling games in the history of professional hockey in this city the local Maple Leafs and the group-leading Canadiens divided points following an overtime struggle, Saturday, in which each team scored five goals.

Each team scored once in the first period, but the Canadiens added a goal in each of the second and third periods and with less than two minutes to play were leading by 3 to 1. The locals put on a final rally which netted them two goals 38 seconds apart and sent the game into overtime. In the first five minutes of the extra play the visitors counted twice on breakaways following four-men attacks, but the locals came back and two goals, 40 second apart, again tied the score. The summary:

CANADIENS		MAPLE LEAFS
Joliat, G. Mantha, Mondou	lw	rw, Bailey, Conacher
Lepine, Morenz, Rivers	c	c, Blair, Primeau
Larochelle, Wasnie, Gagnon	rw	lw, Cotton, Jackson
S. Mantha	ld	rd, Clancy, Horner
Burke, Leduc	rd	ld, Day
Hainsworth	g	g, Chabot

Score—Canadiens 5, Maple Leafs 5. Goals—Morenz 2, G. Mantha, Joliat and Gagnon for Canadiens; Blair 2, Conacher 2 and Bailey for Toronto. Assists—Morenz, Rivers and Joliat for Canadiens; Bailey 2, Cotton, Blair, Clancy, Primeau, Conacher for Maple Leafs. Referees—B. R. Corbeau and Vic Wagner. Time—Three 20m. periods and 10m. overtime.

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

MONTREAL, March 2—The Montreal Maroons took possession of third place in the standing of the Canadian group of the National Hockey League for 24 hours by defeating the Philadelphia Quakers, 4 to 1, here on Saturday night.

The victory enabled the locals to pass the New York Americans temporarily and also to gain one point on the second-place Toronto Leafs. The locals turned in one of the best efforts they have shown this season and only for the brilliant work of Cude in the Quakers' goal their total would have reached double figures.

MONTREAL		PHILADELPHIA
Siebert, Trottier, Northcott	lw	rw, Jarvis, Kilrea
Stewart, Phillips, Roche	c	c, Milks, Howe
Smith, Ward, Brydson	rw	lw, Barton, Lowrey
Conacher, Munro	ld	rd, Coulson, Crossett
McVicar	rd	ld, Shields, McKinnon
Kerr	g	g, Cude

Score—Montreal 4, Philadelphia 1. Goals—Stewart, Smith, Trottier and Northcott for Montreal; Howe for Philadelphia. Assists—Smith and Ward for Montreal. Referees—G. J. Mallinson and Busebe Dalgneault. Time—Three 20m. periods.

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO, March 2—The Black Hawks tightened their hold on second place in the National Hockey League race by defeating the Ottawa Senators, 5 to 0, in the presence of 11,000 at the Chicago Stadium here last night. A recent recruit at center, "Doc" Romnes, scored two goals and one assist to attract attention for the first time.

Romnes started the scoring in the first period on a pass from Gottselig. Eight minutes later Couture scored on a Gootselig-Bostrom combination. The scoring continued in the second period when Ingram converted a pass from Wentworth. In the final session Romnes flashed up to the net and scored unassisted. Gottselig registered with only 10 seconds remaining on a Romnes-Couture pass. The summary:

CHICAGO		OTTAWA
Gottselig, Arbour, March	lw	rw, Finnigan, Gagne, Kinsella
Romnes, Ripley, Cook	c	c, Lamb, Grosvenor, Starr
Couture, Somers, Ingram	rw	lw, Kilrea, Cox, Touhey
Bostrom, Wentworth, Id	rd	Art Smith, Bourgeault
Graham, Abel	ld	Alex Smith
Gardiner	g	g, Connell

Score—Chicago 5, Ottawa 0. Goals—Romnes 2, Couture, Ingram and Gottselig for Chicago. Assists—Gottselig 2, Wentworth, Couture and Romnes. Referee—Odie Cleghorn and Vic Wagner.

COLLEGE TRACK RESULTS

Annapolis 29, Maryland 18.
Marquette 68, Bradley Tech 36.
Michigan 73, Chicago 22.
Nebraska 56, Kansas Aggies 38.
Notre Dame 50.1, Ohio State 45.9.
Ohio State 53, Illinois 51.
Wisconsin 51, Iowa 38.

COLLEGE FENCING RESULTS

Annapolis 12, Hamilton 5.
Harvard 13, Bowdoin 0.
M. I. T. 8, Dartmouth 5.
Pennsylvania 12, Lafayette 5.
Princeton 8, Penn A. C. 6.
Yale 8, N. Y. U. 8.

Dartmouth Resigns From I. S. A. League

NEW YORK, March 2 (AP)—Dartmouth College resigned its full membership in the Intercollegiate Swimming Association yesterday following a futile attempt to have waterpolo made optional rather than a requisite for league competition.

Dartmouth authorities had protested that waterpolo was too strenuous a game, that it resulted in too many mishaps, and that student interest in the game was lacking, but the other league members disagreed.

The question of waterpolo probably would not have come up at the association meeting yesterday if it had not been for Dartmouth's resignation, which was accepted without protest; only the Syracuse authorities expressed agreement with the Green's attitude.

Herbert H. Vollmer of Columbia, who was reelected president, said he believed waterpolo was not a dangerous sport and that the recent discussion had given the game a bad name. Leniency on the part of the referees, he commented, had allowed some games to become rough, but that fault could easily be corrected.

The 1932 individual swimming championships were awarded to Syracuse and the date set for March 18 and 19. No dates were set for the 1932 interscholastic championships, which will be held at the United States Naval Academy.

William C. Miller of Rutgers was elected vice-president and B. S. De Young of College of the City of New York secretary-treasurer.

Harvard and Colgate were admitted to asssociate membership in the association. They will not take part in the league competition, but will be permitted to enter men in the individual championships.

COCHRAN WINS 18.2 BILLIARD TOURNEY

INTERNATIONAL 18.2 BALKLINE BILLIARD CHAMPIONSHIP

Player	Won	Lost	H.R.
Welker Cochran	6	0	211
W. F. Hoppe	4	2	217
Kinrea Matsuyama	1	5	159
Eric Hagenlacher	1	5	223

NEW YORK, March 2 (AP)—Welker Cochran of Hollywood won the international 18.2 balkline billiards tournament, Saturday night by defeating William F. Hoppe of New York in the final match, 400 to 191. The victory gave Cochran a final record of six triumphs against no defeats. Hoppe finished second with four wins and two defeats.

A run of 223, highest of the competition, helped Eric Hagenlacher of Germany, defeat Kinrea Matsuyama of Japan, 400 to 146 in the other game, Saturday. The game went eight innings. Hagenlacher played fine billiards throughout his match with Matsuyama. His run of 223 came in the second inning and later he added a cluster of 120 to put the game on ice.

EDWARD LEE TAKES THE AMATEUR TITLE

NATIONAL THREE-CUSHION AMATEUR BILLIARD STANDING

	Won	Lost	Best High Game	Run
Edward Lee	5	1	63	6
Alfredo de Oro Jr.	4	2	66	8
Charles Gill	3	2	44	7
Joseph Raleigh	2	3	98	8
Wallace Weil	2	3	98	4
Hugh S. Doran	0	5	..	5

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK, March 2—Edward Lee of the New York Athletic Club, is the new amateur three-cushion billiards champion of the United States. He reversed the result of his match in the regular series with Alfredo de Oro Jr., in the playoff, staged yesterday at the New York Elks Club, and won the game by a score of 50 to 27, in 73 innings.

Lee led from the start, with runs of 4, in the eleventh inning, and 6 in the twenty-third, and though he was slow to finish, finally completed his string in the seventy-third. The score by innings:

Edward Lee—0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 2 4 3 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 2 6 0 0 0 0 3 2 1 2 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 3 0 2 0 1 0 2—50. High Run—6. Innings—73.

Alfredo De Oro Jr.—0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

THE CHILDREN'S PAGE

How the Sitting Room Helped

A Story of the Little Red House

By JESSIE DODD

MOTHER DARLING seemed at her wit's end. The Sitting Room of the Little Red House could see that things had been very difficult for several days and he knew that something would have to be done about it, so he kept very still so that Mother Darling could think. The crackling fire had settled down to lazy coals, and Daddy Darling was nodding over his newspaper. Mother Darling thought and thought.

The Sitting Room looked hopefully at the "Home, Sweet Home" motto over the clock shelf. You remember that Mr. Richard Miller's mother had sewed the motto many, many years ago when the Little Red House was just being built back on Delaware Street. The motto had helped the Little Red House to keep up his courage all through his dreariest days, and now the Sitting Room felt that somehow it would help Mother Darling to think of just the right thing. So he kept very still and watched the motto, and Mother Darling thought and thought.

You see, there had been several cold rainy days when the children could not play out of doors. Of course there was the wonderful new cellar, and how the children did enjoy it. The minute they were home from school they rushed into the kitchen for a slice of Mother Darling's delicious bread with butter and brown sugar, and then it was a regular race to see who would first reach the cellar.

Mother Darling smiled as she thought of the glad times running races down the long stretch to the woodshed end, and playing hide-and-seek in all the wings and corners. The gay shouts and laughter rang all through the Little Red House; but they sounded so jolly that Baby Dolly Darling wanted to be down cellar too, and it was no place for a baby. She could not enter into the lively games and would only spoil the fun for the older children. Yet with such glad sounds echoing through the house, Mother Darling simply could not keep her contented. She hated to call one of the children from the fun below to amuse Baby Dolly Darling, and she was far too busy to do it herself. So things had been very difficult for several days.

* * *

The Sitting Room kept very still and watched the motto, and Mother Darling thought and thought. The cold autumn rains promised to continue and tomorrow was Saturday and the children would be at home all day. However in the world would she manage to keep them quiet while Baby Dolly Darling had her afternoon nap.

"I do wish I could help," thought the Sitting Room, still watching the "Home, Sweet Home" motto.

All of a sudden Mother Darling sat up very straight.

"Why, the Sitting Room is the very place," she exclaimed.

"The very place for what?" yawned Daddy Darling, dropping his newspaper.

Mother Darling laughed right out loud.

"Don't waken the kiddies," warned Daddy Darling.

"Well, you see," began Mother Darling, "I was thinking how pleasant it was during all those summer days when Nancy Darling used to swing with Baby Dolly Darling in the hammock and sing her to sleep."

"Well?" said Daddy Darling with another yawn.

Nancy Darling just loves swinging and singing. She's at it all the time in that new rope swing you made in the cellar. I'm sure she wouldn't mind doing it up here if we put up the hammock in the Sitting Room."

The Sitting Room gave a little start for joy.

The fire gave a sudden flare and Daddy Darling sat up very straight and wide awake.

"But nobody ever had a hammock in a house!" he exclaimed.

"Well, I'm sure the Sitting Room wouldn't mind," laughed Mother Darling, "and it would help out so wonderfully."

The Sitting Room chuckled to himself and wondered if Mother Darling had heard him say that he wished he could help.

"We could put it up tonight, Daddy Darling."

"But I don't believe the room is large enough," argued Daddy Darling, not very sure that it was a good idea to have a hammock indoors.

The Sitting Room stretched as hard as he could stretch and hoped he would be large enough.

"Well, we can only tell by trying," urged Mother Darling, "so do be a dear and run and fetch the hammock."

As Daddy Darling went to fetch the hammock he began to hope that the Sitting Room would be large enough, for he knew he would do anything in the world to help Mother Darling make the Little Red House a "Home, Sweet Home."

* * *

So Mother Darling held one end of the hammock and Daddy Darling held the other end, and they tried it first from the library door (which was now a bedroom door) over to the dining room door, but the Sitting Room was much too long. Then they tried it from the nearest window over to the hall door, but the Sitting Room was a bit too short. And then they tried it from the farthest window cornerwise to the hall door and the Sitting Room was just right.

So Daddy Darling screwed the big hooks into the hard walnut window frame and door frame, and Mother Darling stretched the hammock from hook to hook. Then Daddy Darling screwed a smaller hook into the dinning room door frame and Mother Darling fastened to it a long piece of clothesline so that Nancy Darling could swing the hammock by pulling the rope. She tucked the clothesline out of sight behind the bookshelves and then took down the hammock and folded it away in her library-bedroom so that it would all be a jolly surprise for Nancy Darling when it was time for Baby Darling's nap.

At half past one o'clock on Saturday it would have been hard to tell who was the happiest, Nancy Darling or Baby Dolly Darling or Mother Darling or the Sitting Room of the Little Red House. Up from the farthest wing of the cellar floated the happy laughter of Mary Darling and Rufus Darling and Ann Darling who were having a jolly game of tiddledywinks. But Mother Darling, making gingerbread in the kitchen, had not a single worry, for out from the Sitting Room floated Nancy Darling's happy voice singing the song about "Come little leaves, said the wind one day," and "Oh mother, how pretty the moon looks tonight," and ever so many more, while underneath it all was a rhythmic click, click of the hooks as the hammock swung back and forth, back and forth, till Baby Dolily Darling, in her snug warm blankets, was fast asleep.

Still Nancy Darling's voice went on and on, for she did love to swing and sing, and the Stting Room loved it all so much that at last he exclaimed, "Oh really and truly, I would rather be the Sitting Room than any other room in the Little Red House."

Still Nancy Darling's Voice Went On, for She Did Love to Swing and Sing.

Alice's Adventures in Letterland

ALICE had never in all her life received a letter. This will not seem so strange when you hear that she had lived all her ten years on the same farm in Happy Valley, and most of her friends had always lived near by. She saw her four merry cousins nearly every day, and Grandmother lived on the next farm.

Sometimes she watched the rural mail carrier rather wistfully as he stopped at the mail boxes all along the road to put fat, interesting-looking letters in them. To be sure, there were letters for Mother and Dad sometimes, but as I said before, there had never been a single one addressed to Alice Mayne.

Then one day at school Alice's teacher told the boys and girls how they might have letter-friends in all parts of the world. When school was over for the day, and the school bus had left Alice at her front gate, she skipped up the path, expressing so much joy that Mother knew at once something very pleasant had happened.

"Mother," she began at once, "I've the nicest thing to tell you about. Miss Morris put a list of names and addresses on the blackboard, of boys and girls from all over the world who wish to exchange letters with us. Oh, Mother, won't it be fun?"

Without waiting for an answer, Alice produced a notebook and showed Mother the names she had so carefully copied. There seemed, indeed, to be addresses from all parts of the world, and Mrs. Mayne had a momentary picture of boys and girls clasping hands in a band of friendship that stretched around the globe.

"We decided at school whom we are to write to," Alice explained happily, "but I copied them all for you to see. We are studying the British Isles, you know, and I chose this girl who lives in Wales for one of mine. Won't that be interesting? Then I am going to write to this girl named Carol who lives in the capital city of our own country, and a girl way off in Peru."

When Alice sat down to write her letters that evening, she asked Mother rather doubtfully if she thought her letter-friends would be interested to hear about Happy Valley. "Of course we love it," she added thoughtfully, "but would it be interesting to far-away people?" Mother assured her that Carol who lived in Washington, and the little girl in Wales, as well as the girl from Peru, would probably enjoy all that she could tell them about western farm life, including even such details as Alice's own kitten, which she called Butterball because it was so fat and yellow, the new twin calves, kind old Togo, the rabbits, and even Patsy, the pig.

And so began what Mrs. Mayne called "Alice's Adventures in Letter-Land." The first letter came from Carol, who lived in Washington, and even included a snapshot of the little girl herself. She expressed the keenest interest in Alice's pets, and longed to hear more of them, especially Patsy, the pig. Her own letter contained a vivid description of the Capitol and White House. In due time letters came from Florence in Wales, and Agatha in Peru, who began to seem like near and dear friends. The friendship and the correspondence grew until Alice used to tell Mother happily that her adventures in "Letter-land" were even more interesting than the story-book, "Alice's Adventures in Wonderland."

Spring Cleaning in the Woods

FOUR weeks before spring was actually due to arrive, there was much excitement in the woods. It started with the chirp of a small brown feathered bird who had just arrived from a long flight overseas. Too tired to talk of his adventures, he slept until the first rays of early sunshine woke him, when, delighted to feel the warmth, he gave one chirp, then another and another, until finally he sang so loudly that he roused all the sleeping creatures of the wood.

Overjoyed to hear a song once again, they thronged into the open spaces and held a consultation. Bumble Bee, although protesting he had been awakened a month too soon, agreed to take the chair.

Stroking his golden waistcoat, he began in a very buzzy voice:

"Spring will soon arrive, we must get busy."

"Hear! Hear" said the squirrels, who were already combing their lovely bushy tails.

"Last year's leaves are still lying about," continued Bumble, "and all the homes need cleaning."

"Chirp! chirp!" sang the brown bird who, with a host of his feathered friends, was busy gathering twigs and moss with which to line his nest.

"Work quickly and well," was the old bee's last word, and with that he dismissed the meeting and crept back into his nice cozy nook in the oak tree. Above him in the budding branches an owl winked solemnly and preened his feathers. He too was thinking of spring cleaning.

Soon the wood was full of bustle, cheerful voices and rustling noises. Frisking rabbits ran here and there, getting in the way of the wee folk who were sweeping up the old dead leaves. Grasshoppers and beetles drew the small lumber carts, while Horace the Hedgehog acted as driver.

* * *

Four glowworms lit the underground passage where the old leaves were stored to nourish the roots of the young plants and trees. One squirrel crept from his home in the bole of a tree and offered the last of his nuts to whoever would lend him a broom. Finally, six birds each plucked a feather for him, and these he bound together and made an excellent broom of them.

"There are strawberry beds to plant out," cried one.

"And primroses and violets," called another. Six rabbits were employed to scrape the soft earth round the young shoots, and in two days there were plants everywhere.

And all the while the sap was rising in the branches, and behind the brown sticky cases, buds were struggling to free themselves.

"Let us out, let us out!" they cried.

"Not yet," replied the sun, and kissed them as he passed, but every kiss brought the time of opening a little nearer. Two weeks later the last of the leaves had been carried down to the underground passage, and on the ground a beautiful green carpet was spread.

"Splendid!" cried Mr. Sun. "Now we shall soon be ready."

* * *

Never were there such thorough little workers, and it was only when the woods were quite tidy that they turned their attention to their own homes. Belinda Rabbit swept out her rabbit warren and begged a load of leaves to make dusters with. She and Mrs. Squirrel held open competition as to whose spring coat was the finer, and in the argument they woke Bumble Bee, who, complaining that he could sleep no more because of all the excitement, flew away into the sweet air.

Even the ants and beetles obeyed the call of spring, and the worm, intent on doing his share, churned the earth over and over as he traveled below the ground, for that is his way of digging.

At last, however, there was quiet in the woods. Birds sat cozily in their new nests, squirrels played hide-and-seek in the branches now green with new-born leaves. Below, a rabbit bade good day to the first primrose.

"Spring is here," he said knowingly, and bobbed his white tail. And as if by magic all the creatures of the wood took up the chorus, so grateful were they that the spring cleaning had been done in such good time.

Sunbeams

I can make sunbeams!
This is how you do it:
You think a pleasant thought,
And then add to it
A smile or two;
And then you pass it on
To someone—quick—
Before the shine is gone.

ALFRED I. TOOKE.

The Navajo Rug

MARY was seven times one today. Seven times one. Such a long time it seemed, and she felt immeasurably grown up.

Her great deep blue eyes looked wistfully up into her mother's, with intent inquiry, as she asked, for the third time:

"And you say Aunt Emily says in her letter that those poor Blackfeet children have no dolls?—not any, any real dollies, I mean?"

"No," was the gentle reply; "but I'll read you the letter, or part of it again."

"Our Mary," the letter read, "will be interested to know that most of my pupils, I mean the little girls, have no dolls. They may treasure up an old corncob, or some huge pine cone, dressed up in whatever rags they can find, for a doll. And, as for playthings, there is no word in their language, so far as I can learn, which conveys this meaning."

"Oh, the poor children," said Mary, and her gaze grew deeper and more intent, as it turned inward, and she thought of the neglected Clotilda, Juanita, Gwendolen and even the worn-out black mammy doll she had christened Sophie, to say nothing of the fine new doll she had just received from another aunt.

"No dolls!" The thought was too terrible for her, so she turned from it to some way of helping, and leaving her mother to read the rest of her sister's letter to herself, climbed upstairs to the garret storeroom.

Once there she sat down to think.

In the back of her thought was an old phrase which she had heard she knew not where, but it had impressed itself upon her memory. It came to her now quite suddenly: "Give until it hurts."

But how could it hurt to give? Well, maybe not. But—

It would be a little hard to give up Clotilda, and Juanita, with all their memories, and yet she had the new and wonderfully beautiful Princess Cinderella. Oh, could she give that? Could she. Why not? Would it hurt her? To give the old dolls she had long cast aside would be like giving rags, something she did not value. She sat and thought, and thought.

Then Mary, who was a very methodical little girl, did this:

First she rummaged around in the garret until she found a large sheet of heavy brown paper, and spread this out on the floor.

Fifteen minutes each were then spent on each of the three worn dolls, Clotilda, Juanita and Gwendolen, and Mary was surprised herself as she surveyed them to see how beautiful they were to her.

Then she laid each and all on the great sheet of brown paper, and then came the supreme struggle.

But she won it. Bringing Princess Cinderella, in her very best dress, and with several changes of apparel, she placed her on top of the pile.

Her Uncle Harry was staying with them for the holidays, and, taking him into her confidence, Mary asked him to wrap the package tightly and address it to her Aunt Emily on the Indian reservation in the far West.

Then she went to her toy bank, Uncle Harry watching her, and began taking everything out of it. "I don't think it hurts really," she said to herself, as she took out the last nickel—it makes me happy.

"Now Uncle Harry, I want you to mail this right away while I feel like it. Will you?"

Six months went by. Of course, Aunt Emily wrote more than once telling of the delight of her little pupils and of their parents' pleasure in the gift, but the crowning mark of gratitude came later, when Mary received from the far-away Navajo town of Walpi a mysterious package.

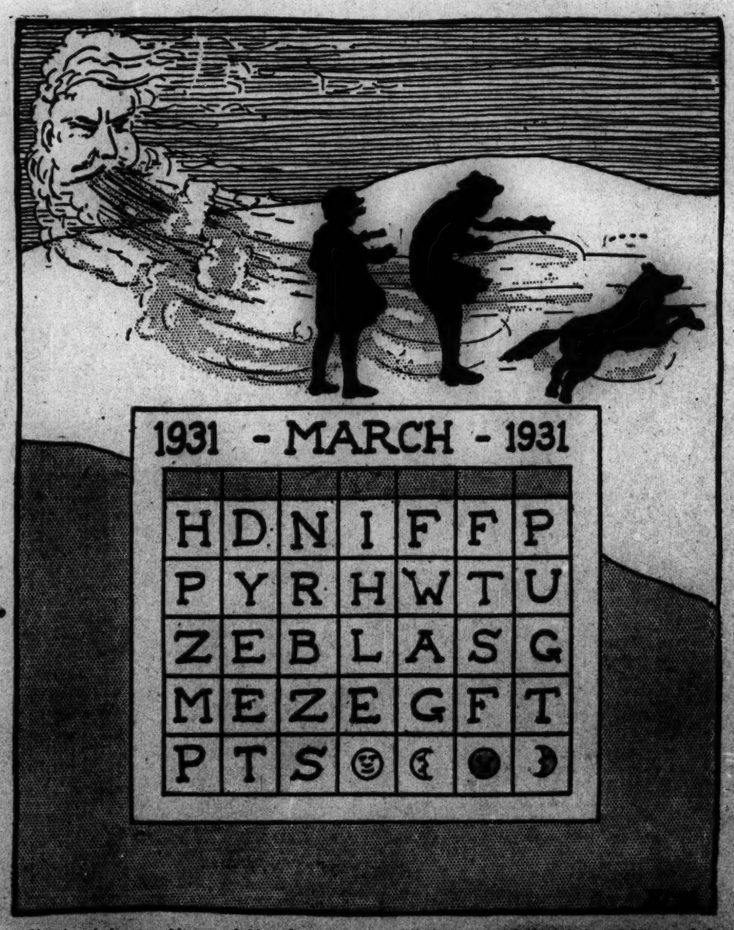
Walpi! The cliff dwelling of the Navajos. Everyone was astonished. Even Uncle Harry when he heard of it. Mary had not been more amazed since she found her little bank which she had emptied to send her package, literally stuffed with small coins.

But the explanation of the package was most simple. Two Blackfeet had been hired out to a camping party bound for the Navajo region. There they had met a Navajo squaw and had told in their broken English the story of the dolls. The squaw had learned English in the Indian school, and, with pleasant recollections of former friends, she suggested their sending a Navajo rug to the child who had sent the dolls, offering to give a part of the value of the rug herself.

This was done, and when Mary opened her package she found a wonderful treasure, a real Navajo blanket, woven with infinite skill and care, of the purest wool in a unique design.

Mary still enjoys the warmth of that Navajo rug, and its message reminds her of what a happy thing it is to give till it hurts.

March Calendar Puzzle



March winds may blow—and blow in many ways. In this puzzle, starting at any letter, and reading up or down, right or left, or diagonally, spell the names of 12 varieties of March winds. You, "wind" is one. Can you find the other 11? They are not difficult.

The Mail Bag

Dear Editor: BOSTON, MASS.

I was very much interested in reading the letter from Moses which appeared in the Mail Bag recently.

My name is Fluffy. My mistress had nothing to say about naming me, for I arrived all tagged. You see, a friend saw me first on a shelf in a big department store. She immediately thought I would be a nice companion for a shut-in who is very fond of cats.

Of course, many things had to be taken into consideration. I had to promise that I would not get underfoot and that I would not bother in any way. Gladly I promised to fulfill all these requirements, for I was anxious for a new experience, and I did so want to be loved. I had been on the shelf or in the show case for some time, and being very tiny, I was often hidden by my bigger brothers and sisters.

My friend became very fond of me during the one day that I was in her possession, and would have liked to keep me for her very own, but she said she knew somebody else needed me more than she did. I, too, became very fond of her. But it wasn't long before she packed me up very gently and lovingly and sent me through the mail on my journey.

What excitement was mine as I was jostled about in the confusion at the post office! I was quite curious to know what it was all about. The postman carried me in his bag as he went along the street whistling his merry tune. Soon I was taken out of his bag and after a loud ring of the door bell I was received into my new home and taken to my new mistress.

She unwrapped my package and then what exclamations, as she saw me nestled so comfortably in my little box! Of course, she was pleased with me! When her friends called they all talked about me, and I was even subject of her letter writing. I lie on a table most of the time and am very obedient, as I promised. You see, I am very grateful for my new home, where I have been living for over a year, and for the joy that I have been able to bring to my mistress. Fluffy

Dear Editor: SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA

This is my first letter to the Monitor. I especially like Snubs, Waddles, the Young Folks' and Children's pages.

My favorite hobbies are swimming and reading books. Mother sometimes calls me a "bookworm" because I read so much.

Last summer I visited Boston and the Publishing House. We went all through the Publishing House and saw how the Monitor was made. It was very interesting.

I am 9 years old and would like to correspond with girls anywhere, especially from Japan, China and Australia. Margie G.

Dear Editor: CRESTON, B. C., CANADA

I have been reading the Children's Page for quite a while and enjoy the Mail Bag column best of all.

Creston is only a small town in a valley in the Rockies. The main industry is fruit farming, and apples are the chief crop. There are only about a thousand people in Creston.

I should like to receive letters from anywhere, but especially from Australia, Africa, South America and Europe. I will answer all letters I receive. Jane R.

The following would like to receive letters:

Girls

Patsy J. (9), Toledo, Ohio.
Janet E. (10), West Hartford, Conn.
Shirley E. (10), East Patchogue, N. Y.
Lois Y. (10), Toledo, Ohio.—Especially from Switzerland.
Gertrude S. (11), Chicago, Ill.—Especially from a girl living on a ranch.
Bernice B. (11), Atlantic City, N. J.
Eleanor B. (12), Los Angeles, Calif. (Please send in your street address, Eleanor.—Ed.)
Jewell M. (12), Portland, Ore.

Boys

Robert K. (10), Glendale, Calif. (Please send in your street address, Robert.—Ed.)
Clarence A., Seattle, Wash.—Exchange stamps. (Please send in your last name, Clarence.—Ed.)

Rules for Correspondence

1. Letters to Mail Bag correspondents should be inclosed in an envelope stamped and partially addressed, and mailed to the Editor of the Mail Bag, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass. The Editor will see that the addresses are completed and that the letters are forwarded to their destination. A little note giving the name and address of the sender should also be inclosed.

Key to Puzzle

Key to Maze Puzzle published Feb. 23:
George Washington, Feb. 22.

CAMPS FOR BOYS

LEELANAU FOR BOYS
"A Character Building Camp" 11th Season
All land and water sports. Horseback riding. Overnight camping trips on a remote island. Sailboats and outboard motor boats built by the boys directed by expert boatbuilder. Glider club. Tutoring optional. Booklet.
WILLIAM BEALS, Director
Glen Arbor, Michigan
Leelanau advertises only in The Christian Science Monitor

Camp ANAWAN FOR GIRLS
LAKE WINNEPESAUKEE, MEREDITH, N. H.
Established 1913
All land and water sports Camp craft, hand craft, music, riding, archery, dancing, dramatics, mountain climbing. Junior and senior departments. THE MISSES HAZELTON, 147 Powder House Blvd., W. Somerville, Mass. MRS. N. G. WINCHESTER, 17 Albion St., Lawrence, Mass.
Councilor positions already filled.

CAMPS FOR GIRLS

Kohahna for Girls
In the North Woods on Lake Michigan
Land and water sports. Riding. Nature Study, Crafts, Dramatics, Dancing. Tutoring if desired. Booklet.
Mrs. Maude Beals Turner
5436 Page Boulevard, St. Louis, Mo.
Advertisement appears only in The Christian Science Monitor

CAMP SANGAMON for BOYS
In the Beautiful Green Mountains
"The Camp With the Pioneer Spirit"
BROWNIE CAMP 6-9 YRS. PIONEERS 10-15
Swimming, Riding at Bar S Ranch, Canoeing, Woodcraft Hikes. Cabins with fireplaces. Gardening. Tennis. Farm Animals. Shop with Lathes, Studio. No extras. Fee $300. Send for 36-page booklet.
Mr. and Mrs. L. E. SMITH PITTSFORD, VT.

Mrs. Norman White's
CAMP MAYFLOWER
A Cape Cod Camp for Girls
Mrs. Norman White announces the opening of her 18th consecutive season on July 5th. Personal interviews in Boston, New York, Philadelphia. Camp Visiting for Mothers.
Mrs. Norman White
16 Gramercy Park, New York City

An Ideal Camp for Boys of all Ages
CAMP ROPIOA
Expressing our standard of thought
REFLECTION OF PERFECTION IS OUR AIM
on Long Lake, Harrison, Maine
GEO. A. STANLEY, Director
RIDGEWOOD, N. J.

RAILS LEAD MARKET TO A LOWER LEVEL

Earnings Estimates of the Carriers Unfavorable—Closing Tone Weak

NEW YORK, March 2 (AP)—The rail shares again rolled down grade in today's stock market, dragging practically the entire list with them.

Bulls struggled to regain control of the price movement during the morning, and managed to lift a wide assortment of issues a point or two, temporarily, including several of the motor, utility, merchandising, food and miscellaneous manufacturing issues. After midday, however, bears worked the brakes loose in the rail group.

Particularly unsettling was the appearance of a private estimate that New York Central would earn little more than $1 a share, or half its current dividend rate, in the first quarter. This stock dropped about 5 points.

The closing tone was weak, with losses ranging from 1 to 5 points. Atchison, Baltimore & Ohio, New Haven and Southern Railway dropped 3 to 4.

Issues down 3 to 3½ included American Water Works, North American, Eastman Kodak, Westinghouse and American Smelting, while numerous active shares, including American Can, American Telephone and U. S. Steel, sagged about 2. Auburn Auto lost all of an early 12-point rise.

Sales approximated 3,400,000 shares.

Government Financing

The outstanding news of the day was the announcement of the Treasury's March financing, and while it amounts to one of the largest operations in its history, Wall Street in the main was pleasantly surprised with the total of only about $1,400,000,000, of which less than $300,000,000 appears to be the result of passage of the bonus law. This was some $200,000,000 under last week's estimates.

Furthermore, interest rates are favorable. The 12-year bonds naturally command the highest rate, but at 3½ per cent, it is low and compares favorably with previous government financing of that sort.

What with the impending government financing and income tax payments, some firming in money rates is expected this month, but call money today held officially at 1½ per cent, and there was a little available at concessions early in the day, although it soon disappeared.

Business and trade reviews appearing over the week-end were in the main conservative. Reports from the steel industry, in particular, stressed the irregular trends now apparent. Some producers, according to one survey, are having difficulty in maintaining the rate of operations reached in the last week or so. Furthermore, it is recalled that a year ago at this time the steel industry, after reaching a rate of 82 per cent of capacity, went into a long, drawn-out slump. Last week operations were estimated at about 52 per cent of capacity.

Estimates for the entire steel industry for the present week are not yet available, but a decline is indicated in the Youngstown area for the first time in several weeks, while operations are quickening in the Chicago area. One authority expects that average output for March will be between 55 and 60 per cent of capacity, or substantially ahead of February.

Bonds Somewhat Heavy

The long awaited announcement of the March financing plans of the Treasury Department was reflected in a slightly heavy tone of domestic bonds today. Foreign bonds and those of a semispeculative character advanced, although the movement lacked uniformity.

Long-term Treasury issues were adversely affected by the announcement of the Government's plan to refund $1,100,000,000 3½ per cent notes and obtain an additional $300,000,000 by resorting to both the long and short-term money markets. Treasury 4¼s, 4s and Treasury 3⅞s of 1943-47 reacted about one-third of a point each. The 3⅞s issue of 1940-43 held firm.

There was considerable speculation in banking circles as to how the Government offerings on March 16 would be received and the bond market is expected to remain in a rut until that time unless there are unforeseen developments. Domestic corporate issues were very dull and the narrow changes that occurred were on the downside in contrast with the irregularity which characterized last week's trading.

The financial community was somewhat surprised by the size of the financing, which will amount to $1,400,000,000 instead of the larger amount of $1,600,000,000 which had been predicted. Some guesses in Wall Street also had indicated that the long-term bonds which will be sold would possibly carry 3½ per cent interest instead of 3⅞ as announced. Bankers said the Government will effect a large saving in interest in retiring the huge 3½ per cent note issue.

The announcement of the Cuban American Sugar Company for refunding its 8 per cent bonds by offering $590 in cash and $500 principal amount in new bonds for each $1000 bond influenced a 2-point rally.

The forward movement of foreign issues was featured by the strong tone of Australian bonds. Fiscal agents for the Brazilian Government have announced $400,000 6½s due Oct 1, 1957 have been designated by lot for redemption April 1, 1931 out of sinking fund moneys.

The change of government in Peru had no adverse affect on listed obligations of that country. Peruvian 6s were slightly higher.

READING INCOME DROPS

Reading Company's pamphlet report for the year ended Dec. 31, 1930, shows net income after taxes and all charges of $8,482,626, equivalent after preferred dividends to $4.04 a share (par $50) on the 1,399,782 shares of common outstanding. This compares with net for 1929 of $15,808,741, equivalent after preferred dividends to $9.08 a share on the same number of common shares and to net income in 1928 of $15,485,820, equivalent after preferred dividends to $9.06 a share on common.

TRIBUTORS GROUP, INC.

Stockholders of Distributors Group, Inc., at the annual meeting voted to increase the board of directors from 21 to 25 and elected the following: Thomas W. Banks, president, Banks, Huntley & Co., Los Angeles; Charles H. Ireland, vice-president, Central-Illinois Company, Chicago; Alpheus C. Beane, partner, Fenner & Beane, New York and New Orleans, and D. W. Ellis, partner, Ellis & Co., Cincinnati.

MONDAY'S TRANSACTIONS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Closing Prices

1931 High	1931 Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last Mar. 2	Last Feb. 28
15¼	9	..	Abitibi	900	13¾	11¾	11¾	13⅝
8½	3	..	Abitibi pf	200	6	5½	5½	6
34	25	..	Ab & Straus	100	32½	32½	32½	32½
23⅛	16⅛	1.60	Adams Ex	1900	22½	21¼	21¾	22⅛
99¼	83½	5	Adams Ex pf	50	90	90	90	..
12¾	12¾	2	Adams Mill	900	27	24½	26	..
5½	2½	..	Adv-Rumely	1600	4¾	4¼	4¼	4¾
20½	11½	..	Adv-Ru pf	100	19	19	19	..
½	⅛	..	Ahumada	400	..	..	..	⅛
109¾	92½	3†	Air Reduc	3500	103⅛	99⅛	99½	100⅜
10⅝	7⅜	.60	Airway El	1500	9⅛	9	9⅛	9⅜
9⅛	7	.40	Alaska Jun	1600	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
44⅛	40	1.80†	Allegh Stl	100	44⅜	44⅛	44⅜	..
12¾	12¾	2	Alleghany	7700	13⅛	12⅝	12⅝	11⅝
39½	39⅛	3½	Alleghany pf	100	50	50	50	..
182¾	153½	8†	Allied Chem	25400	172	163⅛	163½	169⅛
42¾	32⅛	3	Allis-Chal	4300	40½	38⅜	39⅝	39¾
18⅛	18	2	AL Port Cem	100	17½	17½	17½	18¼
21	17½	2	Amerada	900	19⅛	19	19	19⅛
62¾	54⅞	3†	Am Bk Note	100	61	61	61	..
29¾	20	..	Am Ag Ch of Del	400	36¼	35⅛	35⅞	36
4⅜	3½	..	Am Beet S	100	..	..	..	..
32	32	2.40	Am Bk Stk	400	36⅜	36⅛	36⅛	38⅜
12⅜	8¼	..	Am Br Bov	200	10⅜	10½	10½	10⅞
63	45¾	7	Am Br Bv pf	10	60	60	60	..
129¾	106⅛	4†	Am Can	18600	133⅛	121½	121⅞	125
38⅜	27	1	Am Ch & F	400	38⅛	33½	34⅛	36
43¾	39⅞	3	Am Chain	100	37⅜	37½	37⅝	37⅜
46⅞	38¼	2†	Am Chicle	500	45⅜	44½	44½	45¼
21¼	14½	1.40	Am Colortype	400	21⅛	20½	20⅝	20⅝
14½	12	..	Am Com Alc	400	13⅜	12	12	13⅜
16	9	..	Am En Til	300	16	16	16	15⅞
33½	19	..	Am European	500	32⅜	31½	31⅝	32⅛
51⅝	28¾	..	Am & FPw	64500	45⅜	41⅞	41⅝	43⅞
90	74	..	Am & FP pf	400	88	88	88	89
79½	67⅛	7	Am & FP 2pf	400	74¼	74	74	74⅜
10⅜	7	..	Am Hawaii	200	8¼	8½	8¼	..
31⅝	23¾	3†	Am Ice	400	30¼	30⅛	30¼	30⅝
26	18½	2½	Am Int Corp	4300	24⅛	23¼	23⅜	24⅝
1½	⅜	..	Am La Fr	200	1	1	1	1⅛
30⅝	20⅜	2	Am Loco	1900	29½	28⅜	28⅛	29¼
6¼	3½	..	Am Mach&Met	400	7	5½	5⅝	6
23⅜	16⅜	..	Am Metals	400	21½	21	21	20⅛
8⅝	4⅛	..	Am Mach&Met	400	5⅞	5¾	5⅞	5
57½	50	3†	Am News	10	57	57	57	..
39⅛	22½	7	Am Nat G pf	300	38	36⅛	36⅛	37
64⅝	45	1½	AmPw&Lt	3500	61⅛	56⅜	56⅝	60⅝
99	94⅛	6	Am P& L 6	100	98	98	98	..
80	78	3½	Am P&L pf A	100	80	80	80	..
81	80	5	Am P&L pf st	200	80⅜	80⅜	80⅜	..
30⅜	15½	1	Am Radiat	37900	21⅛	19⅜	20	20⅛
37⅝	26⅝	2†	Am Roll Mill	6200	33⅛	31⅛	32½	33¼
66	57	5	Am Saf Raz	1500	65¼	63	63	64⅜
1¾	¾	..	Am Ship	200	1½	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
100⅞	93½	6	Am Smelt 2pf	400	100⅜	100½	100⅜	100½
58½	40½	4	Am Smelt	4500	54⅛	53	53	56⅝
4½	3½	..	Am Solvents	200	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	..
31¼	25	3	Am Stl Fnd	600	28½	28	28	29
113	110	7	Am Steel F pf	40	111⅞	111	111	..
11½	6¾	..	Am Solv pf	300	11	10⅝	11	10
47	37	..	Am Stores	400	47	47	47	..
57⅛	42⅜	5	Am Sugar	500	55¼	54⅛	54½	55⅞
105⅞	96	7	Am Sugar pf	100	105⅜	105⅜	105⅜	..
23½	15¼	5	Am Tel&Cab	120	20	20	20	19
201⅜	176¼	9	Am T&T	15900	188½	180	180	193⅜
110½	105	7	Am Type pf	10	110	110	110	110½
80⅜	53⅜	3	Am Wat W	6900	78½	73¼	74	78⅝
105	101⅞	.6	Am Wat W 6	100	104	104	104	104
70	54½	..	Am WW ct	400	76⅜	76	76⅜	75
11⅞	6½	..	Am Wool	500	9¾	9¼	9¼	9½
35⅜	21	..	Am Wool pf	400	33	32	32	32½
4	2	..	Am Writ ct	300	3¼	3	3	..
8¾	4½	1	Amer Wire	100	8	7⅞	7⅞	7¾
28½	14	1	Anaconda	14900	42⅜	40½	40½	42
43¼	29¾	2½	Anchor Cap	1400	32¾	31	31	32⅜
18½	13⅝	1	Andes Cop	400	18½	18⅜	18⅜	..
18	15½	2	Arch Dan	100	17	17	17	..
4⅛	3	..	Arm Ill A	1200	3½	3⅜	3⅜	3⅝
27	2	..	Arm Ill B	400	2½	2	2	2
47	25	..	Arm Ill pf	300	27¾	27	27¾	26⅞
7⅜	3⅝	..	Arnold Cons	200	6½	6½	6½	6½
28⅞	24⅛	4	Asso Apparl	600	25½	25	25	25½
28½	22	2½	Asso Dry G	900	27⅜	26⅜	26⅝	27½
203¾	178⅛	10	Atchison	1500	197	192½	192½	196⅛
107½	95⅛	5	Atchison pf	100	107⅛	107½	107½	107⅝
126	105	10†	Atl Coast L	100	130	120	120	130
23⅜	18	1	Atl Refin	2500	22¼	21¼	21⅜	22¼
54	45½	4	Atlas Pwd	100	52	52	52	..
99½	97	6	Atlas Pwd pf	100	97	97	97	..
12¾	7¾	1	Atlas Stores	400	12¼	11½	12	11⅝
217½	101½	4†	Auburn Auto	21700	215	201⅝	203¼	203
23	21	3	Austin N new	10	22	22	22	..
3¾	1	..	Auto Sales	400	2¼	2	2	2
6⅛	3	..	Aviation	11200	6¼	5⅜	6	5½

—B—

27½	20¾	1¾	Baldwin	5500	26⅜	24¾	24⅝	25¾
100	88½	7	Baldwin pf	30	100	100	100	82
87⅞	68⅛	7	Balt & O	3000	82	78½	78⅞	82¾
66⅜	56½	3½	Bangor & A	400	63	62	62	63
14½	11¼	1	Barnsdall A	4200	14¼	13¼	13¾	13⅝
79⅜	65	3	Bearfoot	600	75	75	75	75
63	50	3	Beechnut	100	57	57	57	..
4	2½	..	Belding H	1200	4	4	4	3½
25½	16⅞	1	Bendix	39500	24⅝	22	22¾	23⅜
44⅞	32¼	2	Best & Co	900	34	33½	34	43⅝
70⅜	56⅛	3	Beth Steel	14900	67⅞	64	64¼	67⅜
123	114½	7	Beth Steel pf	300	122½	122	122¼	..
29	24	1½	Blaw Knox	600	27	27	27	28
95	82	7	Blm'dale pf	20	95	94¾	95	..
35	20¾	1½	Bohn Alum	800	31¼	30⅜	30⅝	30¼
75½	67½	3†	Borden	9500	75⅜	73	73	74¼
30⅜	20⅝	1	Borg Warner	11300	30⅜	28½	28½	29⅜
2½	1½	..	Bot M A pf	10	2	2	2	2
22⅜	16½	1½	Briggs	11100	21⅜	20	20¼	20½
24	16½	2	Briggs & Str	1100	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22¼
5	2	..	Brockway	700	5¼	5	5¼	5
22	20⅜	..	Bkyn Ed rts	40	22	21½	21½	..
67¼	58¾	4	Bkyn Man T	3500	63⅜	62⅜	63	67¼
94½	85⅞	6	Bkyn Man pf	1600	92⅜	93	93	..
10	8	..	Bkyn-Queen	100	10	10	10	10
56	52	5	Bkyn-Qu'n pf	400	54⅝	54½	54½	..
125	103	5	*Bkyn Un G	400	119¾	118	118	121
8	8	..	Bruns Term	100	8	8	8	8
20¼	14¼	..	Bucyrus	1800	19¼	18¼	18¼	18¾
34⅞	25	2½	Bucy cv pf	200	34½	34½	34½	33¾
46	46	..	Budd Mfg pf	10	46	46	46	..
5⅝	4	1	Budd Mfg	100	5¼	5¼	5¼	5⅜
13	9	1	Budd Wheel	1500	12½	12½	12	12⅜
23	11¼	..	Bullard	3500	20¾	19⅜	19⅝	20
15¾	11¼	1½	Bulova Watch	100	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	..
10	5	..	Burns Br B	100	6	6	6	6
32¼	21½	1	Burroughs	1000	29¼	28	28	29
31	23¼	2½	Bush Term	1000	2	2	2	..
2	1½	..	Butte Cop	100	2	2	2	..
1¾	1	..	Butte & Sup	400	1¼	1	1⅛	1⅛
20⅜	12¾	..	Butterick	800	18⅜	17¾	17⅞	18½
69¾	37⅜	..	Byers	7500	64¾	62⅜	62⅞	63½
106⅞	99⅞	7	Byers pf	20	105	105	105	..

—C—

53	42¾	4	Calif Pack	4500	48⅛	47⅛	47⅛	48⅝
1¼	¾	..	Callahan	800	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
15½	11¾	..	Campbell	200	14	14	14	14
42⅝	36¾	..	Calumet & Ariz	500	41½	41	41	..
11⅜	8	..	Calu & Hecla	500	10⅞	10⅜	10½	10⅜
40¼	29¾	3	Canada Dry	4500	37⅞	37	37⅛	38⅞
45⅜	38½	2½*	Can Pac	3000	44½	42⅞	42⅞	44⅜
21½	17¾	1.60	Cannon Mills	700	22½	22	22½	..
16	9½	..	Capital Adm	800	13	14½	14½	15
131½	81¾	6	Case Thresh	24200	123	114½	114½	120
115¼	111	..	Case Th pf	10	111	111	111	..
52½	26⅞	3	Caterpillar	8000	50¾	48½	48½	48¾
4	2¼	..	Cav-Dobbs	100	4	4	4	4
25	22	..	Cav-Dobbs pf	50	24	24	24	..
11½	6¾	..	Celotex ct	1500	11½	10	10⅞	10¼
13¾	5½	..	Celotex	1800	14⅜	13	13⅞	13¾
34½	22¼	..	Celotex pf	20	33	33	33	34½
24⅞	20	1½	Cen Aguirre	100	23	22	22	23
6¼	2½	..	Century Rib	400	5⅞	5½	5½	6
30½	22½	2	Cerro de P	1400	27¾	27	27	28
4⅞	2¼	..	Cert-Teed	100	4½	4½	4½	..
23¼	17¾	1.80	Checker Cab	500	19½	18⅝	18⅝	19¼
54¼	40	3	Ches Corp	1700	49	48	48	49½
46½	39½	2½	Ches & Ohio	4000	44¼	42⅞	42⅞	43⅝
63½	45¼	3†	Chi & Alton	400	48	48	48	48
7⅞	6¼	..	Chi Gt West	1000	7	7	7	7
26⅝	17¼	1	Chi Gt W pf	2800	24⅞	24⅜	24⅞	24⅞
8⅞	5¼	..	Chi M&SP	100	7½	7½	7½	..
15⅜	9½	..	Chi M&SP pf	1400	12⅜	12⅛	12¼	12¾
45½	33	4	*Chi & NW	100	40½	40½	40½	43
116	103	7	Chi & NW pf	100	115	115	115	..
15½	9½	..	Chi Pneu	2900	14	12½	13⅜	13⅞
65½	47¼	7	Chi RI	1200	60⅜	58½	58½	60¼
90	84	6	Chi RI 6%	100	88¼	88¼	88¼	..
23	20⅛	3	Chi Vel Cab	10	23	22½	23	22
33¾	25½	2.40	Chile	200	31	31	..	30⅝
38	26	2	Chile Copper	100	35	35	35	..
24½	15¾	1	*Chrysler	11000	23	21⅝	21⅞	22½
37⅜	35¾	3.60†	City Ice	200	36½	36½	36½	..
82½	77½	6½	City Ice pf	20	84	82½	82½	82½
20¼	18	3	Clark Equip	100	20½	20½	20½	..
4⅜	2¾	..	City Stores	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	..
34½	24¾	..	Cluett Peody	200	34	34	34	34
170	142½	6	Coca Cola	1000	167¼	165	167½	..
51½	50½	2	Coca Cola A	200	51½	51½	51½	..
49⅞	47	2½	Col Palm	400	48	48	48	..
17⅜	5	..	Collins&A	800	14½	14⅜	14⅜	15⅜
104	102	6	Col Palm pf	400	103¾	103⅜	103⅜	..
24½	21⅞	1	Colo F&I	700	29¾	27⅞	27⅞	29
45	33¼	2‡	Colum Gas	15000	42⅞	40⅞	40⅞	41¾
108½	100⅞	6	Col Gas pf	100	107½	107½	107½	108
111⅝	73⅛	6	Col Carbon	4800	105¼	99¼	99¾	104½
133⅜	73¾	¾	Col Graph	25000	14½	12⅝	12⅝	13⅝
23¼	18¾	2	Com Cred	1100	23	21½	21½	22⅜
35⅞	34	3	Com Cred A	100	35	35	35	35⅝
33	25	2	Com Inv Tr	9500	33⅜	31⅝	31⅝	33⅜
8	2⅞	..	Com Inv war	200	8	8	8	..
21½	15⅛	1	Com Sol	8900	20½	19½	19½	19¾
12	8	.60	Commonwealth So	11500	11⅜	10⅞	10⅞	11⅛
99¾	91½	6	Comwlth 6 pf	500	97¾	96¾	96¾	97⅝
11⅜	6⅞	..	Congoleum	1200	10½	10	10⅜	10
15	9¾	2	Con Film	200	14	13½	13½	13⅝
18⅞	15¾	2	Con Film pf	700	17⅞	17½	17½	17⅝
102½	82½	4	Con Gas	13900	100⅜	96¼	97½	100
104½	101½	5	Con Gas pf	100	101½	101½	101½	101⅜
1½	⅛	..	Con Textile	300	1⅜	1¼	1¼	1⅛
8½	6½	1.20	Container A	1900	7⅜	7	7⅛	7⅜
3	2⅜	..	Container B	800	2¾	2½	2⅝	2¾
30	17⅜	..	Cont Bak A	1900	28½	27½	28	28
3⅜	2¼	..	Cont Bak B	400	3½	2⅞	3⅛	3
77½	67¼	8	Cont Bak pf	100	77	77	77	77
59⅞	47	2½	Cont Can	4300	57⅜	56½	57⅛	57⅜
16⅞	10½	1	Cont Dia Fib	3000	15⅜	15	15	15½
51⅞	41	2.40	Cont Ins	300	49½	49¼	49¼	49
4½	2⅞	..	Cont Motors	3200	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
12	9¼	..	Cont Oil	2000	11⅜	10⅝	10⅞	11⅛
12	8½	..	Cont Shares	2000	11½	10⅞	10⅞	11
86⅜	76½	3†	Corn Prod	3500	84½	82⅜	83	83⅜
18	8¼	..	Coty	2800	16⅜	15¼	15¼	16
8¾	4½	..	Crosley	100	7½	7½	7½	8
38⅜	31	2.40	Crown Cork	2900	37⅜	36⅜	36⅝	..
6⅝	4	..	Crown Zell	100	5¼	5¼	5¼	..
46	41	4	Cudahy	100	45½	45½	45½	..
100	80⅞	6†	Curtis Pub	100	91¾	91¾	91¾	..
5⅜	3⅜	..	Curtiss Wr	17500	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅜
8½	3⅞	..	Curtiss Wr A	2300	7⅛	7¼	7¼	7⅜
100	92	8	Cushman 8%	20	99	98	98	31
41	30½	..	Cutler	300	31¾	30¾	30¾	31

—D—

23	13½	..	Davison	1300	20¾	19½	19½	20⅛
22	20½	1.40	Deere pf	300	21¼	21½	21½	..
157¼	141	9	Del & Hud	200	150	150	150	153
102	90	6	Del Lac&W	200	90	90	90	90
19¼	13	..	Denver R F A	300	18½	18½	18½	..
22½	14¾	8	Diamond M	14700	22½	20¾	20¾	21¾
26	24⅜	..	Diamond M pf	1100	25⅝	25½	25½	25⅞
23⅜	14½	1.20	Dom Stores	400	21½	21½	21½	21⅝
102⅞	83¼	6†	Dupont	6400	100½	95¼	96⅝	98½
121¾	116¾	6	Dupont deb	100	120½	120½	120½	121
104⅝	102	5	Duquesne pf	100	104¾	104⅝	104⅝	..

—E—

12¼	7½	..	Eastern RM	1000	13½	12¾	13¼	12¾
185¾	143⅜	5†	East Kodak	2200	177½	171	177	177
21½	13¾	1.60	Eaton Axle	4900	20	18⅞	18	19½
63⅛	50⅜	6	Elec Auto Lt	11900	68	65⅜	65¾	65⅝
21⅞	13⅜	..	Elec Boat	400	20	19	19	20
80⅝	38¼	..	Elec P&L	32900	58½	53⅜	54⅜	57⅝
107⅜	100	7	Elec P&L pf	100	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	106¾
96	88	6	El Paso El	200	96	96	96	..
85	80⅜	6	Elec Stor Bat	200	85	85	85	..
41	30	5	Encl John	200	37	36½	37	..
86⅜	85	5½	Eng P S 5½s pf ww	100	86½	86½	85½	86⅝
94	93	6	Eng P S 6pf	200	93	93	93	..
39⅝	30	..	Erie	1000	36½	35½	34⅝	37
13½	9	..	Eureka Vac	1900	11⅞	11	11⅜	11⅝
8⅝	4⅛	..	Evans Auto L	200	7½	7½	7½	8½
35	20	1½	Ex Buffet	10	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	20⅝

—F—

38⅜	26⅜	1¾	Fairb Morse	300	28	28	28⅜	29½

1931 High	1931 Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last Mar. 2	Last Feb. 28
6¼	4	..	Fashion Pk	200	5	5	5	..
30	15½	1	Fash Park pf	700	23	23	23	..
15⅛	10	1	Fed Screw W	400	14½	14	14	..
30	22	2.40	Fed Wat Svc	300	27	27	27	..
63	48¼	3	Firestone pf	200	59¾	58	58¼	60¾
53¾	41	2½	Firest Nat 6%	1100	50	50	50	53
3	1	..	Fisk Rubber	3800	¾	¾	¾	⅞
3	2	..	Fisk Rub 1pf	50	3½	3½	3½	..
102	97	6	Fleishmn G pf	100	100	100	100	..
19⅝	12	1	Follansbee B	300	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	..
64⅛	41¾	2	Foster& Wh	5100	61⅜	57	57	60
9¼	7	.40	Fourth Nat Inv	300	31½	30	30	31
13⅞	9	..	Foundation	2100	11⅝	11	11⅛	..
38⅜	23¾	4	Fox Fi A	4100	36	34⅛	34½	35½
43	38½	4	Freeport Tx	1900	37¾	36¼	36¾	37½

—G—

69	50½	5	Gimewell	30	50½	50	50	58
3	2	..	Gardner M	300	1½	1½	1½	1⅝
2¼	1¼	..	Gen Am Inv	200	2¼	2¼	2¼	..
73½	57⅜	4†	Gen Am Tk	13200	71⅜	67½	69¾	71½
45⅜	24½	3	*Gen Asphalt	300	42⅜	40¾	40¾	42⅜
9	6¾	..	Gen Bronze	200

STEEL TRADE'S PRODUCTION IS AGAIN HIGHER

Operating Rate Gains for Fourth Consecutive Week —Price Advance

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

NEW YORK, March 2—The steadiness in the gain in the operating rate in the steel industry is probably the most outstanding observation. For about four weeks the weekly increase has been 2 points, the present pace in the industry being close to 55 per cent of capacity.

In the language of Charles M. Schwab, "a steady but gradual improvement in the steel industry like that of the present is of a more healthy nature than a more abrupt return to normalcy."

Improved demand accompanies the increase in operating pace. Some large tonnage prospects have developed during the last week. Thus 200,000 tons of steel will be needed for the electrification of the Pennsylvania Railroad, from New York to Washington and from New York to Pittsburgh. Steel will be used in the construction of transmission towers, viaducts, electric locomotives, etc.

Expect Price Advance

It is also determined that road-building programs in the United States during 1931 will require 500,000 tons of reinforcing bars. Another 200,000 tons of prospective demand has appeared in new pipe line projects which have appeared.

The important development in the price situation is the announcement from Chicago that bars, plates and shapes will probably be advanced $1 a ton this week. It is also possible that prices of sheets and wire products will be marked higher also. Strips have already been advanced $1 and $2 a ton. Advances in the West would probably be followed by markings up in the East. A rise in prices at this time of year is seasonal.

Whether prices advance or not, and despite minor concessions in prices which have been made from time to time recently, the price structure of steel is regarded as sounder than a month ago. Compared with many other commodities steel has been very steady for many months.

Auto Makers' Buying Brisk

Purchasing of steel on the part of the automobile makers has been the briskest since last September. Production of cars is increasing. The Ford Motor Company turned out 55,000 cars in January, probably produced 75,000 units in February and is expected to produce 100,000 cars in March.

The largest freight car inquiry involves 1200 units for the Bessemer & Lake Erie. The American Locomotive Company booked five locomotives from the Soviet Government and the Baldwin Locomotive Works has received an order for eight locomotives from the St. Paul. Railroads are specifying shipments of track accessories in liberal fashion.

Much steel will be required for a tunnel under the North River between mid-town New York and Weehawken, N. J., for which the New York State Senate has just appropriated $96,000,000. Many large undertakings are in prospect at New York, though the city itself will not begin several of them until the time is more propitious to float bonds.

Tin Plate Makers More Active

The tin plate makers have increased operations to 75 per cent of capacity compared with 70 per cent a week ago. Some of the large independent companies like Bethlehem and Inland, who make a general line of steel products, are working at 55 per cent of capacity.

New demand for pig iron is rather quiet for the country as a whole. The best inquiry comes from New England. Thus there is an inquiry for 1000 tons from a user in Providence, another for 1500 tons from a Connecticut consumer and several for 250 to 500 tons each.

A textile machinery manufacturer recently received a large order for looms, and may be buying pig iron shortly as the raw material for their manufacture.

Apparently the farther south along the Atlantic seaboard, the quieter is the iron business. Boston is a more active selling center just now than New York, while New York is finding iron business a bit brisker than Philadelphia. In all districts, however, the shipments of iron are improving, which implies a larger melt of pig iron. Prices are unchanged in all districts.

Nonferrous Markets

A little pig iron from India and Holland continues to trickle into cities on the Atlantic coast, the iron being found of right physical and chemical characteristic to mix with American iron for certain kinds of superior castings.

The nonferrous metal market has been inclined higher. Copper virtually advanced ¼c a pound when a sale on Saturday was made at 10½ cents. That figure will probably be well established today. Zinc was raised $1.50 a ton during the week. Tin was steady at around 27 cents a pound. Lead was unchanged all week at 4.60 cents a pound, New York.

Export sales of copper were the feature of the metals. These sales came to 3000 to 5000 tons daily during most of last week, though dwindled to 1500 tons by Friday. Domestic sales have averaged 1000 tons daily during the last two weeks. Export sales during February came to 52,000 tons, compared with 35,000 tons during January and 30,000 tons during December.

EASTERN TEXAS ELECTRIC CO.

Eastern Texas Electric Company reports for the year ended Dec. 31 net of $1,264,187 after taxes, interest, depreciation, dividends of subsidiaries, etc., equivalent to $2.12 a share (par $100) on 24,356 shares of 7 per cent preferred, compared with $1,504,181, or $42.01 a share on preferred in 1929. Practically all the common is owned by Engineers Public Service Company.

MACK TRUCKS PROFIT

Mack Trucks, Inc., reports for the year ended Dec. 31, 1930, net profit of $2,007,606 after depreciation and federal taxes, compared with $6,041,980 in 1929. The 1930 net profit is equal to $2.60 a share on the 771,820 shares of common stock, compared with $9.05 a share on 758,625 common shares in 1929.

ROOSEVELT FIELD LOSS

Roosevelt Field, Inc., and subsidiaries reported for 1930 a net loss of $127,781. In 1929 the company reported for the period from March 31, the date of organization, to Dec. 31 a net profit of $5475.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 2:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Allegheny Corp 5s '44	83¾	83¼
Allegheny Corp 5s '49	83⅛	83⅛
Allis Chalmers Mfg 5s '37	103¾	103½
Amer Ag Chem 7½s '41	104⅛	104⅛
Amer Foreign Power 5s	84	83¾
Amer I G Chem 5½s ct '49	100½	100½
Amer Inter 5½s cv '49	94¼	94¼
Amer Nat Gas 6½s '48	31⅝	31⅝
Amer T&T 4½s cv '39	138	135
Amer T&T col 5s '46	106¾	106¾
Amer T&T of 5s '60	106⅝	106⅝
Amer T&T 5s '65	105⅞	105⅞
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	106¾	106¾
Amer WW & Elec 5s '34	103⅛	103⅛
Amer WW & Elec deb 6s '75	105	105
Armour & Co 4½s '39	90	90
Associated Oil 6s '35	103	103
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	98¼	98¼
Atch T&SF 4½s	118½	117
Atch T&SF 4½s C&A div '62	104⅛	104⅛
Atl Coast Line uni 4½s '04	99	99
Atl Refining deb 5s '37	102	101⅝
Balt & Ohio 1st 4s '48	97⅛	97⅛
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	101⅛	101⅛
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	103¾	103¾
Bing & Bing 6½s '60	83¼	83¼
Boston & Maine 5s '55	101⅝	101⅜
Boston & Maine 5s '67	102⅜	102⅜
Bklyn-Man Tr sf 6s '68	101½	101⅜
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s '50	87½	87½
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '50	104⅛	104⅛
Calif Fruit P 5s '38	99¼	99¼
Calif Petroleum 5½s '38	96½	96½
Can Nat Ry gen 4½s '84	99⅜	99⅜
Can Nat Ry 4½s '57	99⅜	99⅜
Can Nat Ry 4¾s '35	101⅞	101⅞
Can North deb 6½s '46	118	118
Can Nor of 7s '40	113⅛	113
Can Pacific deb 4s	87⅛	87⅛
Can Pacific 4½s '60	99¼	99¼
Can Pacific 5s '44 ct	104¼	104¼
Can Pacific 5s '54	103⅝	103⅝
Cen of Ga 5s C '59	92⅞	92⅝
Cen Pacific 5s '60	106⅛	106
Ches & O 4½s B	101¼	101¼
Chicago & East Ill 5s '51	46	46
Chicago & Erie 1st 5s '82	107	107
Chicago Gt West 4s '59	69½	68¾
Chicago M StP&Pac adj 2000	30¼	29⅞
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s '75	72	71½
Chicago & Nw 4¾s '87	91	91
Chicago RI&P 4½s A	93	93
Chicago TerHau & SE 5s '60	88¼	88¼
Chicago Un Sta B '63	105¼	105¼
Chicago Un Sta 5s ct '44	104¼	104¼
Chicago Un Sta 6½s C '63	115½	115½
Chicago & W Indiana 4s '52	90	90
Chicago & W Indiana 5½s. '62	105½	105
Chile Copper 5s '47	95	94⅝
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	98¾	98¼
Comp Tab Rec 6s '41	105¾	105¾
Con Gas Co 5½s '45	106¼	106½
Consum Pow uni 5s '52	105	105
Crown Cork & Seal 6s '42	98½	98½
Crown Zellerbach 6s ww	74½	74½
Cuba Nor Ry 5½s '42 rcts	44¼	44¼
Cuban-Am Sug col 8s 31	100½	99⅝
Del & Hudson rfg 4s '43	97¼	97
Den & Rio G con 4s '36	97	97
Den & Rio G 4½s '36	99½	99½
Den & Rio G Wn 5s '55	81	81
Detroit Ed 4½s wi	101½	101½
Detroit Ed col 5s '33	102½	102½
Dodge Bros sf 6s '40	90	89
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	103¾	103¾
Erie RR 5s '67	82½	82
Erie RR gen 7s	80½	80½
Erie & Jersey 6s	110¼	110¼
Fed Lt & Trac 5s '42	95½	95
Fla East Coast 5s '74	29	28¾
Gen Investment 5s	89½	89¼
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '37	103⅜	103⅜
Gen Theater Equip 6s	68	67¾
Goodrich 6s '45	69	68
Goodrich 1st 6½s '47	99⅝	99⅝
Goodyear Tire 5s '57	90½	90¼
Great Northern 4½s '76 D	99¼	99¼
Great Northern 4½s '77 E	98⅜	98⅜
Great Northern 7s '36 A	112	111¾
Hudson & Man adj in 5s '57	78½	78½
Humble Oil 5s '37	102	102
Ill Beli Tel rfg 5s '56	106	105½
Ill Central 4½s '66	95¾	95¾
Ill Central 6½s '36	109¼	109¼
Ill Steel deb 4½s '40	101¼	101¼
Inland Steel 4½s A '78	96	96
Inland Steel 4½s B '81	96½	96½
Inter Match Corp 8s rcts '47	91¾	91¾
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	81¼	83¼
Inter Rap Tran 5s sta '66	72½	72
Inter Rap Trans 6s '32	59	59
Inter Rap Trans 7s '32	91¼	91¼
Int Cement Corp 5s '48	99¾	99¾
Int & G Nor adj 6s '52	49	49
Int Mer Mar col 6s '41	91	91
Int Tel & Tel 5s	85	85
Kan Gas & Elec 4½s '80	94½	94⅜
L'Autaro 6s '54	64	64
Loew's Inc 6s '41	109	109
Loew's Inc 6s '41 ex-war	99	99
Louis Gas & Elec rfg 5s '52	105	105
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	58	57
Market St Ry gold 7s '40	97	97
Metro Edison 4½s	101¾	101¾
Metro Water 5½s	68	67½
Midvale Steel col 5s '36	103½	103½
Mil El & Lt rfg 5s '51	101⅝	101⅝
Mo Pacific gen '4s '75	71	71
Mo Pacific 5s F '77	94¾	94½
Mo Pacific 5s G '65	94⅛	94⅛
Mo Pacific 5½s '49	99¼	99¼
Montana Power rfg 5s '43	104½	104½
Morris & Essex 4½s	103½	103½
Murray Body 6½s '34	94	94
Nat Dairy Prod 5s '48	101⅜	101½
N. Eng T&T 4½s '31	103	103
N Q Pub Ser 5s '55 B	90	90
NYC&HR rfg & im 4½s '2013	100¾	100⅝
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	92⅝	91⅝
NY Chi & StL 6s A '31	101¾	101¾
NY Steam Corp 5s '58	108½	108½
NY Steam Corp 5s	103	103
NY Sus & W 5s T	89¼	89¼
NY Tel gen 4½s '39	103⅝	103½
NY Wchester & B 4½s '46	86½	86½
Nor Am Ed 5s A '57	104½	104
Nor Am Ed 5½s '61	100½	100½
Nor Am Ed Co 5s	97½	97½
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	68¼	68¼
Nor Pacific 4½s A 2047	90½	90½
Nor Pacific 6s B 2047	113	113
Old Ben Coal 6s '46	48½	48½
Otis Steel 6s '41	98½	98½
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	103⅜	103⅜
Paramount Public 5½s '50	87	87
Pathe Ex inc 7s '37	71	71
Penn Railroad gtd 4s '31	100½	100½
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	98	97⅞
Penn Railroad 4½s '63	101¾	101⅝
Penn Railroad 5s '84	105	105
Penn Railroad gold 6½s '36	109¾	109¾
Phillips Pet 5½s '39	87	87
Philadelphia Co 5s '67	101½	101⅛
Philadelphia Elec 4s	93¾	93¼
Phil & Read C&I 6s '49	81½	81
Phila Rapid Tran 6s '42	101⅜	101⅜
Pitts & West Va Ry 4½s '60	94½	94½
Port Art C & Dock 6s '53	104½	104½
Port Gen Elec 4½s '35	88	87
Port Gen Elec 5s	101½	101½
Purity Baking 5s '48	97	96¾
Remington Arms sf 6s '37	92	92
Remington Rand 5½s '47 ww	88¾	88¾
Richfield Oil Co of Cal 6s '44	83¼	82
Rio G & W 1st 4s '39	96	96
St Louis IM&S 4s R&G div '32	100	100
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	86½	86¼
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	81¾	81¼
St Louis & SF gen 6s '31	100¾	100¾
St Louis SW con 4s '32	100½	100¼
StP Union Depot rfg 5s '72	110½	110½
Seabd AL rfg 4s '59	15½	15
Seabd AL con 6s '45	17¼	17
Seabd All Fla Ry 6s A '35	10½	10½
Shell Pipe 5s '52	98⅝	98⅝
Shell Union 5s '47	82½	82½
Shell Union 5s ct ww '49	87	86¾
Shubert Theater 6s '42	21¼	21⅛
Sierra & San F Pow 5s '49	103	103
Sinclair Cn O col 6½s '38	95¾	95¾
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	99	99
Sinclair Pipe Li 5½s '38	101⅞	101⅞
Smith A O 6½s '33	103⅝	103⅝
Southern Pacific rfg 4s '55	97	97
Southern Pacific 4½s '68	98¼	98¼
Southern Pacific 4½s '69 ww	99	98¾
Southern Pacific Ore A 4½s '77	100⅝	100⅝
Southern Ry gen 6½s '56	117⅛	117⅛
Southwest Bell Tel rfg 5s '56	105⅝	105⅝
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	103¾	103¾
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	100¼	100¼
Tenn Elec Power 6s '47	107	107
Texarkana 1st 5½s '50	105⅝	105⅝
Texas Corp 5s '44	101	100¾
Tex & Pac 5s '2000	101	101
Tex & Pac 5s D '80 wi	98¼	98¼
Third Ave rfg 4s '60	49¾	49¾
Third Ave adj 5s '60	33¼	32
Union El L & P 5½s '54	103¾	103¾
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	99	99
Union Pacific 4s '68	94	93¼
Union Pacific rfg 4s 2008	96	96
Union Pacific 4½s '67	102	102
US Rubber Co 5s '47	71½	71½
Utah Lt & Trac 5s '44	96½	96¼
Utah Pow & Lt 5s '44	101¼	101¼
Utica Gas & Elec 5s '57	109½	109½
Util Pow & Lt 5s '59 ww	74½	74½
Util Pow & Lt 5½s '47	81	81
Wabash RR 1st 5s '39	104	103½
Wabash RR 5s B '76	91	90½
Wabash RR 4½s '80	101½	101½
Wabash RR 5½s '75	98¼	98¼
Walworth 6½s '35 ww	82	82
Warner Bros Pict 6s '39	64	63¼
West Pa Pow 5s A '46	105	105
Western Electric 5s '44	105	105
Western Maryland 4s '52	82	82
Western Union R E 4½s '50	102	102
Western Union 6½s '36	109¾	109¾
Western Union 5s '60	103¾	103¾
Wheeling Steel 4½s B '53	90¼	90
Wilson & Co 1st 6s '41	100½	100½
Winchester R Arms 7½s '41	43¾	43¾
Youngstown Sheet 5s '78	101¼	101

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Last Mar 2	Prev'us Feb28
3½s '47	101.12	101.12	101.12	..
1st 4¼s '47	103.16	103.26	103.16	..
4th 4¼s '38	103.22	103.15	103.19	103.14
4th 4¼s reg	103.16	103.16	103.16	103.11
US 3¾s '43	100.29	100.22	100.29	101.2
US 3¾s '47	101	100.30	100.30	..
US 3¾s '56	104.31	104.30	104.31	..
US 4s '54	106.20	106.20	106.20	..
US 4¼s '52	110.30	110.30	110.30	..

Quoted in thirty-seconds of a point. For example, 101.8 is 101 8-32.

FOREIGN BONDS

Abitibi P&P 5s '53	77¾	77¾	
Antioquia 7s D '45	56	55	
Antwerp 5s '58	104¾	104¾	
Argentine Gov 5½s '63	86¼	86¼	
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	89¾	89¾	
Argentine Gov 6s May '60	89¾	89¾	
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	89¾	89¾	
Argentine Gov 6s '57 A	89¾	89¾	
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	89¾	89¾	
Australia 4½s '56	83	81½	
Australia 5s '55	87½	86¾	
Australia 5s '57	87¾	87¾	
Austria (Gov) 7s ct '57	97	96¾	
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	106	105¾	
Austria (Upper) 6½s '37	98¾	98½	
Austria (Upper) 7s '43	100	100	
Batavian Pet 4½s '42	86¾	86¾	
Belgium (King) 6s '50	103⅝	103⅝	
Belgium (King) 7s '50	114	114	
Belgium (King) 7s '55	114½	114¼	
Bergen 5s '60 rct	98	98	
Berlin (City) 6s '58	73½	73½	
Berlin (City) 6½s '50	83¾	83¾	
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	77¼	77	
Berlin Elec 6s '55	71⅝	71	
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '58	28	28	
Bolivia (Rep) 8s '47	28	28	
Bordeaux (City) 6s '34	104¾	104¾	
Brazil (Can Mi Ry) 7s '58	67¾	67¾	
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '46	86½	86½	
Brazil (US) 8s '41	89	89	
Bremen 7s '35	89¼	89	
Brisbane 5s '58	80	80	
Budapest (City) 6s '62	76¼	75¾	
Buenos Aires (Prov) 6½s '61	71	71	
Bulgaria 7s '67	71	71	
Bulgaria 7½s '68	81¼	81¾	
Canada (Dom) 4½s '36	103½	103½	
Canada (Dom) 5s '31	100¼	100¼	
Canada (Dom) 5s '52	105⅞	105⅞	
Canada (Dom) 5s 31	100¾	100¾	
Canada (Dom) 5s '53	105⅝	105⅝	
Cauca Valley 7½s '46	66	66	
Chile (Bank) 6s '61	77¾	77¾	
Chile (Bank) 6½s '57	84½	84½	
Chile (Bank) 6s '62	80¾	80¾	
Chile (Rep) 6s '60	80	79¾	
Chile (Rep) 6s '61 Sept	80	80	
Chile (Rep) 6s '63	80	80	
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '46	86½	86½	
Colombia (Rep) 6s' 61 Jan	86¾	86½	
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Oct	86¼	86¼	
Copenhagen (City) 4½s '53	86	86¾	
Copenhagen (City) 5s '53	100¾	100	
Copenhagen Tel 5s '54	98¼	99¼	
Costa Rica (Rep) 7s '51	77	77	
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '45	79¾	78	
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '59	75	75	
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	96¾	96¾	
Denmark (King) 5½s '55	101¾	101¾	
Denmark (King) 6s' 42	106¼	106	
Deutsche Bk 6s ctfs '32	90	90	
Finland (Rep) 6½s '56	90½	90½	
Finland (Rep) 7s '50	95¾	95¾	
Framerican Def 7½s '42	108	107⅝	
French (Rep) 7s '49	120½	120¼	
Gelsenkirchen Min 6s '34	94	93½	
German 7s '49	104	104	
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	84	84	
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	79½	79½	
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	79	79	
Germ Gen Elec 6s 48	88	88	
Germ Gov Int 5½s '65	79	78¾	
Greek 6s '68	68½	68½	
Haiti (Rep) 6s '53	95	95	
Hansa 6s '39 ww	81	81	
Hungary Mun 7s '46	86	86	
Hungary Mun 7½s '45	90	90	
Irish Free Sate 5s '60	103⅞	103⅞	
Italian Credit Con 7s A '37	99½	99½	
Italian Credit Con 7s B '47	96	96	
Italian Pub Utiy 7s '52	93½	93½	
Italy (King) 7s '51	99½	99½	
Jap (Con Pwr) 6½s '50	105	105	
Jap (Con Pwr) 7s '46	99½	99½	
Jap (Im Gov 5½s '65	93¾	93	
Kreuger & Toll 5s '59	93¼	93	
Lombard El 7s '52 ww	94	92½	
Lyons (City) 6s '34	104¾	104¾	
Medellin 6½s '54	48	48	
Milan (City) 6½s '52	87¾	87	
Minas Geraes 6½s '58	53	53	
Netherlands (King) 6s '72	106	106	
New South Wales 5s '57	59¾	59¾	
New South Wales 5s '58	59¾	59¾	
Nord Rys 6½s '50	104½	104½	
Norway (King) 5s '63	101¼	101¼	
Norway (King) 5½s '65	102¾	102¾	
Norway (King) 6s '52	102¾	102¾	
Norwegian El 5½s '57	100	99½	
Oriental Dev 5½s '58	93¾	93¾	
Oriental Dev Ltd 6s '53	99	99	
Oslo (City) 6s '55	100	100	
Paris-Lyons-Med 6s '58	104¾	104½	
Poland (Gov) 6s '40	69¼	69¼	
Poland (Gov) 7s '47	81½	81½	
Poland (Gov) 8s '50	89	89	
Prussia 6s '52	77¾	77	
Queensland (State) 7s '41	89¾	89¾	
Rhine Main 7s '50	94¼	94	
Rhinelbe 7s '46	89½	89½	
Rio de Janeiro (City) 6½s '53	59½	59	
Rio G do Sul (State) 7s '68	87½	86¼	
Roma (City) 6½s '52	85½	85½	
Rotterdam (City) 6s '64	105½	105½	
Royal Dutch 4s '45 ww	93	93	
Salvador (Rep) 8s '48	102	102	
Sante Fe (Prov) 7s '42	84	84	
Sao Paulo (State) 7s '56	65	65	
Sao Paulo (State) 7s '40	82	82	
Saxon State 6½s '46	80	79½	
Serbs Cro & Slov 7s '62	81¼	81¼	
Silesia Bk 6s '47	73¾	73½	
Silesia (Prov) 7s '58	83	83½	
Stockholm (City) 6s '34	106	106	
Sydney 5½s '55	89½	89½	
Sweden (King) 5½s '54	105⅝	105⅝	
Toho Elec Pow 6s '32	90¾	89¾	
Tokyo Elec Lt 6s '53	90½	90½	
Tolima (Dept) 7s '47	63	63	
Uru Ry Lt & Pr 5½s '37	106½	106¼	
Uni Stl W 6½s A '47	76½	75¾	
Uni Stl W 6½s C '51	76¾	76¾	
Uruguay (Rep) 6s '64	81¾	81¼	
Uruguay (Rep) 8s '46	101	101	
Vienna 6s '59	88¾	88¾	
Westphalia El 6½s '53	74½	74½	
Yokohama (City) 6s '61	98¾	98¾	

EDISON OF BOSTON INCOME DECLINES SLIGHTLY FROM 1929

Operating revenues of Edison Company of Boston exceeded $30,000,000 in 1930, for the first time, notwithstanding rate reductions during the year. The exact total of operating revenues was $30,617,180, an increase of $952,595 over 1929.

Gross income for 1930 was $13,576,212, or $403,345 larger than in the previous year. Income after all charges except depreciation declined, however, from $10,563,323 in 1929 to $10,069,303 in 1930, reflecting higher charges for interest and discount.

The Boston Edison Company has no set rule or rate for determining the amounts to be credited to depreciation reserve, but at the end of each fiscal year transfers to the credit of this account whatever amount is authorized by the executive committee. For the 1930 year the amount so appropriated was $2,650,000, compared with $3,300,000 in 1929, $3,950,000 in 1928, $3,200,000 in 1927, and $2,300,000 in 1926.

Amounts actually charged to depreciation reserve during 1930 totaled $1,806,091, compared with $2,348,294 in 1929 and $2,358,981 in 1928.

After deducting the amount actually charged to depreciation reserves the 1930 earnings were equal to $15.44 a share on 534,875 shares of stock, compared with $15.35 a share on the same stock in 1929 and $15.22 a share in 1928 on 533,875 shares.

OFFER OF EXCHANGE BY CITIES SERVICE

NEW YORK, March 2 (AP)—Pursuant to its plan to acquire the Richfield Oil Company of California, now in receivership, Cities Service Company today announced an offer to exchange its preferred stock for Richfield preferred shares.

The exchange offer addressed to Richfield preferred stockholders is on the basis of two shares of Cities Service B preferred and one share of common for each five shares of Richfield preferred. It limits the exchange to not more than 100,000 shares of Richfield preferred, and the time to 30 days after March 2.

On Jan. 26 an offer was made to the common stockholders of Richfield to exchange common stock for Cities Service common. That offer expired Feb. 25 and although no statement was made concerning the response, which limited the exchange to 500,000 shares of Richfield common, sources close to the company indicated that it was satisfactory.

NEW BOSTON INVESTMENT FIRM

Edwin M. Newton, Charles M. Abbe and Carleton H. Simmons have formed the investment firm of Newton, Abbe & Co. with offices at 75 Federal Street. They will do a general investment business, specializing in municipal, utility and railroad securities.

LONDON QUOTATIONS

LONDON, March 2 (AP)—Consols for money today were 56⅛. Do Money was 57⅛; Bank Mines 5⅝. One year silver was 12⅝d. at spot. Money was 1¾ per cent. Discount rates on short bills were 3⅛@3¼ per cent; three months, 3⅛ per cent.

THE securities advertised in this newspaper are not guaranteed as investments by The Christian Science Monitor.

The publishers aim to accept advertisements of sound securities only, but those making investments on account of such advertisements should make their own investigations before buying.

Purchases made will not involve responsibility on the part of the publishers.

ADVANCE IN EXPORT PRICE OF COPPER

NEW YORK, March 2 (AP)—The price of copper advanced one-quarter of a cent a pound in the export market today to 10.80 cents, c. i. f. European base ports.

The rise by Copper Exporters Inc., brought the foreign price to a level of 10½ cents a pond in the domestic market, a figure at which one leading producer was reported Saturday to have sold the metal.

The trade had expected the advance in price because heavy export sales of the metal last week had brought about a gradually decreasing amount of the metal offered at 10¼ cents in the domestic market and at 10.55 cents in the export market.

Today all producers had increased the domestic price to 10½ cents a pound, delivered, a rise of one-quarter of a cent.

The General Cable Corporation has advanced the price of bare copper wire one-quarter of a cent a pound to 12.25 cents a pound.

MONEY MARKET

Current quotations follow:

	Boston	New York
Call loans—renewal rate	2½%	
Commercial paper	2½@3	2½@2¾
Customers' loans	3½@4½	5
Collateral loans	5	5
Time loans—		
Sixty-ninety days	1½@1¾	1¼@1¾
Four to six months	1¾@2½	1¾@2¼

	Today	Previous
Bar silver in New York	27c	27⅜c
Bar silver in London	12⅝d	12⅝d
Bar gold in London	84s 11½d	84s 11½d

Acceptance Market

30 days	1⅛@1⅛
60 days	1⅛@1⅛
90 days	1⅛@1⅛
4 months	1⅛@1⅛
5 months	1⅛@1⅛
6 months	1⅛@1⅛

Leading Central Bank Rates

The 12 Federal Reserve banks in the United States and banking centers in foreign countries quote the discount rates as follows:

Atlanta	3%	Bombay	7%
Boston	2½	Budapest	5½
Chicago	3	Calcutta	7
Cleveland	3	Copenhagen	3½
Dallas	3½	Helsingfors	6
Kansas City	3½	Lisbon	7½
Minneapolis	3½	London	3
New York	3	Madrid	5½
Philadelphia	3½	Oslo	4
Richmond	3½	Paris	2
San Francisco	3	Prague	4
St. Louis	3	Riga	6
Amsterdam	2½	Rome	5½
Athens	7	Sofia	9
Berlin	5	Stockholm	3
Berne	2	Tokyo	5.11
Bucharest	9	Vienna	5
Brussels	3½	Warsaw	7½

Foreign Exchange Rates

Current quotations of foreign exchanges compare with the last previous figures as follows:

Sterling:	Today	Last Prev.	Parity
Demand	4.85⅛	4.85⅛	4.8665
Cables	4.85 31-32	4.85 31-32	4.8665
France—francs	.0391¾	.0391¾	.0392
Belgium—belga	.1394¾	.1394¾	.139
Italy—lira	.0523¾	.0523¾	.0526
Germany—mark	.2377¾	.2377¾	.2381
Austria—schill'g	.1406½	.1404½	.1407
Czecho'vak—crown	.0296¾	.0296¾	.0296
Denmark—krone	.2678	.2678	.268
Finland—finn'rk	.0262	.0262	.0252
Greece—dr'chma	.0139¾	.0139¾	.193
Holland—florin	.4011	.4011	.402
Hungary—pengo	.1745¾	.1745¾	.1749
Norway—krone	.2676	.2676	.268
Poland—sloty	.1121	.1130	.1132
Port'gal—escudo	.0450	.0450	1.0805
Rumania—leu	.0050⅞	.0050½	.193
Spain—peseta	.1047	.1055	.193
Sweden—krona	.2677¾	.2677½	.268
Switzland—franc	1.9231¼	1.9231¼	.193
Jugoslavia—dina	.0176¾	.0176¾	.193
Far East			
Hong Kong—dol	.3218	.3219	..
Shanghai—tael	.2963⅛	.2956	..
India—rupee	.3600	.3600	.3650
Japan—yen	.4940	.4940	.4984
Phil Islnds—peso	.4962

Local Classified

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 30 cents a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum order four lines. An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions. An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under a Rooms To Let or a Situations Wanted heading

For other Classified Advertising see preceding page.

HELP WANTED—MEN

EXPERIENCED man for kitchen helper, near Boston; Christian Scientist preferred. Box S-22, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

NIGHT operator (man) for telephone switchboard near Boston; must have moderate knowledge of bookkeeping; Christian Scientist preferred; state experience, age and schooling, and name references. Box S-21, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

HIGH-GRADE furniture at sacrifice, account leaving city, three-piece living room, buffet, china cabinet, etc. Apartment 6-H, 2020 Grand Ave., New York City. Kellog 5-10196.

INSTRUCTION

BEAUTY CULTURE

The New Way—A Profitable Profession

Every Branch of Beauty Culture

Permanent Waving, Water Waving, Marcelling, Manicuring, Facial Massage, Cosmetic Art and Salesmanship taught under the personal supervision of Lucille Buhl, Director, noted authority on beauty. Her new professional method prepares you for the best paying positions. Employment Service free. Call for interview or write for free booklet.

MODERN BEAUTY ACADEMY
11 WEST 42ND STREET, N. Y. C.

MOVING AND STORAGE

I SHALL deem it a privilege to serve readers of The Christian Science Monitor in their local and long distance piano and furniture moving. NOBLE R. STEVES, 184 Harvard St., Boston 34 Mass. Tel. Talbot 2400.

OFFICES TO LET

N. Y. C., 11 West 42nd St.—Desirable practitioner's office; southern exposure, 3 afternoons. Address Suite 1935. Tel. Longacre 8326, afternoons.

OFFICE, formerly occupied by dentist; established corner location for 12 years; Roseville section of Newark, N. J. Phone Orange 3-5056 or write C. E., 202 Renshaw Ave., East Orange, N. J.

REAL ESTATE

SCARSDALE, N. Y.
Village of Homes
NASH *and* BOGART
REALTORS
Elizabeth Nash
Elizabeth Locke Bogart
24 EAST PARKWAY Telephone 930

ROOMS FOR TOURISTS

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Tourists' refined, quiet home; central. 1314 Rhode Island Avenue N. W. Tel. Decatur 0278. Garage. Cut ad out.

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RATHFARNHAM

DAILY FEATURES

One Minute Biographies

Who: CHARLES SUMNER.

Where: The United States.

When: 1811-1874.

Why famous: An American statesman of the Civil War period, a notable advocate of the policies of Free Soil and of Negro emancipation. He was born in Boston, educated there at the Latin School and at Harvard University; at 23 he was admitted to the bar. There followed an interval during which Sumner was traveling and studying abroad, after which he returned to Boston and was quickly taken up by the practice of law and by lecturing on law at Harvard. Soon, too, he became connected with various reforms: with prison reform and with such educational reform as Horace Mann purposed.

When the Free Soil party was formed, Sumner was associated with it, in opposition to the ambition of the South to extend the slave-holding territory. As a result of the disputed election of 1851, he went to Washington as United States Senator and there played a distinguished part. It has been said that "Freedom national; Slavery sectional," a speech which he delivered on Aug. 26, 1852, "marked a new era in American history." In consequence of his open denunciation of the Kansas-Nebraska bill and its authors, Sumner was assaulted on the floor of the Senate. For three years his chair stood empty.

When later Sumner returned to public life, he held the important position of chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, for which work he was eminently fitted by reason of his familiarity with European politics. In that capacity his services proved extremely valuable to his country. History honors him as a consistent champion of the Negro and his rights throughout the Civil War. Credit or blame—as one likes to regard it—is usually accorded Sumner for having forced upon the South the equal suffrage rights of the Negro. The statesman's final years were saddened by maladjustments and misunderstandings with President Grant and his Cabinet. A man of dauntless courage, he was imbued with the noblest ideals.

A Word a Day

Formidable

One who is formidable in good so lives as to inspire dread in his foes, and deters them from approach. In this sense, the sun may be said to be formidable in light, keeping away darkness.

The word comes to us from the Latin *formidare*, "to dread," an extension of *formido*, "fear." "Fearful," incidentally, is usually regarded as an exact synonym of "formidable," but it is to be noted that the former is applied to that which merely inspires fear, while the latter describes that which is so overpowering and redoubtable as to deter assailants from action.

For'-mi-da-ble is accented on the first syllable; sound o as in orb, i as in it, a as in sofa, last syllable as b'l.

"He was formidable in his understanding of the issue, and silenced his critics."

Note: First choice in Webster's New International Dictionary is accepted as authority for pronunciation.—Editor

Brevities

Humorist: In some countries, we are told, it is the custom for a man to let his wife walk on the outside of the pavement. Even if this ruse were tried in England, we doubt if it would prevent a wife from catching sight of a hat or gown in a shop window.

Detroit News: Simile: As frequently interrupted as a hotel porter, washing the glass in a revolving door.

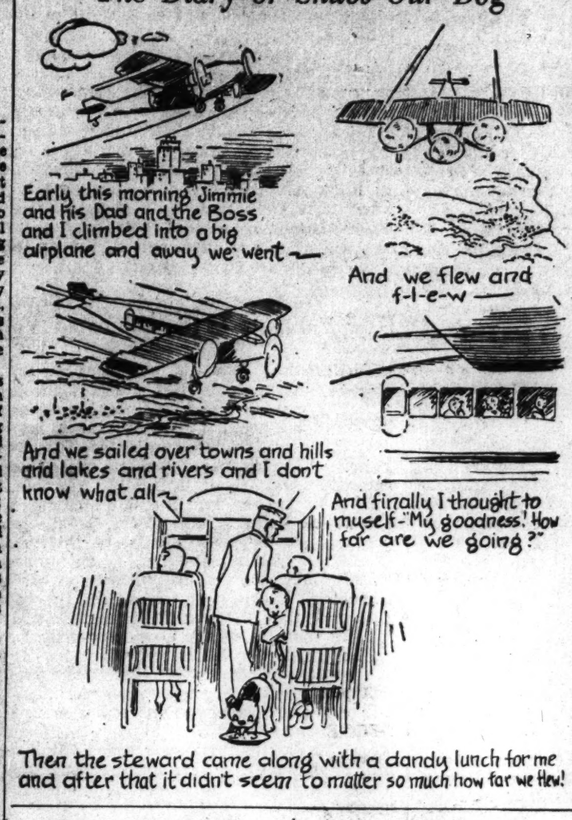
Pennsylvania Punch Bowl: The best thing about modern furniture is that you can give the children a chest of tools and the furniture doesn't look a bit different.

Humorist: There are to be advertisements on railway tickets. The idea is to give a passenger something to read after he has finished perusing the newspaper of the passenger opposite.

A Quotation for Today

POWER dwells with cheerfulness; hope puts us in a working mood, while despair is no muse and untunes the working power.—EMERSON.

The Diary of Snubs Our Dog


Early this morning Jimmie and his Dad and the Boss and I climbed into a big airplane and away we went—
And we flew and f-l-e-w—
And we sailed over towns and hills and lakes and rivers and I don't know what all—
And finally I thought to myself—"My goodness! How far are we going?"
Then the steward came along with a dandy lunch for me and after that it didn't seem to matter so much how far we flew!

Odds and Ends

Chatur-anga

The Hindu chess game, called by the Sanskrit name of Chatur-anga, has been a popular pastime in India for more than 13 centuries.

Mexico's Presidents

Of Mexico's 42 Presidents, 25 were generals in the army, 12 were lawyers, two were merchants, one a physician, one a singing instructor, while the incumbent, President Ortiz Rubio, is an engineer.

Casinos Stop Gambling

Instead of the bankruptcy which was predicted when gambling was barred in the casinos of the canton of Geneva, Switz., a more profitable era than before was ushered in with a new class of patrons.

A River in Piccadilly

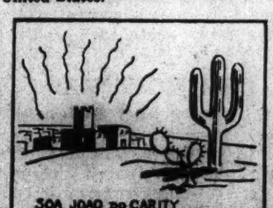
A stream flowing through Piccadilly was the source of water supply for Londoners in the early part of the thirteenth century.

Railroad Spares Trees

In order to avoid cutting down a grove of cottonwood trees, a new railway line being built in Texas is making a detour from its original survey.

Public School Investment

The sum of $8,000,000,000 is now invested in buildings, grounds and equipment of the public schools of the United States.



30A JOAO DO CARITY
IN BRAZIL, HAS HAD NO RAIN FOR TWO YEARS ACCORDING TO A MESSAGE RECEIVED BY FEDERAL AUTHORITIES FROM THE MAYOR OF THAT CITY ASKING FOR ASSISTANCE.

In Lighter Vein

Understudy (to film star who has differed with her director): "Don't let it bother you at all, dear, I'll take your part."

A Sound Film

"A film is to be made of a baby's first year," says a news item. It should be a scream.

Takes Time

A boy was telling his friend about his great-grandfather.

"He's 92 today," he said. "Isn't that wonderful?"

"I don't think so," was the reply. "Look at the time it's taken him to do it."—*Children's Magazine.*

Good Old Applesauce!

While on his visit to this country, Marshal Foch was a guest at a dinner party when one of the other guests took exception to French politeness. "There is nothing in it but wind," he said, with questionable taste.

"Neither is there anything but wind in a pneumatic tire," retorted the gallant marshal, "yet it eases the jolts along life's highway wonderfully."—*Capper's Magazine.*

Surprise for Teacher

Little Helen came home from school and said: "Mother, my teacher wants some pieces for the children to say at school. May I take Daddy's book called 'A Thousand and One Germs of Poultry'?"

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

For Others

MUSICIANS here, displaced by the "talkies," have found in their own adversity an opportunity to lessen that of other people. They have formed an orchestra and are giving free concerts to the unemployed, of which the city has approximately 70,000.

The concerts are held in various municipal baths which, normally closed in winter months, have been opened on the initiative of the Lord Mayor, W. W. Saunders, as "rest rooms" for the unemployed.

Applebey Matthews, former conductor of Birmingham City Orchestra, is sparing time from his professional duties to conduct the new orchestra and is framing programs of bright music on the supposition that it can do much to dispel the dreariness which too often becomes the daily lot of the man who has no job. Radio has also been installed in some of the rest rooms, the sets having been gifts from local firms.

Birmingham, Eng.

What They Say

But That Is a Career!

"I believe that a woman who is busy in her home, making it a real one, has no time for what you call a career."—*Mrs. Albert Einstein.*

A Broader Viewpoint

"The affection which you reserve for your country must not lead you to forget the existence of other people."—*Raymond Poincaré, French statesman.*

No "Happenings"

"I am inclined to agree that 'events do not happen'; we come across them."—*Sir James Jeans.*

"Beauty Pays"

"One of the pleasing developments in industrial America is the recognition that beauty pays."—*Otto H. Kahn, New York banker.*

Transportation Progress

"Throughout history the progress of civilization has been dependent upon the development of transportation."—*Colonel Lindbergh.*

SYNONYM GOLF

Puzzle No. 10

Winners:

(a) T. C. and KAYEL ROGERS, Westfield, N. J.

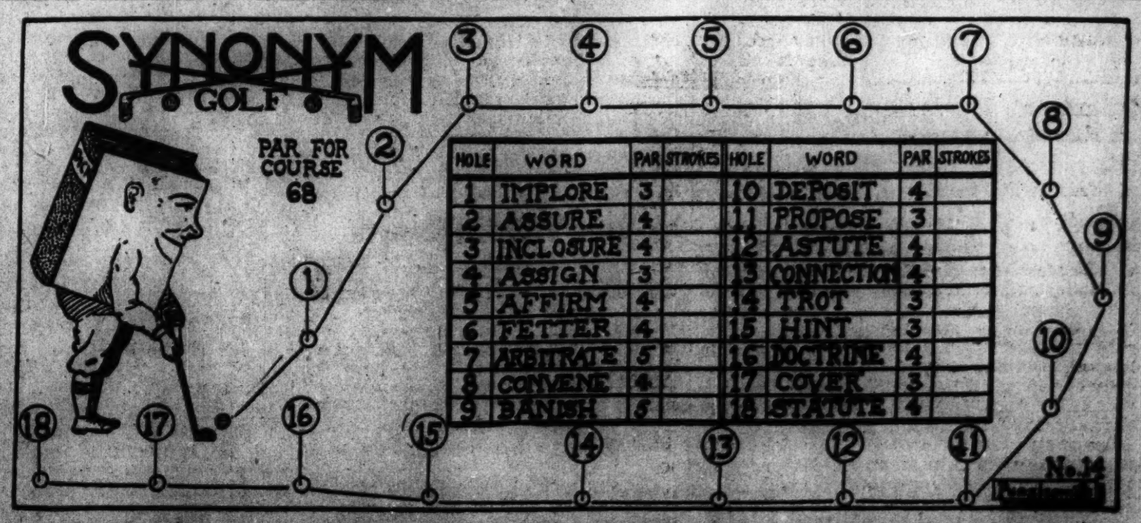
(b) ROBERT C. J. WERE, Victoria, B. C.

Hole	Word	Par	Synonym	Strokes
1.	Accomplish	2	Do	2
2.	Separate	4	(a) Odd (b) Cut	3
3.	Procure	3	Get	3
4.	Serve	3	(a) Aid (b) Do	3-2
5.	Neat	4	Ox	2
6.	Flock	3	(a) Set (b) Mob	3
7.	Devotion	4	Vow	3
8.	Always	3	Aye (A)	1
9.	Payable	3	Due	3
10.	Suave	4	Oily	4
11.	Identical	4	One	3
12.	Reign	4	Rule	4
13.	Miniature	5	Tiny	4
14.	Bother	3	(a) Irk (b) Ado	3
15.	Diurnal	5	Daily	5
16.	Tight	4	Taut	4
17.	Coast	4	(a) Rim (b) Sled	3-4
18.	Gather	4	Get	3
		69		56

"Dick Shunary" enthusiastically doffs his cap to another pair of winners. One from the Atlantic seaboard and the other from the Pacific. Incidentally, it is the second time the New Jersey team has qualified as a winner. ("Dick" respectfully submits that more men should get their wives to help them.)

Two scores of 52 were the lowest received, one from Putney, Vt. (disqualified by "leg" on hole 15), and the other from Burlington, Colo. (disallowed because of "bay" on 17). A 54 from West Newton, Mass., was disallowed because the hole-in-one word, "aye," was spelled phonetically "I" instead of "A." (When it means "yes" it is, of course, pronounced as "I.")

Many synonym golfers seized the occasion to remind "Dick Shunary" that as a mathematician he is a good golfer—par having been given originally as 70. Oh, well, golfers always seem to have trouble with their addition!



RULES: Write on the line to each hole the shortest synonym you can find for the corresponding hole-word. The number of letters in your synonym is your number of strokes for the hole. Tabulate your strokes on the chart.

Try to equal—or beat—par. Perhaps you can make a birdie (one under par) or an eagle (two under par). For instance, BIND is a par 4 for the sixth hole, but TIE is a birdie 3. Try for a hole-in-one. Somewhere on the course there is a word or synonym for which may be spelled (phonetically) with one letter; example SEE—C.

If you beat par send in your score and list of words to the Feature Editor. The lowest correct score and list of synonyms will be published with the winners' name two weeks from today. Be sure to put down the number.

"Dick Shunary" is the "pro" on the course; refer your problems to it. And remember, a synonym, according to Webster, is "one of two or more words of the same language having the same or nearly the same essential meaning." A noun must be given as a synonym for a noun, an adjective for an adjective, etc. No obsolete or colloquial words accepted.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, MONDAY, MARCH 2, 1931 — *"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"* — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

The Christian Science Monitor Editorial Board

The Editorial Board as constituted by The Christian Science Board of Directors for The Christian Science Monitor is composed of Mr. Willis J. Abbot, Contributing Editor; Mr. Roland R. Harrison, Manager of The Christian Science Publishing Society; Mr. James E. Patton, member of the Board of Trustees of The Christian Science Publishing Society, and Mr. Frank L. Perrin, Executive Editor. It is the duty of the Monitor Editorial Board to consider and determine all questions within the Editorial Department of The Christian Science Monitor, and also to carry out the stated policy of The Christian Science Board of Directors relative to the entire newspaper. Each member of said Editorial Board shall have equal responsibility and duty.

All communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to The Christian Science Monitor Editorial Board.

EDITORIALS

Preparing for Disarmament

IN FRANCE, Germany, Great Britain and other European countries a remarkable campaign in favor of disarmament has begun. The British Foreign Secretary, Arthur Henderson, has led the way, addressing himself indeed not merely to a British audience but to a continental audience, not merely to foreign officials but to the great masses. For, as he well sees, the success of the disarmament conference to be held next February will depend not so much on the representatives of the various nations as on the force of public opinion behind them.

Undoubtedly, there is a great body of feeling in favor of disarmament, but how far it is conscious of itself, how far it can become articulate, how far it can exert pressure on the governments is debatable. With many, the sentiment is vague and expresses itself only in the most general terms. But during the coming year it is necessary, if the disarmament conference is to accomplish real work, that this widespread sentiment should not remain passive but should become active. It must first be stirred up by the leaders in order that it may strengthen their hands.

Thus Viscount Cecil, writing in the Berliner Boersen-Courier, lays the greatest stress on public opinion. Constitutional difficulties would doubtless prevent a general referendum; but he proposes that a number of questions should be put as directly and to as large a number of persons as possible. These questions, abbreviated, are:

1. Are you willing that your children now at school shall be killed or mutilated because certain groups of states would solve their problems by the use of arms?
2. Are you satisfied that the nations should spend 14,000,000 gold marks a day for armaments while there is unemployment and misery?
3. Are you disposed to insist that your Government shall settle international discussions by pacific means?

The draft convention drawn up by the Preparatory Disarmament Commission should not be regarded as a solution of the problem of disarmament. It is merely a framework into which the disarmament conference in February, 1932, hopes to fit definite figures. Everybody is in agreement on the desirability of disarmament. But when it comes to putting down figures, most of the statesmen display a caution that is probably excessive. A will disarm if B will give more solid assurances than have yet been given, or that perhaps can be given, of its peaceful intentions; and B will disarm if it can be certain of the designs of A. This kind of affirmation is made over and over again, and there is a tendency to continue in a vicious circle.

One nation says that security must precede disarmament, and refuses to regard disarmament as an element of security. Another nation considers that it has already disarmed, or has been disarmed, sufficiently, and declares that if the others do not disarm to its level it will re-arm to their level. A typical statement, actually taken from a leading European newspaper, is as follows:

> Disarmament, effected in bad conditions, whose principal result would be to render proportionally stronger other powers, which, above all, desire to profit by the weakness of the countries which would stabilize the existing Europe, and recover their predominant position of 1914, would have, in reality, the most disastrous consequences. The campaign against the treaties makes the situation extremely delicate.

It is obvious that if the discussion continually revolves around the supposed danger to this or that country in the event of disarmament, no substantial progress will be possible.

It is for the peoples, therefore, to make it clear that they are not the perpetual victims of fear; and that the real danger lies precisely in the maintenance of armaments in the expectation of attacks that are, in some sense, invited by the constant struggle to obtain and maintain superiority over their neighbors. For those neighbors, on their side, are alarmed at this superiority, and will not cease to strain every effort to overcome it.

The questions of Lord Cecil are pertinent. Do the peoples wish to spend money like water on armaments which are likely to provoke strife, or do they wish to rely on pacific means of settling international disputes? The choice is before them, and it must be made during the coming year. No pains should be spared in the next few months to put the issues clearly, and to insure the success of the disarmament conference of 1932.

Turkey, Opium and the Padlock

THE Turkish Government is to be congratulated on its decision to padlock the three drug factories which have recently sprung up in Istanbul. That this welcome step has not been taken sooner is apparently due, at least in part, to Turkey's desire to obtain a better price for its raw opium, of which it is probably the fourth largest producer in the world, and to the difficulty of finding a substitute crop for the indigent peasants of Anatolia. But it has been established beyond reasonable doubt that the whole of the Istanbul output went into the illicit traffic. Turkey's capitulation is therefore not only a graceful act, but bears striking testimony to the growing strength of world public opinion on the subject of habit-forming drugs.

Statistics received by the Central Opium Board at Geneva show that during the last three or four years there has been a steady fall in the amount of illicit narcotics sent out from Germany, France and Switzerland, formerly chief European centers of the traffic. The reduction, however, has been at least counterbalanced by the growing Turkish output, while the Japanese authorities have seemed unable to bring under control the abnormal quantities of both cocaine and opium derivatives which continue to be captured in all parts of the world despite the fact that officially Japan does not export habit-forming drugs in commercial quantities. If the example of Turkey were to fire Japan to generous emulation, it would be a form of flattery highly to be commended. At present many of the Japanese manufacturers appear to flout the regulations with impunity. They would be more cautious if they knew that the next consignment of their drugs caught in the illicit traffic would cause their factory to be closed unless they were able to give a satisfactory explanation.

Meanwhile, however, it is good to be able to record that there is a growing sense of interdependence between the nations in their fight against narcotic drugs. The problem is so essentially an international one that its solution can be found only by world-wide coöperation. The method by which the traffickers are brought under control is really a secondary matter. The urgent need is for official good will and vigor in applying whatever measures are decided upon. With lax administration of the law even the most water-tight regulations are useless. It is this condition that has hampered the task of repression in the past, and still hampers it, though happily to a steadily decreasing extent.

How Valuable Is the Educated Voter?

GENERALLY speaking, qualifications for voting are more or less uniform throughout the western world, yet most countries have an occasional peculiar feature in their franchise laws which distinguishes them from their fellow nations. The United States sets an elementary education test; Spain withholds the vote from men under twenty-five; Russia enfranchises only productive workers; and Great Britain permits property owners and graduates of universities to exercise two votes instead of the customary one. Britain, however, is likely to lose this latter peculiarity in the near future, for the contemplated Electoral Reform Bill includes a provision for the abolition of the university seats.

The property qualification, which also is to be taken away, will probably find comparatively few defenders; but many will regret the passing of the university franchise. It is one of democracy's firmest convictions that every adult man and woman is entitled to a vote; but, as John Stuart Mill emphasized, a vote for everyone does not necessarily mean that everyone shall have one vote only.

Mill felt that education is so important a factor in the wise casting of votes that the country would be politically benefited if the opinion of highly educated men and women were weighted by giving to university graduates two representatives instead of the usual one. The existence of separate university seats at Oxford, Cambridge, London, and the provincial universities may be considered as a recognition of the undoubted fact that the casting of a vote is a duty that is the better performed according to the degree of intelligence and education that is brought to bear upon it.

It is also urged in favor of the university franchise that it finds seats in Parliament for candidates of outstanding abilities who would be unwilling for a variety of reasons to endure the turmoil of an ordinary election. These reasons are strong enough to make a good case for maintaining the present situation; yet it must be admitted that there is, from a practical rather than a theoretical point of view, much to be said on the other side.

In theory, university graduates ought to display much greater wisdom in the selection of their representatives than does the ordinary public; in practice they do not. Oxford, for example, though it can point with pride to Lord Hugh Cecil, has rejected Prof. Gilbert Murray with as much firmness and regularity as the least enlightened constituency in the kingdom could have shown. As yet, economic background rather than rational thought seems to be the chief factor in the voter's make-up. While this remains so, and until education is equally available to all classes, the university seats can hardly fulfill their purpose.

Jewels, Earthy and Ethereal

SOME visitors to the Persian exhibition in London are said to be disappointed with the Shah's jewels. The huge rubies and emeralds cunningly protected by an invisible ray, a device which would have fitted admirably into the tales of the Arabian Nights, fail, it seems, to make an impression on the most romantic. Seeking eagerly to satisfy his curiosity about these far-famed stones which figured in such wonderful stories composed in the bazaars of ancient Araby, the Western reader whom these stories never fail to enchant remains strangely unmoved.

Red and green stones, they appear to him stripped of all magic, less exciting than a many-hued pebble on the seashore. But a glass case is hardly the place where rich gems show up at their best. Amid the pomp of an Oriental court, hung on a turban of rich cloth or round the neck of an austere potentate, these crown jewels must have appeared, to those who were permitted to admire them, in a different light. In the Arabian Nights these

> . . . rich rubies blushing through
> A pure smooth pearl, and orient, too,

are not divorced from their proper surroundings.

Nor are the insubstantial gems with which poets are fond of embroidering their verses out of place. They may be used just for the beauty of their names, their rare value thus helping to enrich an image otherwise pale and insignificant, or they may be used to add greater luster to the object of the poet's admiration:

> No part besides must of thy selfe be known,
> But by the topaz, opal, calcedon . . .

Outside their proper sphere, however, gems attract merely because of their great monetary value, an attraction that unfortunately contains in itself the seeds of vulgarization. It may be wondered whether a ruby, or an emerald, or a diamond, or a fine pearl would be so greatly esteemed if it could be picked up in any street. Moralists, indeed, are fond of pointing to the futility of so high a valuation of mere freaks among natural phenomena. And there is much truth and wisdom in the sermons of these moralists.

Yet one cannot help feeling that the world would be a poorer place in more than one sense of the word if there were not gems in it to toy with even in imagination. To admire the rare is a strong human instinct. To attach money values to the rare is a different matter: it does not exalt these instincts; it degrades them. In its right setting, whether in poetry or in human life, who does not admire a jewel?

Taxpaying Made Easy

PAYING taxes is to be made easier for the property owners of Knoxville, Tenn. The method devised will keep a steady flow of revenues coming into the city treasury and yet the drain on the taxpayer is to be lightened by allowing him to pay in quarterly installments.

To those who are able to pay all of their assessment in advance a discount is to be granted, but since economists estimate that from 60 to 75 per cent of taxes are paid by borrowing money it can be expected that there will be many at Knoxville who will avail themselves of the installment option.

Tremendous wastage is involved in delayed payment of taxes. The amounts added to the tax bills themselves by penalties for not making payment within the prescribed time limit and the interest on loans runs into large sums yearly.

But it may be that the Knoxville plan does not go far enough. Why cannot the tax payment be divided into twelve installments and thus be made increasingly easy? Then taxes would be met in the same manner as the monthly telephone, lighting and gas bills. Perhaps banks could be designated in various parts of the city for convenience in payment.

As a start, however, the Knoxville method seems to be advantageous from many standpoints. Tax clubs have attracted considerable favor, and savings accounts for tax purposes are also workable for those who are able to save systematically, but the installment plan of meeting taxes at definite dates appears especially sound. Taxpaying made easy—that is a consummation devoutly to be wished.

The Heath Hen on Conservation

FROM his cover amidst the scrub oaks of Martha's Vineyard the lone surviving Heath Hen eyed an emissary of the fast diminishing Bob White family with inquisitive glance. His head cocked on the side and bright eyes alert, he clucked a respectful greeting.

"Welcome to the sanctuary, Bob," he seemed to say. "What can I do for you?"

The visitor tossed a pair of quizzical notes high into the air, listened for their echo, and then voiced a series of repetitions.

"Ah," replied the Heath Hen in its own language, "your friends? Well, old fellow, I've not seen them. Fact is, you chaps are becoming so scarce I've been wondering if you are getting ready to follow me into the land of memory."

"Looks *bad!*" admitted the visitor cheerfully, still sticking to its two familiar notes. "We *thought*—ere *now*—the *law*—would *give*—us *time*—to *build*—our *ranks*."

It scratched a damp acorn from the soil and tentatively pecked at it. Then: "Too *slow!* Too *slow!*" it commented.

"Don't tell me," cackled the Heath Hen. "I know! Why, brother, time was when my family fairly overran the whole seaboard hereabouts. Then came the gunners, more and more every year, until today I'm the rarest game bird extant. You're right, the law's too slow."

"Too *bad!*" sympathized Bob White.

"Oh, as to that, I don't mind nearly as much as they do. I'll say this for 'em. When they woke up to the fact that my race was doomed they acted fast enough."

"Too *late*. Too *late*," commented the visitor.

"Exactly!" agreed the Heath Hen. "Rather amusing, too, from one point of view, the way these so-called sportsmen still seek conservation with a bag of cracked corn in one hand and a gun in the other. One would think that the extermination of the passenger pigeon, and my own family, as well as other game which formerly abounded in America, would furnish an object lesson strong enough to convince the present army of nearly 7,000,000 gunners that conservation to be effective has to begin while game is still plentiful."

"What *can*—be *done?*" inquired Bob White brightly.

"Humph," said the Heath Hen, "plenty! Right now the McNary-Haugen bag-limit bill is before Congress, and conservationists led by Dr. W. T. Hornaday, whose warnings have proved sound many times, are asking that it be amended to abolish baiting and live decoys and to shorten the hunting seasons. Therefore, friend Bob, the hope of your species as well as of duck, geese and other game lies with Congress."

"Will *Con*—gress *act?*" asked the visitor

"Ask me something easy," replied the lone surviving Heath Hen. "It probably will if enough friends of the birds write their senators and representatives."

A twig cracked in the distance, whereupon the Heath Hen ceased clucking and scuttled off into the underbrush while the visitor perked up its head and sent a pleading call echoing over the waters of the sound.

"Bob *White!*" it whistled. "Bob *White!*" Which may be interpreted to mean: "Act *now!* Act *now!*"

Editorial Notes

Tests at the Bureau of Standards show that there is more wind resistance in an open car when the top and windshield are down. This does not mean, however, that motorists should put them up so as to be enabled to travel a bit faster at top speed.

Legislation by forty-eight states this year will cost $15,000,000, a news agency has estimated, but taxpayers are more concerned about what they will pay next year as a result of the new laws.

In raising railroad passenger rates to discourage travel and thus relieve congestion so that freight movements may be speeded up, Russia seems to have taken the horns by the bull.

Hong Kong, More British Than the British

STANDING at night on "The Peak," above the city of Victoria, capital of Hong Kong Colony, you look down into a black bowl scintillant with stars.

At your feet—1000 feet below—the city lights curve like a scimitar of diamonds, and the shipping blazes with jewels—topaz, emeralds and rubies. Beyond, flickering Kowloong fades into the dim horizon to join the stars, and then the canopy overhead, a velvet blue, with pin pricks of silver, seems alive in the tropic night and comes down to mingle with window lights of a hundred villas hung, like bird cages, on craggy knolls and mountain tops.

Hong Kong, an outpost of England—"More British than the British"—floating in a crystal ocean, welcomes the tourist, and if you are one of the "elect," offers an unmatched hospitality.

When you steam slowly through the Ly-ee-mun pass, green-forested hills stretch out their arms to encircle you. By the time you drop anchor, the entrance has become invisible, and you cannot discover how you entered the harbor.

Before you, Victoria stretches five miles along the shore, building up, tier on tier, to a flagpole on a signal hill 1800 feet above.

Yellow and white stuccoed banks and business houses crowd the foreshore and run back a few streets, and then residences mount toward the Peak district. Steep streets with wide stone steps climb from level to level, long-ramped roadways draw diagonal designs across the hillsides, and deep ravines, filled with exotic shrubs and fronded tree ferns, split the residences into separate groups.

* * *

What type of people inhabit this semitropic section? First, the Colonial Government; His Excellency the Governor, crown representative of the King, supported by a Colonial Secretary, Treasurer, Attorney-General, Secretary of Chinese Affairs, Director of Public Works, Captain Superintendent of Police, Harbor Master, sundry minor officials, and a Legislative Council.

Second, the general commanding the forces charged with defense of the colony and his entourage.

Third, the foreign consuls from all important countries of the world.

Following these—the ex-officio socially elect—come the heads of the banking institutions and the Taipans of the "Princely Hongs," who mix, more or less, with the official world and join in their festivities.

Caste throws a blanket of invisibility over the remainder of the colony's inhabitants—the large retail merchants, minor employees of business, the 16,500 "foreigners" of half a hundred nationalities, and 1,000,000 Chinese who, through local birth, have acquired British nationality.

What do they do? They govern, protect and conduct the business of a busy city which, in point of tonnage, is one of the largest shipping ports in the world. This is the meeting place of the sailor folk of the Orient, with a large annual trade in cotton, sugar, salt, flour, woolen and cotton goods, yarn, matches, metals, earthenware, vegetables, stone and strange products like amber, ivory, sandalwood and betel.

Besides its great tourist trade, it carries on an enormous transit passenger traffic of Chinese, coming and going to and from the Canton delta, the Straits Settlements, Borneo, Dutch Indies, the Philippines, Siam and Indo-China.

* * *

What will the tourist see? A British garrison town—Gibraltar, or Malta, increased to the *n*th degree—troops drilling on picturesque parade grounds, army and navy bands playing in tropic gardens, naval vessels from all the world fraternizing in a seemingly landlocked bay, and, to those well introduced, the unapproachable hospitality of the British Army, Navy and Colonial Government. Far from London, it opens its arms to people of its own kind, waiting, with ears attuned and hearts palpitant, for the latest news of Downing Street, Piccadilly, Mayfair, Pennsylvania Avenue, Broadway and the Rue de la Paix.

Invited to "Government House" (and in pronouncing this accentuate the *house* instead of the *government*) you will be received with the éclat and ceremony of Buckingham Palace. The Governor awaits your coming with a hospitable heart but a great sense of dignity, and you will be conducted to the drawing-room by an A. D. C.—in evening dress with the lapels of his coat faced with pale blue satin.

When all the guests have congregated, the orchestra's "God Save the King" signals His Excellency's entrance and, with the "Lady of Honor" on his arm, he will head the promenade to the dining room.

You have been advised beforehand whom you will conduct to the table, the A. D. C.'s decision having been reached after careful consideration of your relative rank with others present. With quiet efficiency, delectable foods will be served you. Steamships of all the world have brought them to port, for nothing edible is produced in the Colony except fresh salads and strawberries grown in the Governor's exotic gardens.

After dinner you will be suitably entertained. Possibly, even, if it is a gala occasion, some of the Indian troops will perform native dances in the gardens under a brilliant moon.

If it happens to be St. George's night, a society specially organized for the celebration will hold a ball at the Town Hall, or better, if it is St. Andrew's night, the Scots will hold forth.

* * *

Hong Kong lives from day to day. Its residents serve their time, waiting anxiously for periods of leave, so that they can return to the beloved country which they speak of with bated breath as "home."

Residing in Hong Kong you make your selection of one of three places. The lower level, where houses run up to 500 feet above the Chinese streets; at the Peak, 10 degrees cooler than down below, but often enveloped for days in impenetrable fogs; or across the harbor at Kowloong. Whichever you select you will wish you were in the other place, for you will be entertained in each section and find yourself spending much time going up, or down, the Peak tramway, or on launches, dashing across the water to dinner on one of the visiting men-of-war, or at some house in Kowloong.

If you are keen on walking—and the British are strong on this—you climb from hill to hill by finely kept roads or footpaths, or ride to the Peak by a cable tramway, where one car goes up as the other comes down and runs on so steep a grade that an optical illusion occurs, and all the houses appear to be tipping over—a city of leaning towers.

Another walk is over the hills to Tytam Tuk, a fishing village nestling among the trees where a purling stream runs down to meet the sea. A motor-car will take you there as well.

* * *

Four golf courses are available, and at the Governor's private links, on the Peak, you can drive over a chasm where if you miss, your ball drops 1000 feet. There are clubs for cricket, football, tennis, polo, hockey, swimming, yachting, rowing and other athletic sports. Gymkhanas and other meetings are held on the race course, and in the summer bathing parties frequent the deep coves in and around the harbor.

If you are interested in history you will visit the cave at Kowloong where in 1287 the Emperor Sung, flying from the hordes of Kublai Khan, took refuge. Only a rough hole in the rocks, but bearing above its door the carved inscription, "The Pavilion of the Emperor of the Sungs."

Eleven miles long, 2 to 5 miles wide, 27 miles in circumference, the island is a broken ridge of lofty hills, with few valleys and practically no tillable land, other than the gardens about the villas. Water is collected in rain reservoirs.

A half-dozen palatial clubs are crowded nightly from 6 to 8 o'clock, and in the afternoon the Ladies' Recreation Ground, with its tennis courts and croquet ground—halfway up the hillside toward the Peak—is the center of social life, a membership therein being a guarantee of social standing.

Hong Kong has a hundred interests for the traveler nomading in the Far East. For the resident it offers a life of ease and luxury, and to those it takes to its heart hospitality unapproachable anywhere east of Suez.

With it all the community is British to the core and carries its traditions to the extremes of insularity.

W. T. G.

Letters to The Christian Science Monitor

Brief communications are welcomed, but The Christian Science Monitor Editorial Board must remain sole judge of their suitability, and this Board does not hold itself or this newspaper responsible for the facts or opinions presented. Anonymous letters are destroyed unread

The Good Name of the Pilgrims

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

There is today a growing tendency to decry Puritanism. Usually, of course, it is done ignorantly, the detractor using certain parrot-like generalities which should never delude the intelligent and informed reader. However, many of those who attack Puritanism forget, or deliberately ignore, the fact that they bask in the benefits of countless institutions and customs founded by the Puritans and their contemporaries. These institutions, unique in America, are the fruit of the wisdom and vision of the Puritans and Pilgrims—the latter being the branch of the English Nonconformists who went first to Holland, then to the New World, in search of religious toleration.

The Mayflower and other frail vessels brought hundreds of them to America in the early seventeenth century. The people were beginning to think for themselves, and, as a result, many hungered for escape to some promised land where they could set up a simpler Christianity. The New World provided such a setting. And, considering the gross injustices which they had witnessed in the name of religion, one can hardly wonder if, for a time, the pendulum swung too far in the other direction. They went into a savage wilderness "with a Bible in one hand and an ax in the other," and carved out a magnificent civilization. Could their present-day detractors do as much?

An impartial study will reveal that the Puritans were probably the best of the early pioneers, which places them indeed high, inasmuch as most of the pioneers were of sturdy stock. Where, then, do these slurs and innuendoes—promulgated only in recent years—originate?

Those of us who are the proud descendants of the Pilgrims welcome a recent movement, reported in the columns of the Monitor, founded to preserve and protect the good name of the Pilgrims. This is a step in the right direction, and we hope it will bear much fruit. SYLVIA P. MAYNARD.

New Orleans, La.

Pantomime Versus the Talkies

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

The interesting editorial in a recent issue of The Christian Science Monitor, entitled "The Talkies and Mr. Chaplin's Whistle," encourages me to send in a little opinion of my own on this subject, or rather, one might say, on "The Talkies and the Pantomimist's Art."

Mr. Chaplin's art being so entirely that of the pantomime, the subtle, elfin quality which is his needs nothing so definite as speech to elucidate its meaning. Audible words for such an art are only an unnecessary interruption.

I wonder if any of the many admirers of Harold Lloyd have heard expressed the disappointment found in his pictures since he entered the "talkie" field? The excruciatingly funny "Harold," with expressive countenance depicting all sorts of emotions, is now only an exponent of rather banal jokes since he has become "audible," if one may use the expression.

I wonder if others agree regarding these two artists who, while dissimilar, are in a way in a field all their own. That is, they were. Mr. Chaplin has been wise enough not to step out of his domain. (MRS.) H. HAMMERSMITH.

Milwaukee, Wis.

For the Children of Porto Rico

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

I am appealing to you on behalf of your fellow American citizens here on the Island of Porto Rico. A survey made at the request of President Hoover disclosed the startling fact that 200,000 of our children are seriously undernourished—many slowly starving.

Were I asked, "Must help be given Porto Rico continuously?" I would answer most emphatically, "No." The Porto Ricans are not beggars. They are the product of the old Spanish stock, very self-reliant and hard workers. All they ask is a chance. We are working out a plan of economic rehabilitation.

I do not hesitate to ask your aid because the work already accomplished proves conclusively that the children can be saved. Our child feeding has already reduced child mortality on the island 20 per cent.

Our immediate problem, and a grim one, is this: In addition to the infant feeding, 42,000 children are being given supplemental meals in the public schools. Our last year's funds are exhausted.

Checks should be made payable to the Porto Rico Child Feeding Committee and mailed to the Office of the Treasurer, 450 Seventh Avenue, New York City.

San Juan, P. R. THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Mirror of World Opinion

The opinions expressed in the quotations hereunder do not carry necessarily the indorsement of the Monitor.

Lifting the Late-Comer

MAKING my way to a theater seat in the middle of a row the other night, it was inevitable that I should incommode many people already seated. I was very polite about it. So were they. We all made the best of a bad job. But have our architects no ingenuity? In none of the new theaters recently opened has this problem been seriously tackled.

Nevertheless, I conceive that in the theater of the future all this squeezing and squashing and beg-pardoning and not-at-alling will be obviated by a simple device of lifts, all the stalls, when the doors officially open, being underneath the auditorium. The playgoer will then be shown into his subterranean seat and elevated noiselessly to the ground floor, hats, coats, etc., being already removed and tucked (if you are anti-cloakroom) underneath. And thus people will be able to arrive as late as they like without creating any commotion.

They will also be able to leave the theater noiselessly in the middle of an act merely by pressing a button—a tremendous boon, this.—*London Graphic*